



August 23, 2023

Mr. Vito Colonna
Connorstone Engineering, Inc.
10 Southwest Cutoff
Northborough, MA 01532

**Re: Invasive Plant Protocol
502 Concord Road, Sudbury**

Dear Mr. Colonna:

The proposed invasive protocol, herein described, is intended to manage invasive species on site. The proposed invasive management area consists of multiple areas and individual plants onsite, some of which occur within the previously flagged wetland.

Existing Conditions:

The invasive plant community within and outside the BVW is shown on Figure 1. There are multiple thickets composed of ~500 Sq Ft of Asiatic bittersweet (*Celastrus orbiculatus*); ~1,200 Sq Ft of garlic mustard (*Alliaria petiolate*), ~600 Sq Ft of common reed (*Phragmites australis*), and ~854 Sq Ft and glossy buckthorn (*Frangula alnus*).

Invasive Species Removal Protocol

To remove invasive plants a combination of hand-pulling, mechanical and selective herbicide treatment using a backpack sprayer is recommended. The herbicide applicator shall use a combination of backpack sprayer (Lesco 4 Ester, 2-3 oz. per gallon of water for bittersweet: foliar) for bittersweet, garlic mustard, and glossy buckthorn and a stem applicator containing a glyphosate-based herbicide (Prosecutor Pro, 100%). For the common reed, the applicator shall use a backpack sprayer with glyphosate-based herbicide (Prosecutor Pro, 2-3 oz per gallon) for buckthorn and bittersweet (2-3 oz per gallon). Hand-pulling/mechanical is recommended for garlic mustard in the spring BEFORE it goes to seed (usually early May). All plants shall be bagged and disposed of appropriately. Appropriate PPE should be used at all times.

Foliar spraying will only be conducted with calm, dry conditions and completed by the end of September while cut/stem may continue into November. All herbicide treatments must be applied by a licensed applicator.

This invasive management protocol must be approved by the Sudbury Conservation Commission before proceeding.

Monitoring and Management Thresholds:

Unless the Applicator is also a wetland scientist, a qualified wetland scientist will oversee the invasive removal work and provide monitoring reports for two growing seasons. Invasive plant management shall be considered successful upon reaching a threshold of 10% or less cover invasive plant species within the treatment areas.

Replanting:

Following the first year of invasive plant management efforts, a report detailing progress shall provide recommendations including planting patches of native shrubs or applying seed mix. We anticipate replanting as needed to revegetate those areas which do not naturally revegetate with native species over the course of the first year. The area of invasive removal will be assessed after treatment activities. The final number of specimens to be planted, and species composition, will depend upon if devoid areas exist after treatment, and after review and approval by the Sudbury Conservation Commission.

Sincerely,



Kyle Cormier
Environmental Scientist II

Encs.

Photographs

Figure (Invasive Plant Areas)

Photographs



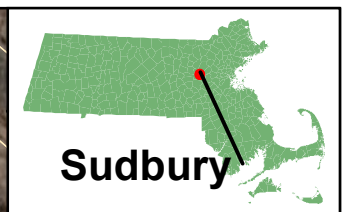
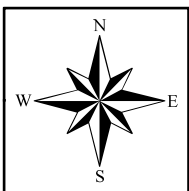
Photos 1 & 2: Common Reed



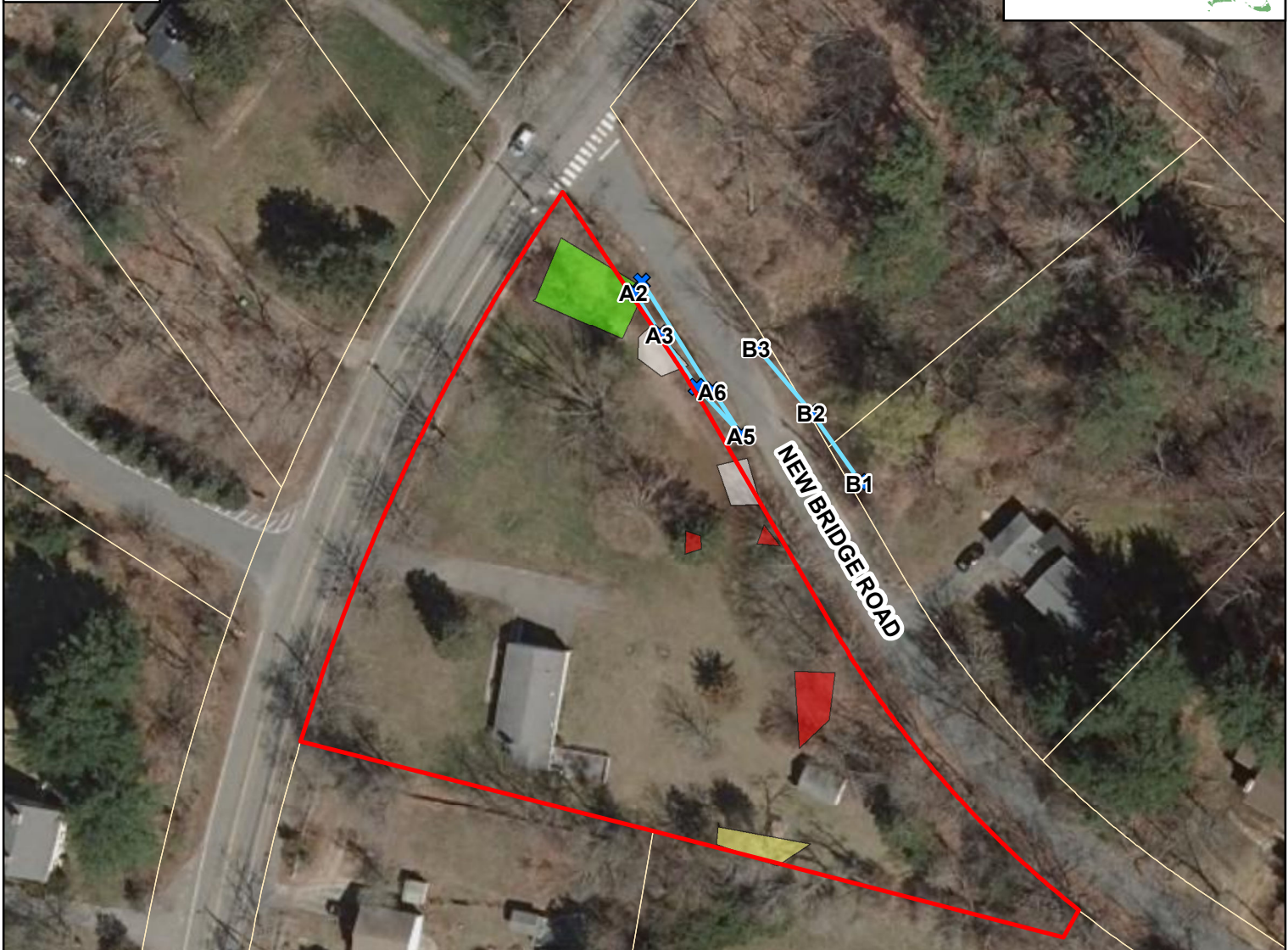
Photo 3: Glossy Buckthorn



Photo 4: Glossy Buckthorn & Bittersweet



Sudbury



Legend

- Site
- Wetland Flags
- Wetland Line
- Sudbury Parcels

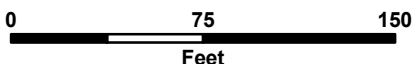
Invasive Areas

- Bittersweet
- Common Reed
- Garlic Mustard
- Glossy Buckthorn / Bittersweet



1:900

1 inch = 75 feet



2021 Orthophoto
502 Concord Rd
Sudbury, MA
August 15, 2023

Stormwater Management Documentation

502 Concord Road
Sudbury, Massachusetts

May 18, 2023
Revised September 18, 2023

Prepared by:
Connorstone Engineering, Inc.
121 Boston Post Road
Sudbury, MA

The purpose of this analysis is to summarize the design calculations, and design a stormwater management system in accordance with the Sudbury Stormwater Management Bylaw and Massachusetts DEP Stormwater Management Standards.

Site Description

Location: The site consists of a 1.2 acre lot located at 502 Concord Road, and is at the corner with New Bridge Road. Abutters to the south include a single family home on Concord Road and the Town of Sudbury (Nixon School).

Project Area: Approximately 1.2 acres (51,538 square feet)

Zoning District: Residence C-2

Assessors Map / Parcel: Map F10, Parcel 31

Site Conditions: The site is currently developed as a single family home, and contains a 1,250 sq. ft. building, driveway, shed, and lawn areas. The overall existing impervious surface area is 3,570 square feet. Areas along the rear perimeter are undeveloped and wooded.

Site Topography: The site slopes from the south property line to the northerly property line and a drainage swale (regulated as wetlands) and 12-inch culvert under New Bridge Road. Elevations range from 180 along the south property line to 166 - 164 along New Bridge Road.

Wetland Resource Areas: Wetland resource areas have been delineated to the northeast of site including a drainage swale (regulated as wetlands) along the project side of New Bridge Road, which flows through a 12-inch culvert under New Bridge Road to a larger wetland complex. The Natural Heritage and Endangered Species Program (NHESP) has not identified any areas on-site as lying within the reported Priority or Estimated Habitat Areas, and the site is not located within any flood hazard zones based upon the current Town of Sudbury Flood Insurance Rate Map. The delineation was provided by Oxbow Associates.

Soil Conditions: Soil test was performed on-site for design of the septic system and stormwater management system. The testing showed a highly permeable sandy substratum with variable depth to groundwater ranging from greater than 135 inches to 52 inches below grade. Permeability testing was performed in the location of the drywell and found an exfiltration rate of 30 inches per hour (see attached testing results).

Proposed Project Summary

Proposed Use: The project consists of a proposed School Building. The work will include demolition of the existing building and construction of a new 7,767 sq. ft. building along with access driveways, 35 parking spaces, and required utilities and infrastructure. The site driveway layout includes an entrance off Concord Road, then routing past the building and exiting onto New Bridge Road. The building will be connected to the public water, gas, and electric from Concord Road and the existing septic system would be replaced and upgraded for the proposed use. The work will result in a total post development impervious area of 29,100 square feet, or an increase of 25,530 sq. ft.

Stormwater Management

Existing Conditions: Under the existing conditions, surface runoff from the site flows unmitigated overland to the north property line to the swale (wetland) and culvert leading under New Bridge Road.

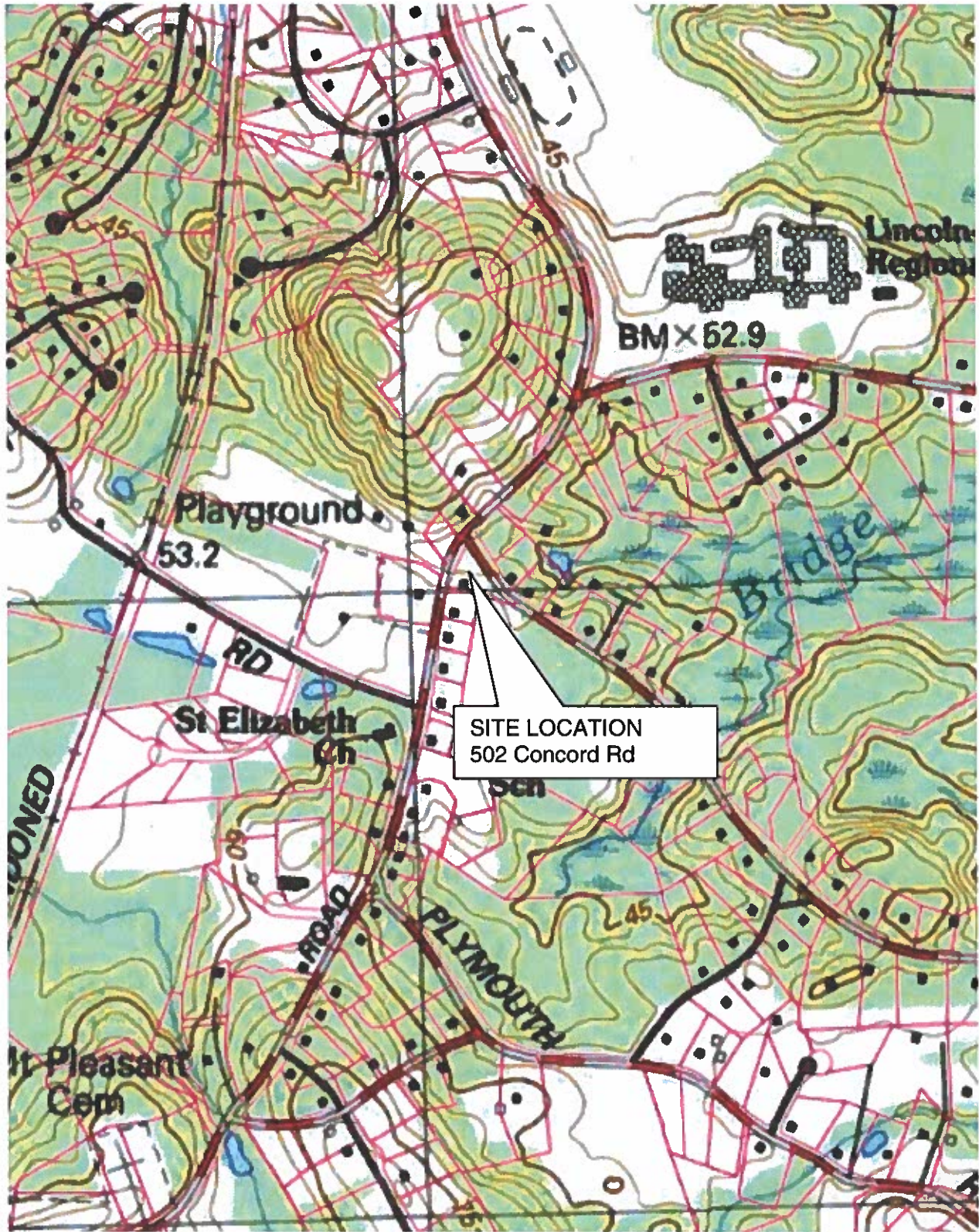
Off-site Areas: An upgradient area of approximately 45,200 square feet flows onto the site, and was included within the drainage analysis. This area includes the rear half of the abutting residential lot and green space associated with Nixon School.

Proposed Conditions: A proposed drainage system has been provided in compliance with the MassDEP Stormwater Standards to mitigate potential stormwater impacts due to the proposed development. The proposed stormwater management system includes a large subsurface drywell under the parking areas to provide final treatment, detention, and groundwater recharge. Pretreatment of the paved parking areas prior to the drywell has been provided through a water quality structure (CDS structure). This structure would remove both sediment (TSS) and floatables (Hydrocarbons). The overall system would remove 96% of the annual total suspended solids and result in a net decrease in the rate of runoff leaving the site.

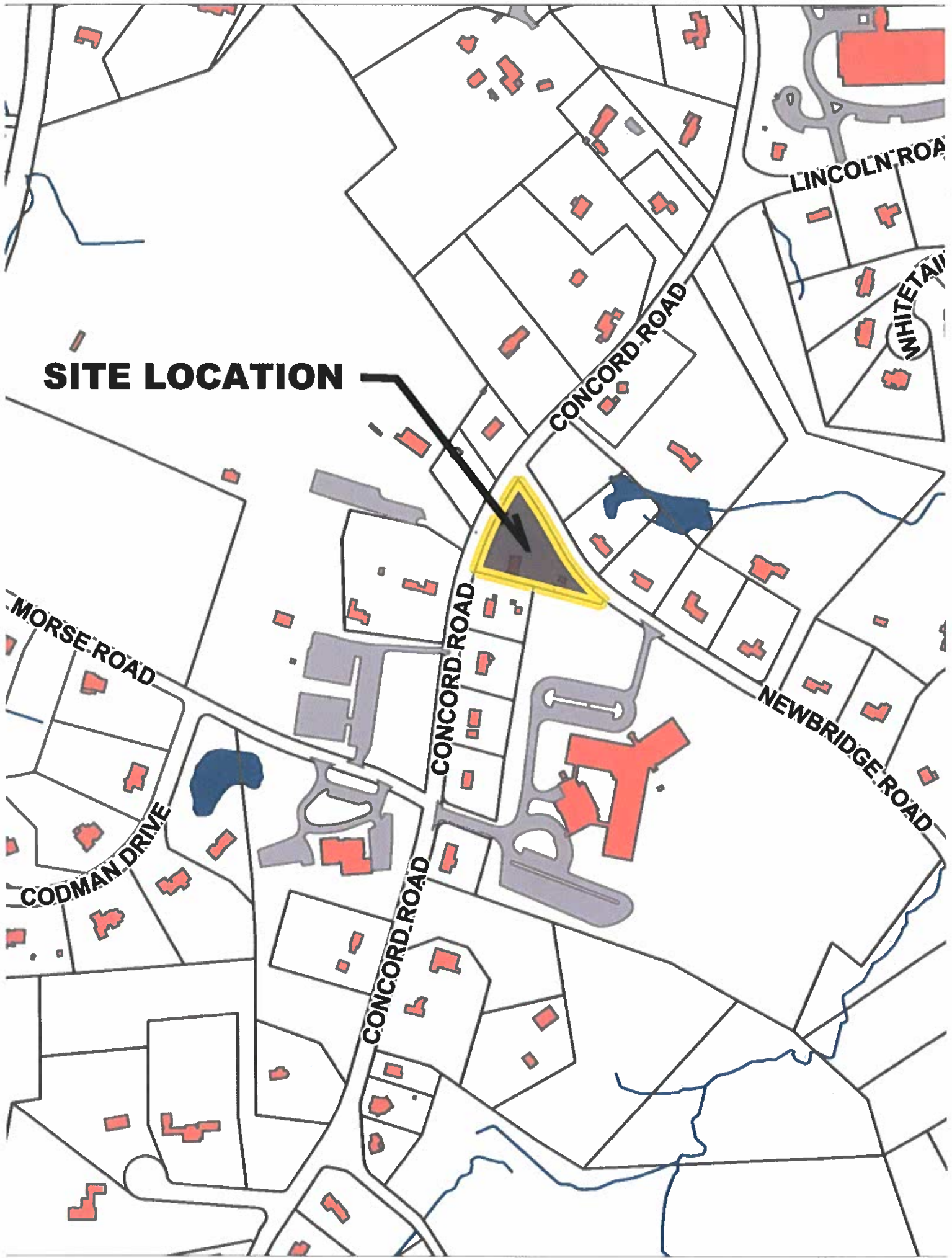
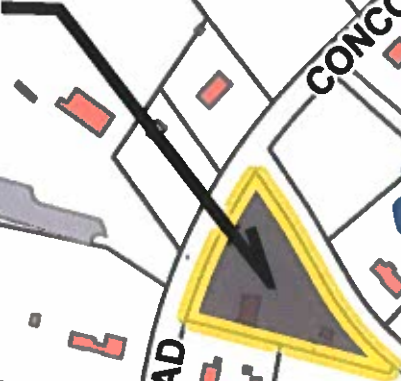
A secondary analysis of the offsite culvert under New Bridge Road was also performed to verify the project would not result in any increase to off-site flooding or impacts to New Bridge Road.

Additional information for each of the MassDEP Stormwater Standards has been provided in this report.

LOCUS MAP – USGS Mapping



SITE LOCATION





Checklist for Stormwater Report

B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Long-term Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.

Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature



[Handwritten Signature]
Signature and Date 5/18/23
Revised 9/18/25 (VC)

Checklist

Project Type: Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?

- New development
- Redevelopment
- Mix of New Development and Redevelopment



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

LID Measures: Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:

- No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas
- Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)
- Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)
- Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs
- LID Site Design Credit Requested:
 - Credit 1
 - Credit 2
 - Credit 3
- Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe
- Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)
- Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)
- Treebox Filter
- Water Quality Swale
- Grass Channel
- Green Roof
- Other (describe): _____

Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

- No new untreated discharges
- Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
- Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

- Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding.
- Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm.
- Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24-hour storm.

Standard 3: Recharge

- Soil Analysis provided.
- Required Recharge Volume calculation provided.
- Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used.
 - Static
 - Simple Dynamic
 - Dynamic Field¹
- Runoff from all impervious areas at the site discharging to the infiltration BMP.
- Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume.
- Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume.
- Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume *only* to the maximum extent practicable for the following reason:
 - Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface
 - M.G.L. c. 21E sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.0000
 - Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000
 - Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable.
- Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.
- Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

¹ 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 3: Recharge (continued)

- The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10-year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.
- Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.

Standard 4: Water Quality

The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following:

- Good housekeeping practices;
 - Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover;
 - Vehicle washing controls;
 - Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs;
 - Spill prevention and response plans;
 - Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas;
 - Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides;
 - Pet waste management provisions;
 - Provisions for operation and management of septic systems;
 - Provisions for solid waste management;
 - Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas;
 - Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions;
 - Street sweeping schedules;
 - Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system;
 - Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL;
 - Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan;
 - List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent.
 - Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
 - is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
 - is near or to other critical areas
 - is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
 - involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.
 - The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
 - Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 4: Water Quality (continued)

- The BMP is sized (and calculations provided) based on:
 - The $\frac{1}{2}$ " or 1" Water Quality Volume or
 - The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.
- The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying performance of the proprietary BMPs.
- A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.

Standard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)

- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report.
- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted *prior* to the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs.
- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does *not* cover the land use.
- LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- All exposure has been eliminated.
- All exposure has *not* been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.
- The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.

Standard 6: Critical Areas

- The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.
- Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

- The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:
 - Limited Project
 - Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area.
 - Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area
 - Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
 - Bike Path and/or Foot Path
 - Redevelopment Project
 - Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
- Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report.
- The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
 - Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
 - Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
 - Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
 - Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
 - Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
 - Vegetation Planning;
 - Site Development Plan;
 - Construction Sequencing Plan;
 - Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
 - Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
 - Inspection Schedule;
 - Maintenance Schedule;
 - Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.
- A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



Checklist for Stormwater Report

Checklist (continued)

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control (continued)

- The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control has *not* been included in the Stormwater Report but will be submitted *before* land disturbance begins.
- The project is *not* covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.

Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan

- The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and includes the following information:
 - Name of the stormwater management system owners;
 - Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
 - Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
 - Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
 - Description and delineation of public safety features;
 - Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
 - Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
- The responsible party is *not* the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
 - A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
 - A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.

Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

- The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
- An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
- NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted *prior to* the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.

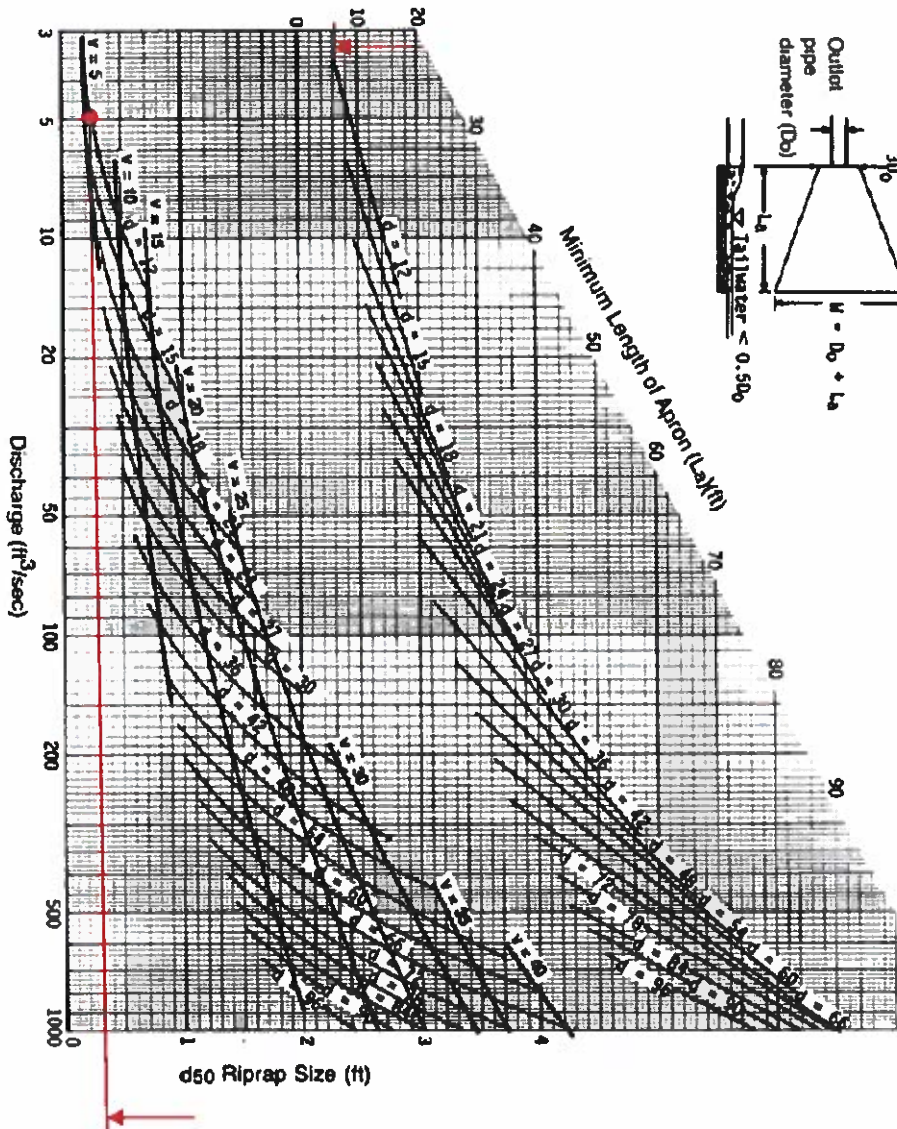
MA D.E.P. STORMWATER STANDARDS

Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

There are two new treated discharges to the area subject to protection or the 100 foot buffer zone. An overflow for the subsurface drainage system is proposed and an outlet to direct upland flow away from the building.

Pipe Point Discharge Design:

1. Stormwater Discharge Velocity:
12" FE-1: $Q_{100 \text{ year}} = 2.1 \text{ cfs} / V_{100 \text{ year}} = 3.0 \text{ fps}$ (100 year per HydroCAD analysis)
2. Riprap sizing: Riprap Size = 3" D_{50} (6" minimum proposed at all outlets)
Length = 6 feet



Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

The project has been designed to decrease the rate and volume of runoff through the use of a drywell system.

The pre- and post-development stormwater runoff has been analyzed using HydroCAD 9.10, which is a stormwater modeling computer program utilizing a collection of techniques for the generation and routing of hydrographs, including Soil Conservation Service (SCS) Technical Release No. 20 (TR-20) and SCS Technical Release 55 (TR-55), *Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds*..

Runoff from the development area flows toward a culvert under New Bridge Road. This culvert was used as the analysis point in the design. The results are as follows:

***Analysis Point 1 – On-Site Flow to Culvert at New Bridge Road
HydroCAD Analysis Points E1 and P5***

Storm Event	Peak Rate of Runoff Existing (Proposed)	Volume of Runoff Existing (Proposed)
1 inch	0.0 cfs (0.0 cfs)	0.00 ac-ft (0.00 ac-ft)
2-year (3.2 inches)	0.2 cfs (0.0 cfs)	0.04 ac-ft (0.01 ac-ft)
10-year (4.8 inches)	1.3 cfs (0.4 cfs)	0.16 ac-ft (0.05 ac-ft)
25-year (6.0 inches)	2.7 cfs (0.9 cfs)	0.27 ac-ft (0.09 ac-ft)
100-year (8.6 inches)	6.3 cfs (3.3 cfs)	0.58 ac-ft (0.24 ac-ft)

A secondary analysis of the offsite culvert under New Bridge Road was also performed to verify the project would not result in any increase to off-site flooding or impacts to New Bridge Road. The off-site subcatchment area is shown as subcatchment E2 and P6 in the hydroCAD analysis. The culvert and adjacent ponding areas on the 502 Concord Road site were modeled as a 'pond' to evaluate any potential impact due to the filling of the lower yard areas. The results show a net decrease in the potential flooding impact as a result of the project.

***Analysis Point 2 – Total Flow discharging at New Bridge Road
HydroCAD Analysis Points E3 and P7***

Storm Event	Peak Rate of Runoff Existing (Proposed)	Peak Flood Elevation Existing (Proposed)
1 inch	0.0 cfs (0.0 cfs)	162.5 (162.5)
2-year (3.2 inches)	1.9 cfs (1.9 cfs)	163.3 (163.3)
10-year (4.8 inches)	4.1 cfs (3.9 cfs)	164.4 (164.3)
25-year (6.0 inches)	4.6 cfs (4.4 cfs)	165.0 (164.8)
100-year (8.6 inches)	7.8 cfs (7.6 cfs)	165.8 (165.8)

Note: Low point in New Bridge Road = elevation 165.65

Standard 3: Stormwater Recharge

The proposed Stormwater management system has been designed to provide recharge of stormwater in excess of that required by Standard 3. Recharge has been provided through the proposed subsurface infiltration system.

Required Recharge Volume:

Post development Impervious Area = 26,840 S.F.
On-site Hydrologic Soil Group = "A" soils (0.6"/impervious area)
Recharge Volume = 26,840 S.F. x 0.6 / 12 = 1,342 cubic feet

Proposed Recharge Volume:

Drywell -1 = Volume up to outlet = 5,250 cubic feet

Draw Down Calculations

Proposed Drywell -1
= Volume / (Saturated Hydraulic Conductivity x Bottom Area)
= 5,250 cubic feet / (15 in/hr x 2,400 sq. ft. / 12 in/ft)
= 2 hours

Soil Conditions:

Soil testing performed for the septic system and stormwater has shown highly permeable sand with evidence of groundwater greater than 135 inches below grade within the septic area and 52" below existing grade in the drainage area. The bottom of the drywell has been set a minimum of two feet above groundwater elevation.

Mounding Analysis

Per the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook a mounding analysis was performed utilizing the Hantush method. The application rate was based upon the treatment or recharge volume (whichever was greater), and the hydraulic conductivity was based upon the on-site soil testing. The attached analysis verifies the resulting groundwater mound will not break out onto the ground surface and will drain within 72 hours.

Standard 4: Water Quality

The proposed project has been designed to provide treatment of site runoff prior to discharge through infiltration BMP's and a proprietary treatment structure. A recommended long-term pollution prevention plan has also been provided as part of the attached Operation and Maintenance Plan.

Runoff from the driveway and parking lot will be directed to a water quality structure (CDS) and then to a drywell for recharge and treatment. A water quality volume of 1-inch over the impervious area was used in the calculations.

Pretreatment:

Pretreatment prior to infiltration has been provided through a proprietary separator (CDS). The manufacturer and model was selected to match the existing treatment BMP's on-site. This structure has been sized to remove greater than 80% TSS. See the attached sizing sheet and manufacture's information.

Drywell Sizing:

Proposed TSS Removal Rate = 80%
Tributary Impervious Area = 26,840 s.f.
Water Quality Volume = 26,840 s.f. x 1-inch / 12 = 2,237 C.F.
Proposed Volume = Volume up to outlet = 5,250 cubic feet

1 BMP	2 TSS removal	3 Starting TSS (5 from previous BMP)	4 TSS Removal (2 * 3)	5 Remaining TSS (3 - 4)
CDS	>80%	100%	80%	20%
Drywell	80%	20%	16%	4%
Total TSS Removal =			96%	

Standard 5: Land uses with higher pollutant Loads

Not applicable - The proposed use is not classified as a land use with higher pollutant loads.

Standard 6: Critical Areas

Not applicable – the site does not contain and critical areas.

Standard 7: Redevelopment

The site does not qualify as a redevelopment project.

Standard 8: Construction Period Controls

Erosion controls have been provided on the plans including perimeter erosion barriers down-gradient of all proposed work, and sedimentation and erosion control notes are provided on the plans. The project is less than 1 acre of disturbance, and would not fall under the NPDES General Construction Permit. A copy of the SWPPP has been attached with this report.

Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan

The owner will be responsible for all future operation and maintenance of the proposed stormwater management system. A recommended Operation and Maintenance Plan has been provided with this report.

Standard 10: Illicit Discharges

Based upon site observations, no illicit discharges have been observed on the site. Illicit discharges are prohibited. The proposed building will be connected to the proposed on-site septic system. A signed illicit discharge statement is attached.

Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement

Project: 502 Concord Road Road
Sudbury, MA

Date: June, 2023

Engineer's Certification:

To the best of my knowledge, the attached plans, computations and specifications meet the requirements of Standard 10 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook regarding illicit discharges to the stormwater management system. Based upon site observations no detectable illicit discharges exist on the site, and future illicit discharges are prohibited. The proposed and existing facility will be serviced by an on-site subsurface sewerage disposal system per Board of Health requirements. All current documents and attachments were prepared under my direction and qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted.

Name: Vito Colonna

Organization: Connorstone Engineering

Signature: 

Date: 6/1/2023

Owner Certification:

The Owner is responsible for future compliance with provisions of the Massachusetts Stormwater Management Policy, Sudbury Stormwater Management Bylaw, and responsible for identifying, eliminating, and preventing future illicit discharges

Name: Joel Gordon

Organization: Waverley Square Day Care LLC DBA Sudbury Montessori

Signature: 

Date: 6/5/2023

STORMWATER DRAINAGE SYSTEM DESIGN

The parking lot drainage system has been designed from calculations based upon the 25-year design storm.

Storm intensities were determined from exhibit 8-14 *"Intensity – Duration – Frequency Curve for Worcester, Ma"* from the MassHighway Design Manual. The resulting analysis was performed using the rational method of determining peak storm flows. All storm sewer pipe sizes were determined using Manning's Equation for pipes flowing full.

The following table presents the hydraulic calculations performed for sizing the site drainage system. The structure references refer to those as shown on the site plan submitted with this report.

DRAIN PIPE SIZING CALCULATIONS

PROJECT 502 Concord Road LOCATION 502 Concord Road VC BY: VC n= 0.012
 CLIENT Joel & Monoshini Gordon Sudbury, MA DATE: 5/31/2023 RETURN PERIOD 25 YEAR

Line	TO	Area ac	C	CA	Tc min.	rain in/hr	Inlet flow Q cfs	Pipe flow Qd cfs	Pipe Size in	Pipe Length ft	Slope ft/ft	flowing full		Rim (feet)		Inv. El.	
												Qf	Vf	Upper	Lower	Upper	Lower
CB-1	CDS-1	0.70	0.25	0.18	12	5.0	0.88	0.88	12	115	0.010	3.94	5.02	172.00	173.55	169.00	167.80
CB-3	DMH-1	0.10	0.95	0.10	5	6.5	0.62	0.62	12	105	0.016	4.91	6.26	173.00	173.35	169.80	168.10
CB-2	DMH-1	0.09	0.95	0.09	5	6.5	0.56	0.56	12	5	0.040	7.72	9.83	173.20	173.35	169.20	169.00
DMH-1	CDS-1							1.17	12	10	0.020	5.46	6.95	173.35	173.55	168.00	167.80
CDS-1	DMH-2							2.05	12	10	0.020	5.46	6.95	173.55	173.60	167.70	167.50
DMH-2	Drywell							2.05	15	10	0.020	9.90	8.07	173.60	---	165.40	165.20

TRENCH -2	DMH-4	0.21	0.50	0.11	5	6.5	0.68	0.68	6	12	0.033	1.11	5.65	174.75	175.00	172.50	172.10
DMH-4	AD-1							0.68	6	35	0.029	1.03	5.23	175.00	174.50	172.00	171.00
AD-1	AD-2	0.04	0.50	0.02	5	6.5	0.13	0.81	8	35	0.040	2.62	7.50	174.50	174.50	170.90	169.50
AD-2	Drywell	0.03	0.50	0.02	5	6.5	0.10	0.91	8	50	0.043	2.72	7.78	174.50	---	169.40	167.25

CDS SIZING CALCULATIONS

Project: 502 Concord Road
Location: Sudbury, MA
Prepared For: Connorstone Engineering



Purpose: To calculate the water quality flow rate (WQF) over a given site area. In this situation the WQF is derived from the first 1" of runoff from the contributing impervious surface.

Reference: Massachusetts Dept. of Environmental Protection Wetlands Program / United States Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service TR-55 Manual

Procedure: Determine unit peak discharge using Figure 1 or 2. Figure 2 is in tabular form so is preferred. Using the t_c , read the unit peak discharge (q_u) from Figure 1 or Table in Figure 2. q_u is expressed in the following units: cfs/mi²/watershed inches (csm/in).

Compute Q Rate using the following equation:

$$Q = (q_u) (A) (WQV)$$

where:

Q = flow rate associated with first 1" of runoff

q_u = the unit peak discharge, in csm/in.

A = impervious surface drainage area (in square miles)

WQV = water quality volume in watershed inches (1" in this case)

Structure Name	Impv. (acres)	A (miles ²)	t_c (min)	t_c (hr)	WQV (in)	q_u (csm/in.)	Q (cfs)
WQS	0.41	0.0006457	12.0	0.200	1.00	669.00	0.43

The WQf sizing calculation selects the minimum size CDS/Cascade/StormCeptor model capable of operating at the computed WQf peak flowrate prior to bypassing. It assumes free discharge of the WQf through the unit and ignores the routing effect of any upstream storm drain piping. As with all hydrodynamic separators, there will be some impact to the Hydraulic Gradient of the corresponding drainage system, and evaluation of this impact should be considered in the design.

**CDS ESTIMATED NET ANNUAL SOLIDS LOAD REDUCTION
BASED ON THE RATIONAL RAINFALL METHOD**

**502 CONCORD ROAD
SUDBURY, MA**

Area 0.41 ac
Weighted C 0.9
t_c 12 min
CDS Model 1515-3

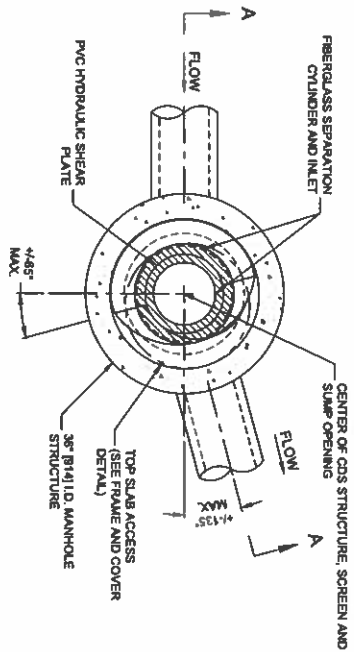
Unit Site Designation WQS
Rainfall Station # 68

CDS Treatment Capacity **1.0 cfs**

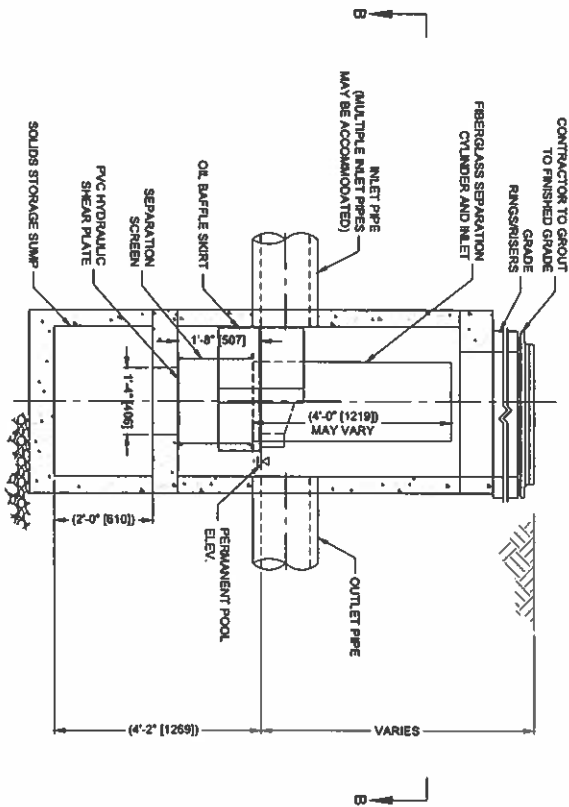
<u>Rainfall Intensity</u> ¹ (in/hr)	<u>Percent Rainfall Volume</u> ¹	<u>Cumulative Rainfall Volume</u>	<u>Total Flowrate</u> (cfs)	<u>Treated Flowrate</u> (cfs)	<u>Incremental Removal (%)</u>
0.02	9.3%	9.3%	0.01	0.01	9.3
0.04	9.5%	18.8%	0.01	0.01	9.5
0.06	8.7%	27.5%	0.02	0.02	8.7
0.08	10.1%	37.6%	0.03	0.03	10.1
0.10	7.2%	44.8%	0.04	0.04	7.1
0.12	6.0%	50.8%	0.04	0.04	6.0
0.14	6.3%	57.1%	0.05	0.05	6.2
0.16	5.6%	62.7%	0.06	0.06	5.5
0.18	4.7%	67.4%	0.07	0.07	4.6
0.20	3.6%	71.0%	0.07	0.07	3.5
0.25	8.2%	79.1%	0.09	0.09	7.9
0.50	14.9%	94.0%	0.19	0.19	13.8
0.75	3.2%	97.3%	0.28	0.28	2.8
1.00	1.2%	98.5%	0.37	0.37	1.0
1.50	0.7%	99.2%	0.56	0.56	0.5
2.00	0.8%	100.0%	0.74	0.74	0.5
					97.2
					Removal Efficiency Adjustment ² = 6.5%
					Predicted % Annual Rainfall Treated = 93.5%
					Predicted Net Annual Load Removal Efficiency = 90.8%

1 - Based on 10 years of rainfall data from NCDC station 736, Blue Hill, Norfolk County, MA

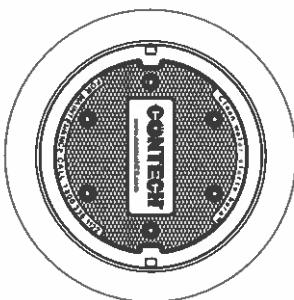
2 - Reduction due to use of 60-minute data for a site that has a time of concentration less than 30-minutes.



PLAN VIEW B-B
N.T.S.



ELEVATION A-A
N.T.S.



FRAME AND COVER
(DIAMETER VARIES)
N.T.S.

SITE SPECIFIC DATA REQUIREMENTS

STRUCTURE ID	WATER QUALITY FLOW RATE (GFS OR L/S)	PEAK FLOW RATE (CFS OR L/S)	RETURN PERIOD OF PEAK FLOW (YRS)	SCREEN APERTURE (200 OR 475)	PIPE DATA: I.E. MATERIAL	DIAMETER	INLET PIPE 1	INLET PIPE 2	OUTLET PIPE	RAIN ELEVATION	ANTI-FLOTATION BALLAST	WIDTH	HEIGHT

NOTES/SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS:
* PER ENGINEER OF RECORD

CDS1515-3-C DESIGN NOTES

CDS1515-3-C RATED TREATMENT CAPACITY IS 1.0 CFS, OR PER LOCAL REGULATIONS. THE STANDARD CDS1515-3-C CONFIGURATION IS SHOWN.

- GENERAL NOTES**
- CONTECH TO PROVIDE ALL MATERIALS UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE.
 - FOR SITE SPECIFIC DRAWINGS WITH DETAILED STRUCTURE DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT, PLEASE CONTACT YOUR CONTECH ENGINEERED SOLUTIONS LLC REPRESENTATIVE: www.contechus.com
 - CDS WATER QUALITY STRUCTURE SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL DESIGN DATA AND INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DRAWING.
 - CONTRACTOR TO CONFORM STRUCTURE WEIGHT REQUIREMENTS OF RECORD.
 - CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ELEVATION ENGINEER OF RECORD'S THE OUTLET PIPE INVERT ELEVATION, ENGINEER OF RECORD TO CONFIRM ACTUAL GROUNDWATER ELEVATION. CASTINGS SHALL MEET AASHTO M80 AND BE CAST WITH THE CONTECH LOGO.
 - IF REQUIRED, PVC HYDRAULIC SHEAR PLATE IS PLACED ON SHELF AT BOTTOM OF SCREEN CYLINDER. REMOVE AND REPLACE AS NECESSARY DURING MAINTENANCE CLEANING.
 - CDS STRUCTURE SHALL BE PRECAST CONCRETE CONFORMING TO ASTM C478 AND AASHTO LOAD FACTOR DESIGN METHOD.
- INSTALLATION NOTES**
- ANY SUB-BASE, BACKFILL DEPTH, AND/OR ANTI-FLOTATION PROVISIONS ARE SITE-SPECIFIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND SHALL BE SPECIFIED BY ENGINEER OF RECORD.
 - CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE EQUIPMENT WITH SUFFICIENT LIFTING AND BEAR CAPACITY TO LIFT AND SET THE CDS MANHOLE STRUCTURE.
 - CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE ELEVATION ENGINEER OF RECORD'S STRUCTURE AND ASSEMBLY SECTIONS AND ASSUMED STRUCTURE CENTERLINES TO MATCH PIPE OPENING CENTERLINES. MATCH PIPE INVERTS WITH ELEVATIONS SHOWN. ALL PIPE CENTERLINES TO MATCH PIPE OPENING CENTERLINES.
 - CONTRACTOR TO TAKE APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO ASSURE UNIT IS WATER TIGHT, HOLDING WATER TO FLOWLINE INVERT MINIMUM. IT IS SUGGESTED THAT ALL JOINTS BELOW PIPE INVERTS ARE GROUTED.

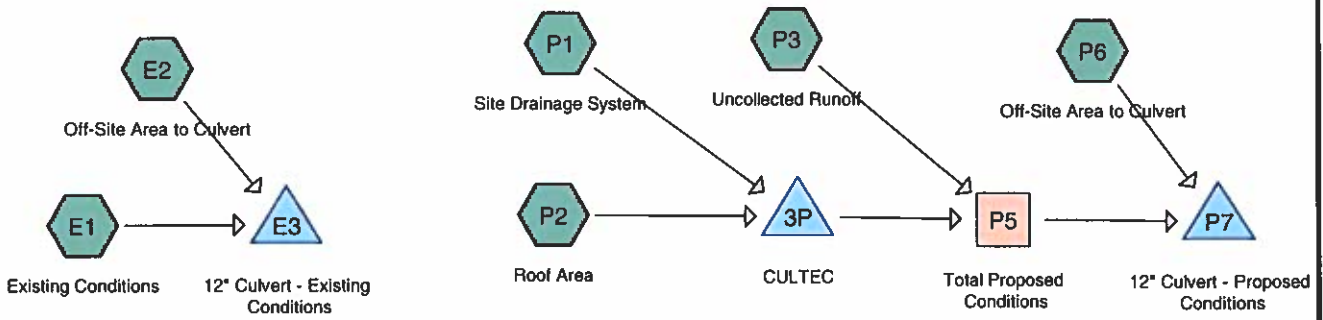


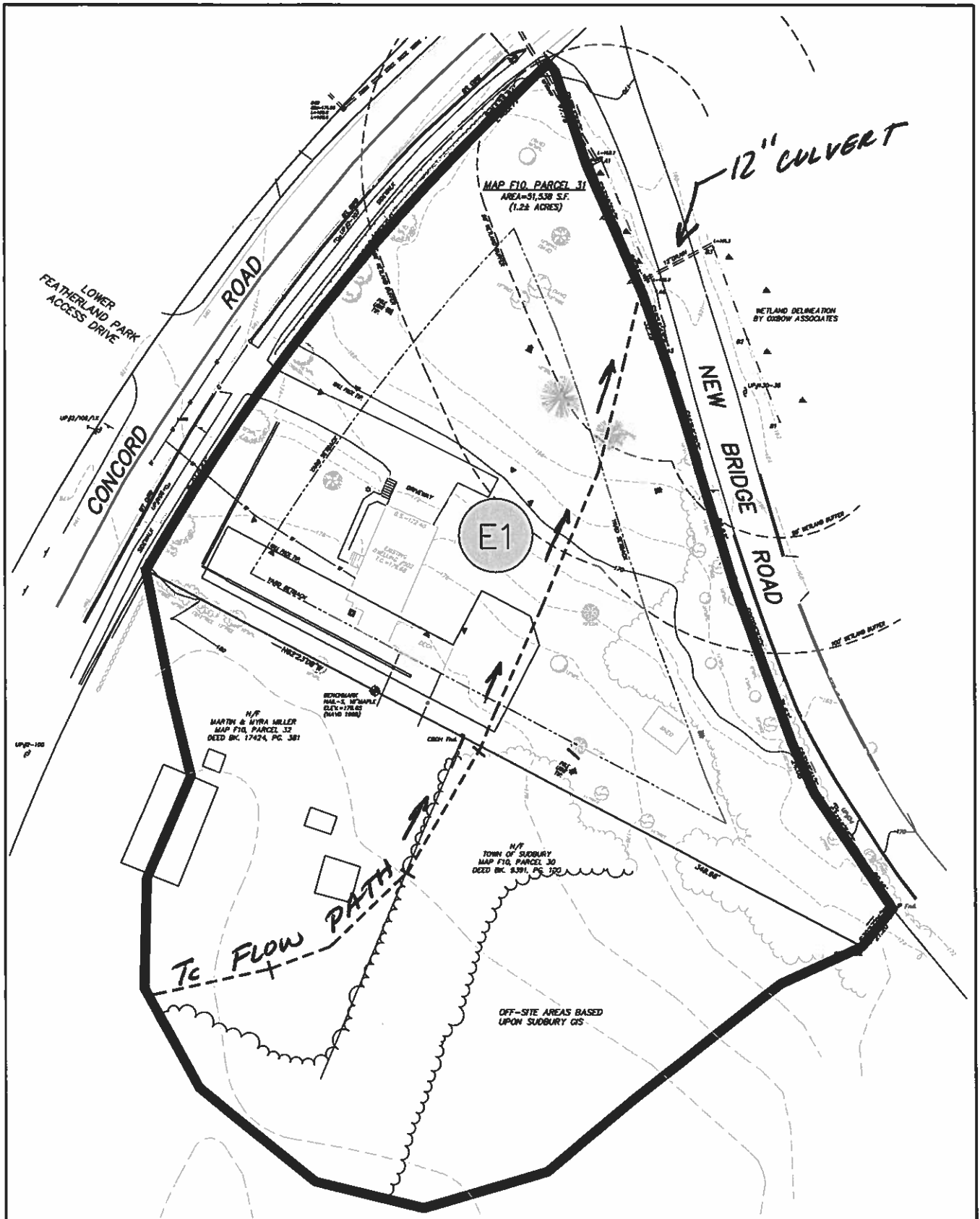
CONTECH
ENGINEERED SOLUTIONS LLC
www.contechus.com
9025 Center Parkway, Columbus, OH 43268
614-881-1122 313-445-7000 313-445-7993 FAX

CDS1515-3-C
ONLINE CDS
STANDARD DETAIL

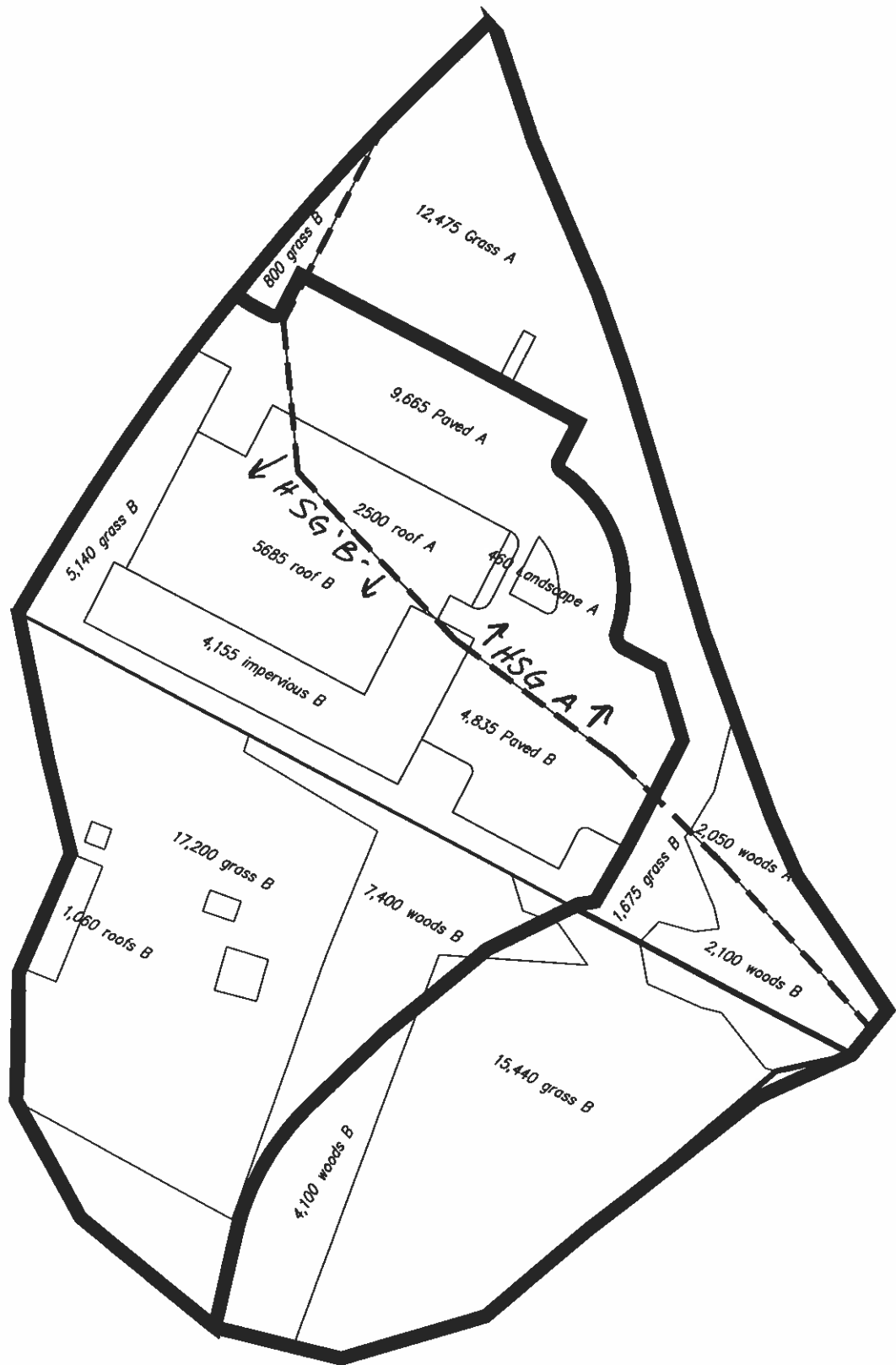
HYDROCAD CALCULATIONS

2-, 10-, 25-, and 100-Year Storm



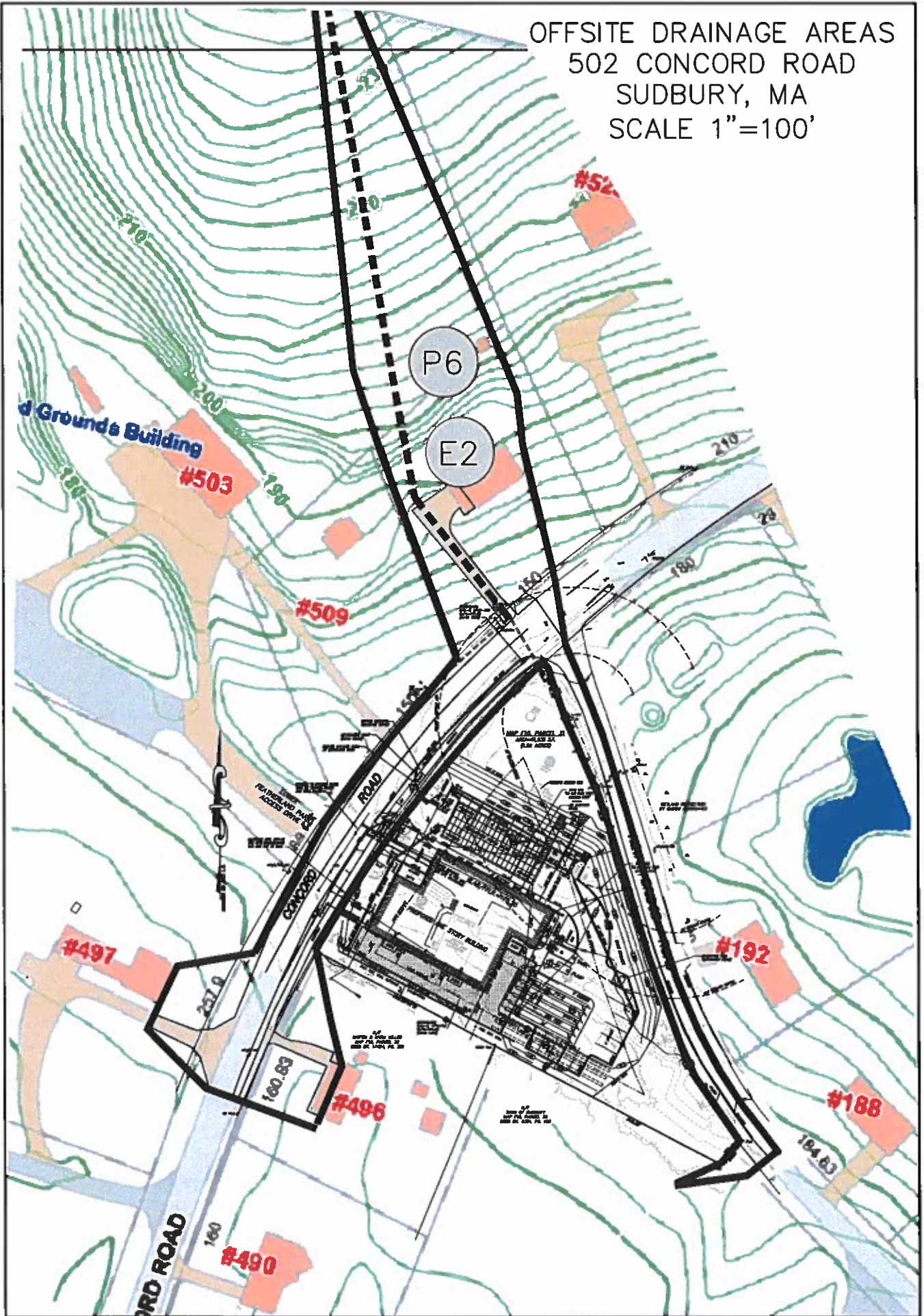


EXISTING DRAINAGE AREAS
 502 CONCORD ROAD
 SUDBURY, MA
 SCALE 1"=60'



SURFACE AREA SUMMARY
 502 CONCORD ROAD
 SUDBURY, MA
 SCALE 1"=60'

OFFSITE DRAINAGE AREAS
502 CONCORD ROAD
SUDBURY, MA
SCALE 1"=100'



1-inch storm

Summary for Subcatchment E1: Existing Conditions

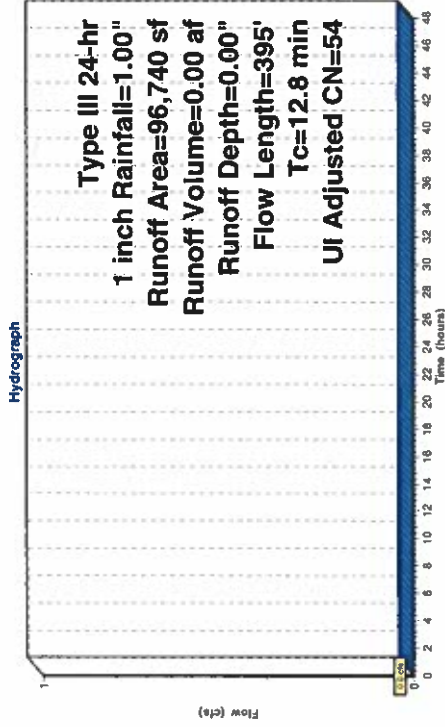
[45] Hint: Runoff=Zero
 Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af, Depth= 0.00"
 Routed to Pond E3: 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 1 inch Rainfall=1.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Adj	Description
5,580	30		Woods, Good, HSG A
20,810	39		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
760	98		Unconnected pavement, HSG A
2,510	55		Woods, Good, HSG B
19,070	61		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
1,330	98		Unconnected pavement, HSG B
1,480	98		Unconnected roofs, HSG B
32,640	61		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
11,500	55		Woods, Good, HSG B
1,060	98		Unconnected roofs, HSG B
96,740	55	54	Weighted Average, UI Adjusted
92,110			95.21% Pervious Area
4,630			4.79% Impervious Area
4,630			100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.2	50	0.0200	0.10	Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"
1.2	70	0.0200	0.99	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.5	65	0.0200	0.71	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.9	210	0.0700	1.85	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
12.8	395	Total		

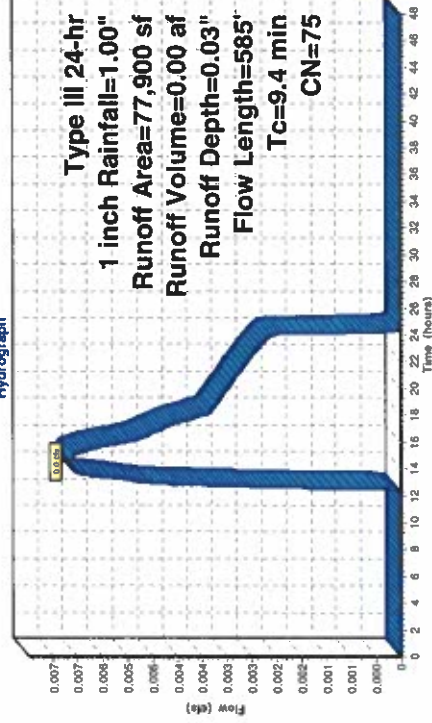
Subcatchment E1: Existing Conditions



Summary for Subcatchment E2: Off-Site Area to Culvert

Subcatchment E2: Off-Site Area to Culvert

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 14.61 hrs, Volume = 0.00 af, Depth = 0.03"
 Routed to Pond E3 : 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 1 inch Rainfall=1.00"



Area (sf)	CN	Description
28,200	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
21,900	98	Paved parking, HSG B
27,800	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
77,900	75	Weighted Average
56,000		71.89% Pervious Area
21,900		28.11% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0	50	0.1200	0.14	Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush, n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
2.9	330	0.1400	1.87	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	115	0.1200	7.03	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.2	90	0.0200	7.44	Pipe Channel, 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.013
9.4	585	Total		

Summary for Pond E3: 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions

Inflow Area = 4,009 ac, 15.19% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.01" for 1 inch event
 Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 14.61 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 14.67 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 3.4 min
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 14.67 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Peak Elev= 162.54' @ 14.67 hrs Surf.Area= 54 sf Storage= 14 cf

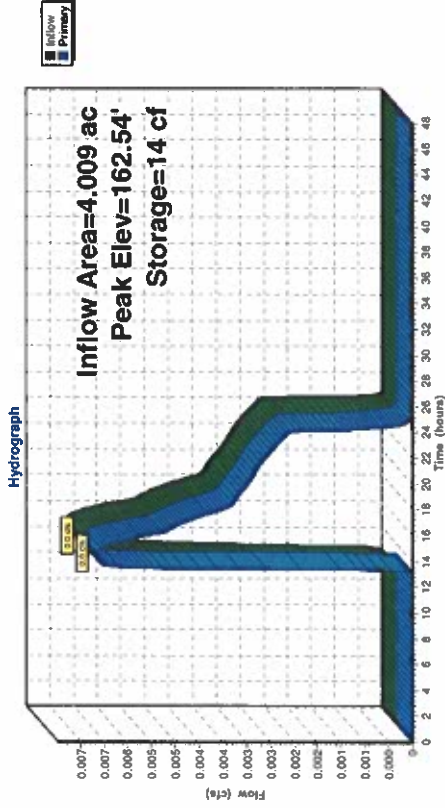
Plug-Flow detention time= 53.1 min calculated for 0.00 af (93% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 26.0 min (1,071.9 - 1,045.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	162.00'	13,700 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
162.00	0	0	0
164.00	200	200	200
164.60	2,900	930	1,130
165.00	6,700	1,920	3,050
166.00	14,600	10,650	13,700

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	162.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 33.0' Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 162.50' / 161.30' S= 0.0364' /' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.024, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Primary	165.65'	Custom Weir/Orifice Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 0.30 Width (feet) 0.00 70.00

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 14.67 hrs HW=162.54' (Free Discharge)
 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 0.0 cfs @ 0.81 fps)
 2=Custom Weir/Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond E3: 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions



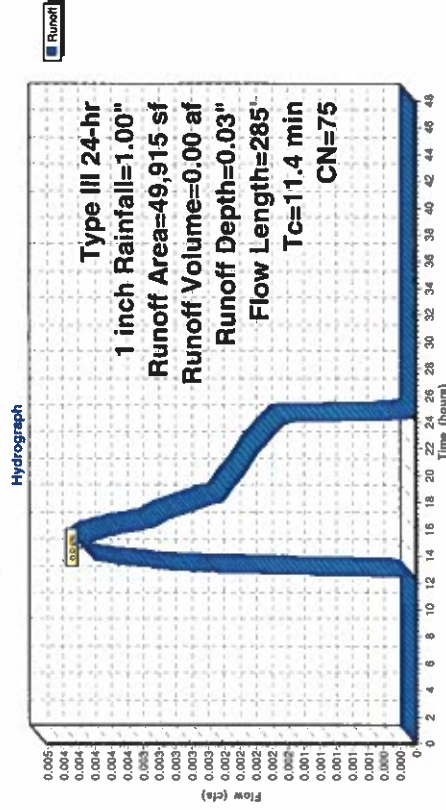
Summary for Subcatchment P1: Site Drainage System

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 14.68 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af, Depth= 0.03"
 Routed to Pond 3P : CULTEC
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 1 inch Rainfall=1.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
8,990	98	Paved parking, HSG B
9,665	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,140	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
460	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
7,400	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
1,060	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG B
17,200	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
49,915	75	Weighted Average
30,200		60.50% Pervious Area
19,715		39.50% Impervious Area
1,060		5.38% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.2	50	0.0200	0.10		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"
1.2	70	0.0200	0.99		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.5	65	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.1	20	0.2000	3.13		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.4	80	0.0250	3.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
11.4	285	Total			

Subcatchment P1: Site Drainage System



Summary for Subcatchment P2: Roof Area

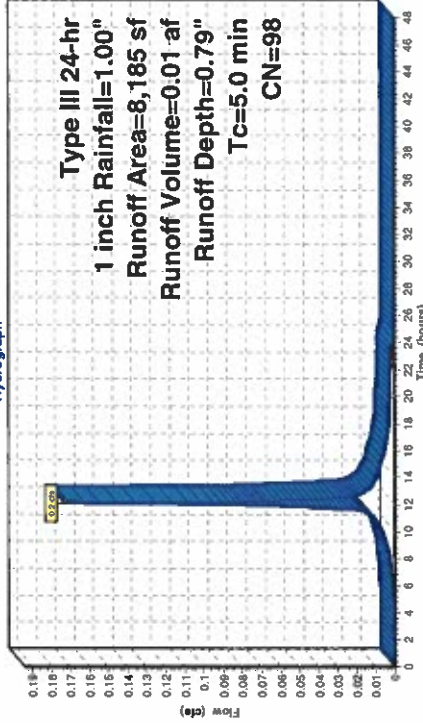
Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.01 af, Depth= 0.79"
 Routed to Pond 3P : CULTEC
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 1 inch Rainfall=1.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,685	98	Roofs, HSG B
2,500	98	Roofs, HSG A
8,185	98	Weighted Average
8,185	100.00%	Impervious Area

Tc Length (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0				Direct Entry,

Subcatchment P2: Roof Area

Hydrograph



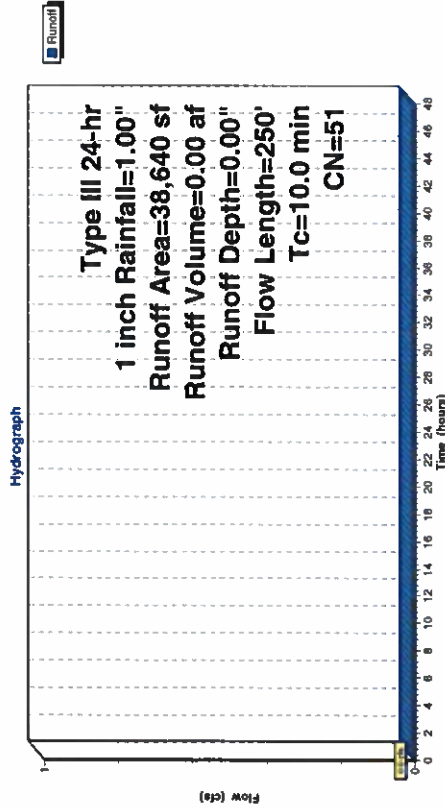
Summary for Subcatchment P3: Uncollected Runoff

[45] Hint: Runoff=Zero
 Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af, Depth= 0.00"
 Routed to Reach P5 : Total Proposed Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 1 inch Rainfall=1.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,475	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
12,475	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,100	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
2,050	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
4,100	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
15,440	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
38,640	51	Weighted Average
38,640	100.00%	Pervious Area

Tc Length (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
7.5	0.0250	0.11		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"
1.8	0.0350	1.31		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.7	0.0850	1.46		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
10.0			250	Total

Subcatchment P3: Uncollected Runoff



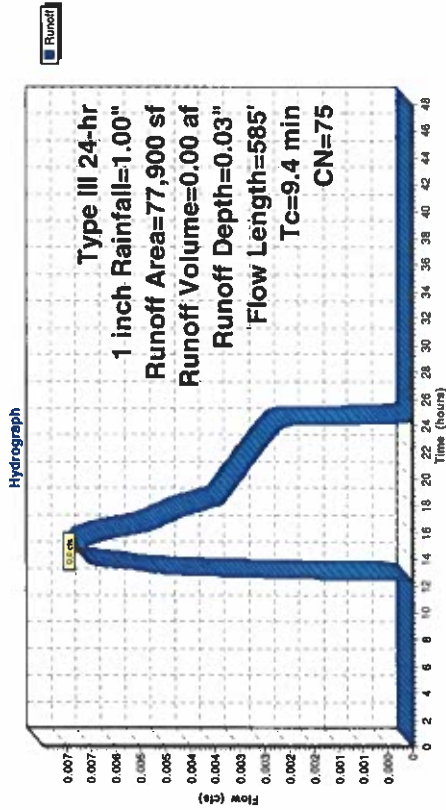
Summary for Subcatchment P6: Off-Site Area to Culvert

Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 14.61 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af, Depth= 0.03"
 Routed to Pond P7: 12' Culvert - Proposed Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 1 inch Rainfall=1.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
28,200	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
21,900	98	Paved parking, HSG B
27,800	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
77,900	75	Weighted Average
56,000		71.89% Pervious Area
21,900		28.11% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0	50	0.1200	0.14		Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
2.9	330	0.1400	1.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	115	0.1200	7.03		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.2	90	0.0200	7.44	9.14	Pipe Channel, 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.013
9.4	585	Total			

Subcatchment P6: Off-Site Area to Culvert



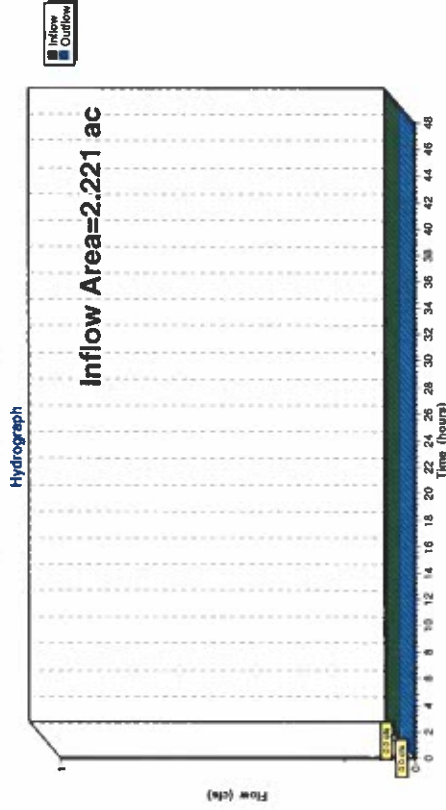
Summary for Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions

[40] Hint: Not Described (Outflow=Inflow)

Inflow Area = 2.221 ac, 28.84% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.00" for 1 inch event
 Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
 Routed to Pond P7 : 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions



Summary for Pond 3P: CULTEC

Inflow Area = 1.334 ac, 48.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.13" for 1 inch event
 Inflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.01 af
 Outflow = 0.2 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.01 af, Atten= 6%, Lag= 1.6 min
 Discarded = 0.2 cfs @ 12.10 hrs, Volume= 0.01 af
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af
 Routed to Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 6
 Peak Elev= 164.27 @ 12.10 hrs Surf. Area= 2,400 sf Storage= 17 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 1.7 min calculated for 0.01 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 1.7 min (833.9 - 832.1)

Volume	Invert	Avail. Storage	Storage Description
#1A	164.25'	2,588 cf	30.00'W x 80.00'L x 4.25'H Field A
#2A	165.00'	3,729 cf	10,200 cf Overall - 3,729 cf Embedded = 6,471 cf x 40.0% Voids Cultec R-360HD x 100 Inside #1 Effective Size= 54.9"W x 36.0"H => 9.99 sf x 3.67'L = 36.6 cf Overall Size= 60.0"W x 36.0"H x 4.17'L with 0.50' Overlap 100 Chambers in 5 Rows Cap Storage= 6.5 cf x 2 x 5 rows = 64.6 cf
#3	165.40'	103 cf	4.00'D x 8.20'H Manhole / DMH-3 -Impervious
		6,420 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	164.25'	15,000 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 161.00'
#2	Primary	167.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 35.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 167.50' / 166.00' S= 0.0429 /' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=0.8 cfs @ 12.10 hrs HW=164.27' (Free Discharge)
 1=Exfiltration (Controls 0.8 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=164.25' (Free Discharge)
 2=Culvert (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 3P: CULTEC - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = Cultec R-360HD (Cultec Recharger® 360HD)
 Effective Size= 54.9"W x 36.0"H => 9.99 sf x 3.67'L = 36.6 cf
 Overall Size= 60.0"W x 36.0"H x 4.17'L with 0.50' Overlap
 Cap Storage= 6.5 cf x 2 x 5 rows = 64.6 cf

60.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 66.0" C-C Row Spacing

20 Chambers/Row x 3.67' Long +1.25' Cap Length x 2 = 75.63' Row Length +25.0" End Stone x 2 = 80.00' Base Length

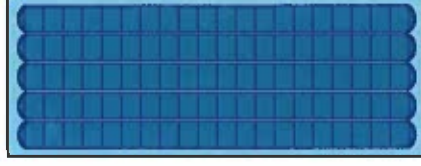
5 Rows x 60.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 4 + 18.0" Side Stone x 2 = 30.00' Base Width
 9.0" Stone Base + 36.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Stone Cover = 4.25' Field Height

100 Chambers x 36.6 cf + 6.5 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 5 Rows = 3,729.1 cf Chamber Storage

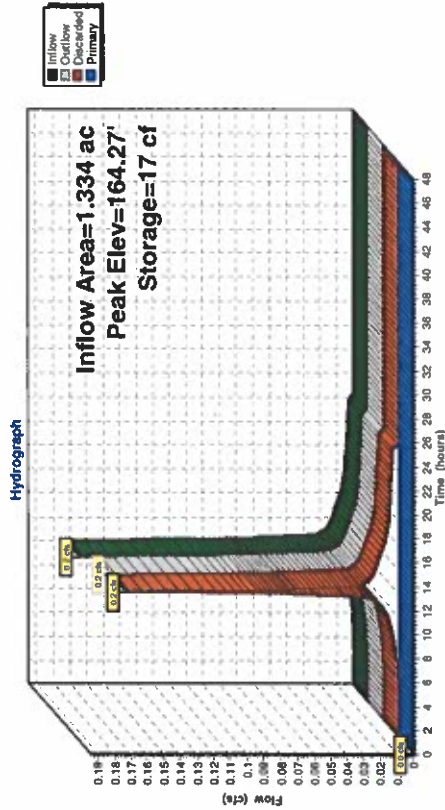
10,200.0 cf Field - 3,729.1 cf Chambers = 6,470.9 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 2,588.4 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 6,317.4 cf = 0.15 af
 Overall Storage Efficiency = 61.9%
 Overall System Size = 80.00' x 30.00' x 4.25'

100 Chambers
 377.8 cy Field
 239.7 cy Stone



Pond 3P: CULTEC



Summary for Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

Inflow Area = 4.009 ac, 28.52% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.01" for 1 inch event
 Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 14.61 hrs, Volume = 0.00 af
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 14.67 hrs, Volume = 0.00 af, Atten = 0%, Lag = 3.4 min
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 14.67 hrs, Volume = 0.00 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span = 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt = 0.01 hrs
 Peak Elev = 162.54' @ 14.67 hrs Surf.Area = 54 sf Storage = 14 cf

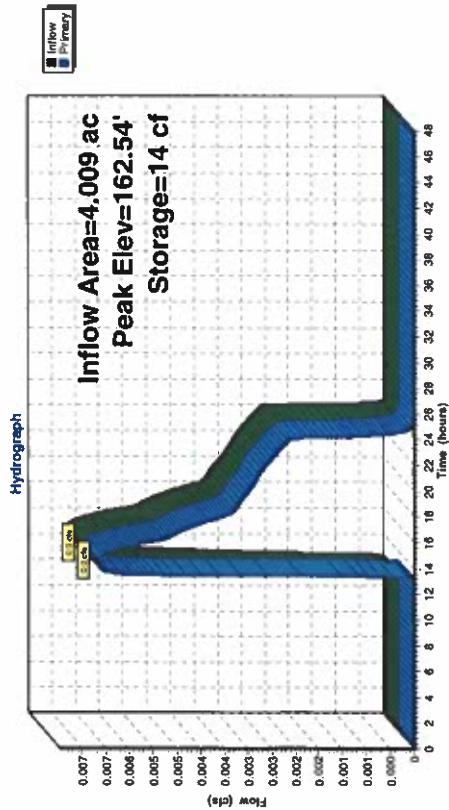
Plug-Flow detention time = 53.1 min calculated for 0.00 af (93% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass del. time = 26.0 min (1,071.9 - 1,045.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail. Storage	Storage Description
#1	162.00'	8,480 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf. Area (sq-ft)	Inc. Store (cubic-feet)	Cum. Store (cubic-feet)
162.00	0	0	0
164.00	200	200	200
164.60	2,600	840	1,040
165.00	4,100	1,340	2,380
166.00	8,100	6,100	8,480

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	162.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L = 33.0' Ke = 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert = 162.50' / 161.30' S = 0.0364' /' Cc = 0.900 n = 0.024, Flow Area = 0.79 sf
#2	Primary	165.65'	Custom Weir/Orifice Cv = 2.62 (C = 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 0.30 Width (feet) 0.00 70.00

Primary OutFlow Max = 0.0 cfs @ 14.67 hrs HW = 162.54' (Free Discharge)
 1 = Culvert (Barrel Controls 0.0 cfs @ 0.81 (ps)
 2 = Custom Weir/Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions



2-year storm

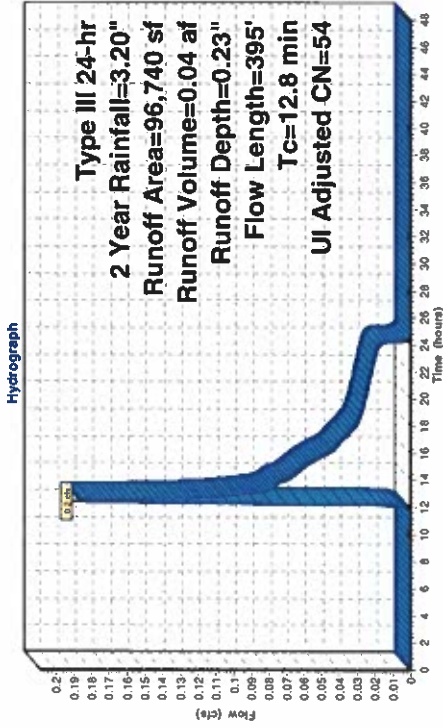
Summary for Subcatchment E1: Existing Conditions

Runoff = 0.2 cfs @ 12.45 hrs, Volume= 0.04 af, Depth= 0.23"
 Routed to Pond E3 : 12' CuVert - Existing Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.20"

Area (sf)	CN	Adj	Description
5,580	30		Woods, Good, HSG A
20,810	39		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
760	98		Unconnected pavement, HSG A
2,510	55		Woods, Good, HSG B
19,070	61		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
1,330	98		Unconnected pavement, HSG B
1,460	98		Unconnected roofs, HSG B
32,640	61		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
11,500	55		Woods, Good, HSG B
1,060	98		Unconnected roofs, HSG B
96,740	55	54	Weighted Average, UI Adjusted
92,110			95.21% Pervious Area
4,630			4.79% Impervious Area
4,630			100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.2	50	0.0200	0.10	Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"
1.2	70	0.0200	0.99	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.5	65	0.0200	0.71	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.9	210	0.0700	1.85	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
12.8	395			Total

Subcatchment E1: Existing Conditions



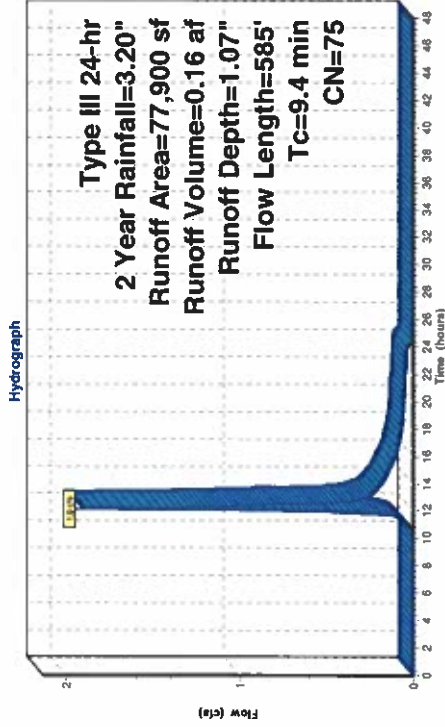
Summary for Subcatchment E2: Off-Site Area to Culvert

Runoff = 1.9 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.16 af, Depth= 1.07"
 Routed to Pond E3 : 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.20"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
28,200	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
21,900	98	Paved parking, HSG B
27,800	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
77,900	75	Weighted Average
56,000		71.89% Pervious Area
21,900		28.11% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0	50	0.1200	0.14	Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush, n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
2.9	330	0.1400	1.87	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	115	0.1200	7.03	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.2	90	0.0200	9.14	Pipe Channel, 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' n= 0.31' n= 0.013
9.4	585	Total		

Subcatchment E2: Off-Site Area to Culvert



Summary for Pond E3: 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions

Inflow Area = 4.009 ac, 15.19% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.61" for 2 Year event
 Inflow = 1.9 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.20 af
 Outflow = 1.9 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.20 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.5 min
 Primary = 1.9 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.20 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Peak Elev= 163.26' @ 12.15 hrs Surf.Area= 126 sf Storage= 80 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 2.2 min calculated for 0.20 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 1.4 min (886.6 - 885.2)

Volume	Invert	Avail. Storage	Storage Description
#1	162.00	13,700 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)

Elevation (feet)	Surf. Area (sq-ft)	Inc. Store (cubic-feet)	Cum. Store (cubic-feet)
162.00	0	0	0
164.00	200	200	200
164.60	2,900	930	1,130
165.00	6,700	1,920	3,050
166.00	14,600	10,650	13,700

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	162.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 33.0' Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 162.50' / 161.30' S= 0.0364 1' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.024, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Primary	165.65'	Custom Weir/Orifice Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 0.30 Width (feet) 0.00 70.00

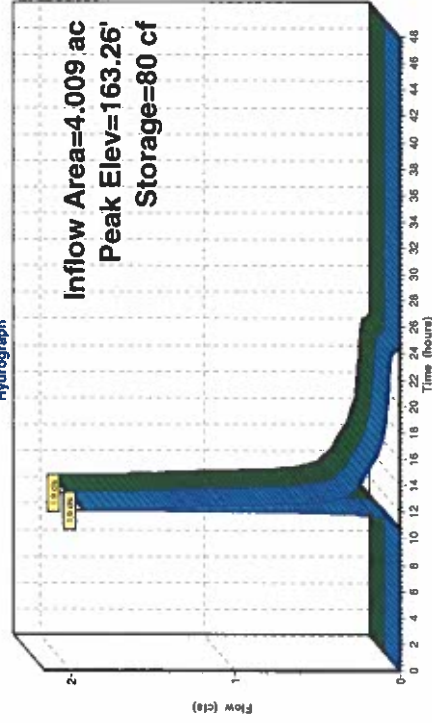
Primary Outflow Max= 1.9 cfs @ 12.15 hrs HW= 163.26' (Free Discharge)

1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 1.9 cfs @ 2.98 fps)

2=Custom Weir/Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond E3: 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions

Inflow
 Primary



Summary for Subcatchment P1: Site Drainage System

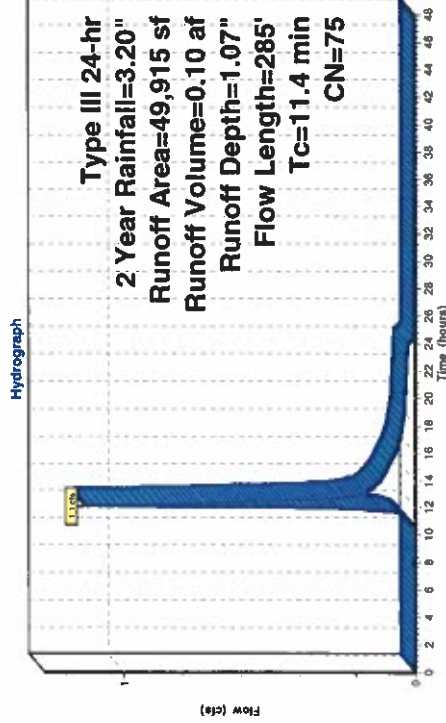
Subcatchment P1: Site Drainage System

Runoff = 1.1 cfs @ 12.17 hrs, Volume= 0.10 af, Depth= 1.07"
 Routed to Pond 3P: CULTEC

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.20"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
8,990	98	Paved parking, HSG B
9,665	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,140	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
460	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
7,400	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
1,060	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG B
17,200	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
49,915	75	Weighted Average
30,200		60.50% Pervious Area
19,715		39.50% Impervious Area
1,060		5.38% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.2	50	0.0200	0.10	Sheet Flow.
1.2	70	0.0200	0.99	Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20" Shallow Concentrated Flow,
1.5	65	0.0200	0.71	Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow,
0.1	20	0.2000	3.13	Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow,
0.4	80	0.0250	3.21	Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow,
11.4	285			Paved Kv= 20.3 fps Total



Runoff

Summary for Subcatchment P2: Roof Area

Runoff = 0.6 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.05 af, Depth= 2.97"
 Routed to Pond 3F : CUL,TEC

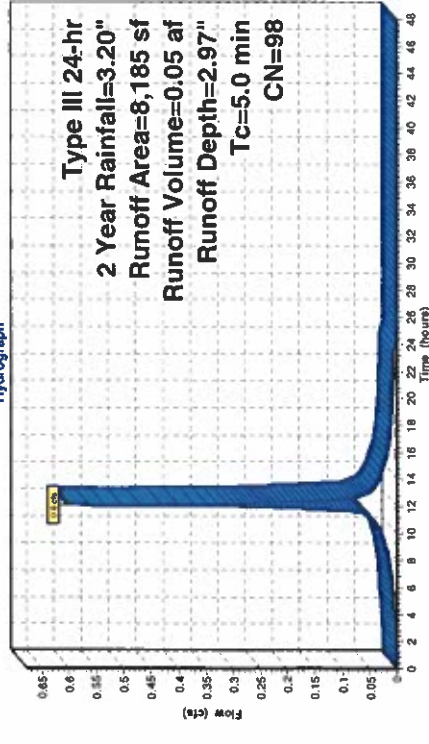
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.20"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,685	98	Roofs, HSG B
2,500	98	Roofs, HSG A
8,185	98	Weighted Average
8,185	100.00%	Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0					Direct Entry,

Subcatchment P2: Roof Area

Hydrograph



Summary for Subcatchment P3: Uncollected Runoff

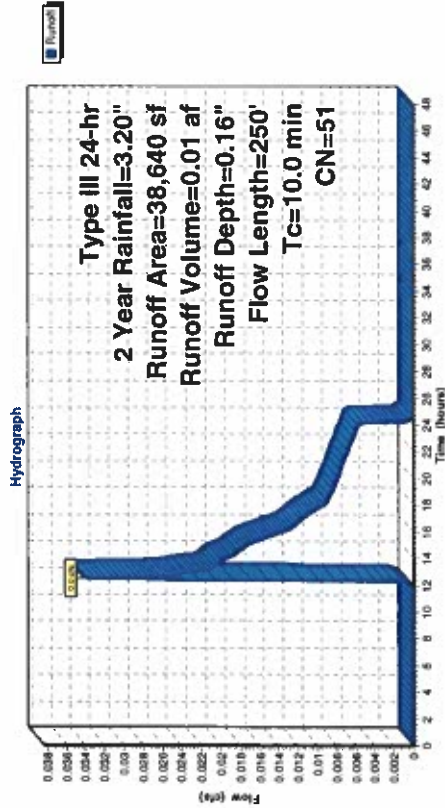
Runoff = 0.0 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 0.01 af, Depth= 0.16"
 Routed to Reach P5 : Total Proposed Conditions

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.20"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,475	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
12,475	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,100	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
2,050	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
4,100	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
15,440	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
38,640	51	Weighted Average
38,640	100.00%	Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
7.5	50	0.0250	0.11		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.8	140	0.0350	1.31		
0.7	60	0.0850	1.46		
10.0	250	Total			

Subcatchment P3: Uncollected Runoff



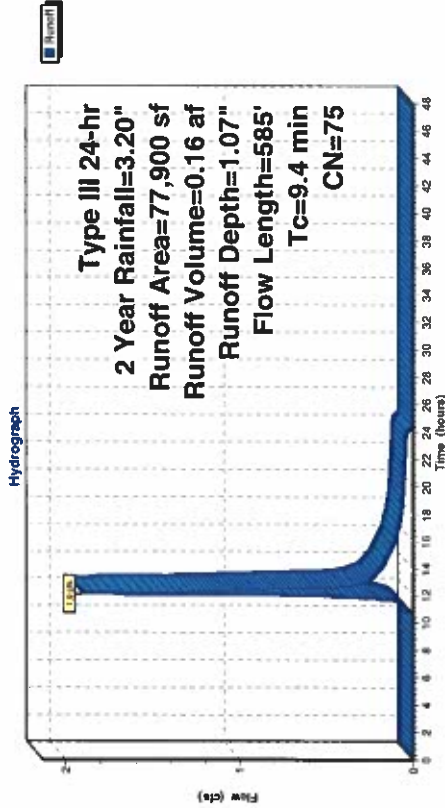
Summary for Subcatchment P6: Off-Site Area to Culvert

Runoff = 1.9 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.16 af, Depth= 1.07"
 Routed to Pond P7 : 12' Culvert - Proposed Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 2 Year Rainfall=3.20"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
28,200	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
21,900	98	Paved parking, HSG B
27,800	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
77,900	75	Weighted Average
56,000		71.89% Pervious Area
21,900		28.11% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0	50	0.1200	0.14		Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
2.9	330	0.1400	1.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	115	0.1200	7.03		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.2	90	0.0200	7.44	9.14	Pipe Channel, 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.013
9.4	585				Total

Subcatchment P6: Off-Site Area to Culvert



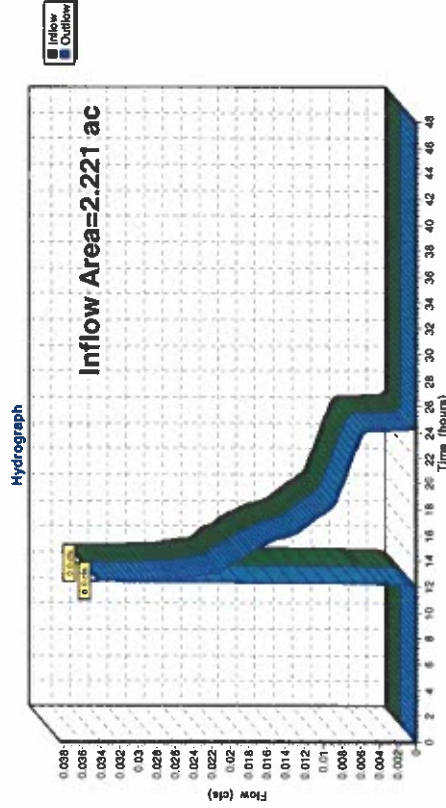
Summary for Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions

[40] Hint: Not Described (Outflow=Inflow)

Inflow Area = 2.221 ac, 28.84% impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.06" for 2 Year event
 Inflow = 0.0 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 0.01 af
 Outflow = 0.0 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 0.01 af, Attens= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
 Routed to Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions



Summary for Pond 3P: CULTEC

Inflow Area = 1.334 ac, 48.02% impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.33" for 2 Year event
 Inflow = 1.5 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.15 af
 Outflow = 1.0 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 0.15 af, Atten= 35%, Lag= 11.5 min
 Discarded = 1.0 cfs @ 12.32 hrs, Volume= 0.15 af
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af
 Routed to Reach P5 : Total Proposed Conditions

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 6
 Peak Elev= 164.75' @ 12.32 hrs Surf.Area= 2,400 sf Storage= 481 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 3.1 min calculated for 0.15 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 3.1 min (834.1 - 830.9)

Volume	Invert	Avail. Storage	Storage Description
#1A	164.25'	2,588 cf	30.00'W x 80.00'L x 4.25'H Field A
#2A	165.00'	3,729 cf	10,200 cf Overall - 3,729 cf Embedded = 6,471 cf x 40.0% Voids CULTEC R-360HD x 100 Inside #1 Effective Size= 54.9"W x 36.0"H => 9.99 sf x 3.67'L = 36.6 cf Overall Size= 60.0"W x 36.0"H x 4.17'L with 0.50' Overlap 100 Chambers in 5 Rows Cap Storage= 6.5 cf x 2 x 5 rows = 64.6 cf
#3	165.40'	103 cf	4.00'D x 8.20'H Manhole / DMH-3 -Impervious
		6,420 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	164.25'	15,000 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 161.00'
#2	Primary	167.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 35.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Inverts= 167.50' / 166.00' S= 0.0429 /' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=1.0 cfs @ 12.32 hrs HW=164.75' (Free Discharge)
 1-1=Exfiltration (Controls 1.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=164.25' (Free Discharge)
 1-2=Culvert (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 3P: CULTEC - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = CULTEC R-360HD (CULTEC Recharges® 360HD)
 Effective Size= 54.9"W x 36.0"H => 9.99 sf x 3.67'L = 36.6 cf
 Overall Size= 60.0"W x 36.0"H x 4.17'L with 0.50' Overlap
 Cap Storage= 6.5 cf x 2 x 5 rows = 64.6 cf

60.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 66.0" C-C Row Spacing

20 Chambers/Row x 3.67' Long +1.25' Cap Length x 2 = 75.63' Row Length +25.0" End Stone x 2 = 80.00' Base Length

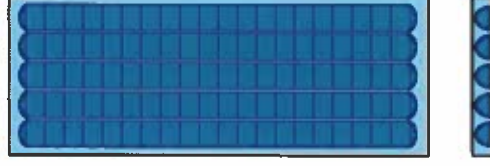
5 Rows x 60.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 4 + 18.0" Side Stone x 2 = 30.00' Base Width
 9.0" Stone Base + 36.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Stone Cover = 4.25' Field Height

100 Chambers x 36.6 cf + 6.5 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 5 Rows = 3,729.1 cf Chamber Storage

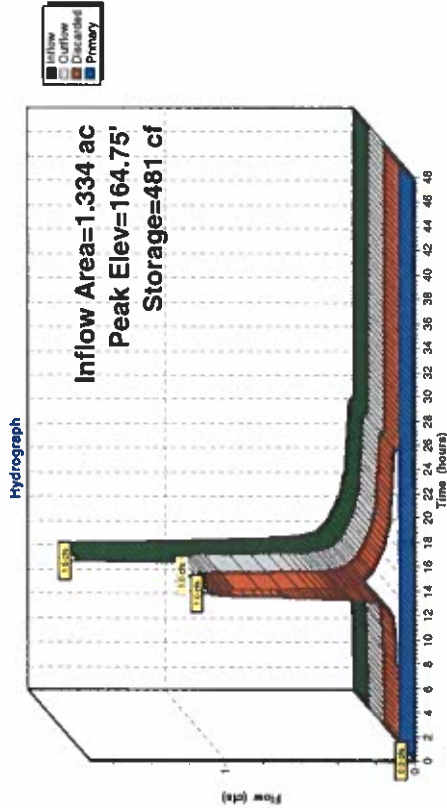
10,200.0 cf Field - 3,729.1 cf Chambers = 6,470.9 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 2,588.4 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 6,317.4 cf = 0.15 af
 Overall Storage Efficiency = 61.9%
 Overall System Size = 80.00' x 30.00' x 4.25'

100 Chambers
 377.8 cy Field
 239.7 cy Stone



Pond 3P: CULTEC



Summary for Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

Inflow Area = 4.009 ac, 28.52% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.51" for 2 Year event
 Inflow = 1.9 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.17 af
 Outflow = 1.9 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.17 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.6 min
 Primary = 1.9 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.17 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Peak Elev= 163.26' @ 12.15 hrs Surf.Area= 126 sf Storage= 79 cf
 Plug-Flow detention time= 2.5 min calculated for 0.17 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 1.5 min (873.6 - 872.1)

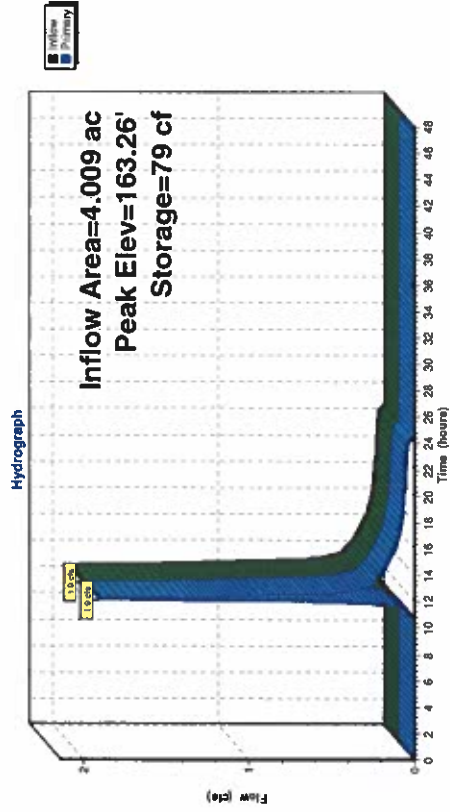
Volume	Invert	Avail. Storage	Storage Description
#1	162.00'	8,480 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf. Area (sq-ft)	Inc. Store (cubic-feet)	Cum. Store (cubic-feet)
162.00	0	0	0
164.00	200	200	200
164.60	2,600	840	1,040
165.00	4,100	1,340	2,380
166.00	8,100	6,100	8,480

Device Routing

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	162.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 33.0' K _e = 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Inverts= 162.50' / 161.30' S= 0.0364' /' C _c = 0.900 n= 0.024, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Primary	165.65'	Custom Weir/Orifice, C _v = 2.62 (C= 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 0.30 Width (feet) 0.00 70.00

Primary Outflow Max=1.9 cfs @ 12.15 hrs HW=163.26' (Free Discharge)
 1=Culvert (Inlet Controls 1.9 cfs @ 2.97 fps)
 2=Custom Weir/Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

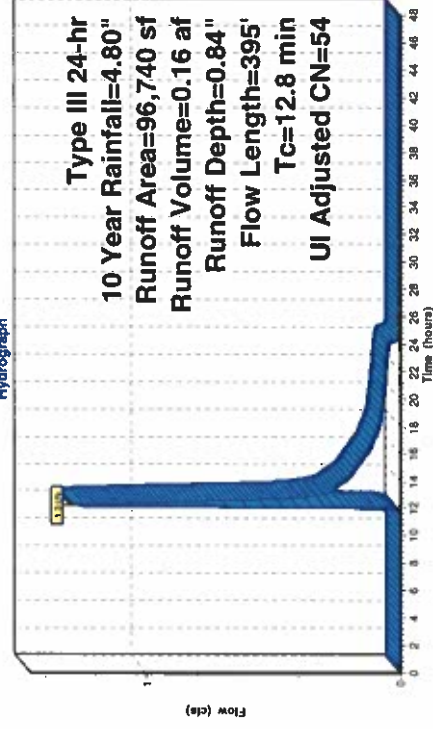


10-year storm

Summary for Subcatchment E1: Existing Conditions

Runoff = 1.3 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.16 af, Depth= 0.84"
 Routed to Pond E3 : 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=4.80"

Subcatchment E1: Existing Conditions



Area(sf)	CN	Adj	Description
5,580	30		Woods, Good, HSG A
20,810	39		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
760	98		Unconnected pavement, HSG A
2,510	55		Woods, Good, HSG B
19,070	61		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
1,350	98		Unconnected pavement, HSG B
1,480	98		Unconnected roofs, HSG B
32,640	61		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
11,500	55		Woods, Good, HSG B
1,060	98		Unconnected roofs, HSG B
96,740	55	54	Weighted Average, UI Adjusted
92,110			95.21% Pervious Area
4,630			4.79% Impervious Area
4,630			100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.2	50	0.0200	0.10	Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"
1.2	70	0.0200	0.99	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.5	65	0.0200	0.71	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.9	210	0.0700	1.85	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
12.8	395	Total		

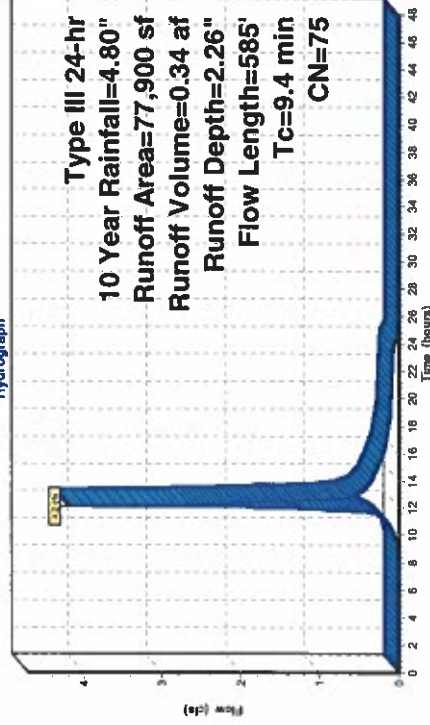
Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=4.80"
 Printed 9/22/2023

Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=4.80"
 Printed 9/22/2023

Summary for Subcatchment E2: Off-Site Area to Culvert

Subcatchment E2: Off-Site Area to Culvert

Runoff = 4.2 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.34 af, Depth= 2.26"
 Routed to Pond E3 : 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=4.80"



Area (sf)	CN	Description
28,200	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
21,900	98	Paved parking, HSG B
27,800	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
77,900	75	Weighted Average
56,000		71.89% Pervious Area
21,900		28.11% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0	50	0.1200	0.14	Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
2.9	330	0.1400	1.87	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	115	0.1200	7.03	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.2	90	0.0200	7.44	Pipe Channel, 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.013
9.4	585	Total		

Summary for Pond E3: 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions

Inflow Area = 4,009 ac, 15.19% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.47" for 10 Year event
 Inflow = 5.3 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.49 af
 Outflow = 4.1 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 0.49 af, Atten= 22%, Lag= 6.6 min
 Primary = 4.1 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 0.49 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Peak Elev= 164.44' @ 12.26 hrs Surf.Area= 2,184 sf Storage= 725 cf

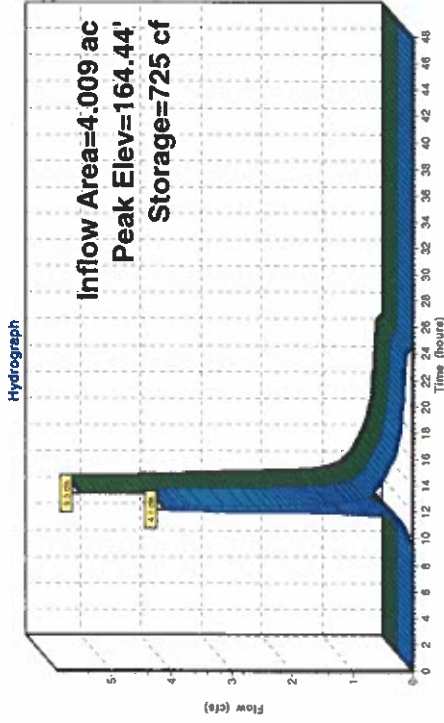
Plug-Flow detention time= 1.7 min calculated for 0.49 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 1.4 min (862.8 - 861.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	162.00'	13,700 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf. Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
162.00	0	0	0
164.00	200	200	200
164.60	2,900	930	1,130
165.00	6,700	1,920	3,050
166.00	14,600	10,650	13,700

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	162.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 33.0' Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 162.50' / 161.30' S= 0.0364' / Cc= 0.900 n= 0.024, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Primary	165.65'	Custom Weir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 0.30 Width (feet) 0.00 70.00

Primary Outflow Max=4.1 cfs @ 12.26 hrs HW=164.44' (Free Discharge)
 1-Culvert (Barrel Controls 4.1 cfs @ 5.23 fps)
 2-Custom Weir/Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

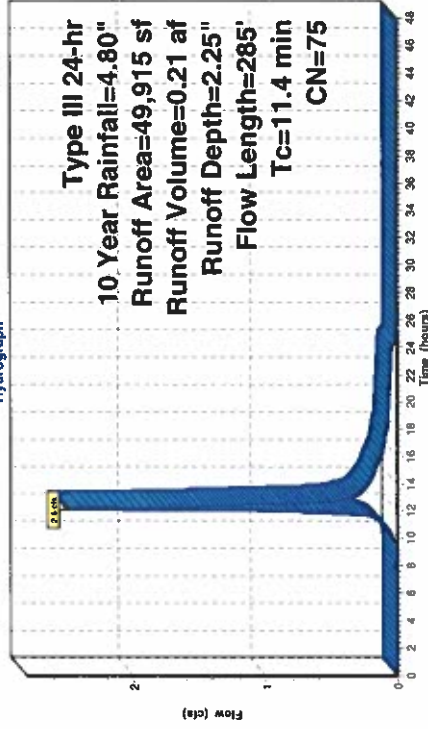
Pond E3: 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions



Summary for Subcatchment P1: Site Drainage System

Subcatchment P1: Site Drainage System

Runoff = 2.5 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.21 af, Depth= 2.25"
 Routed to Pond 3P : CULTEC
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=4.80"



Area (sf)	CN	Description
8,990	98	Paved parking, HSG B
9,665	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,140	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
460	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
7,400	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
1,060	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG B
17,200	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
49,915	75	Weighted Average
30,200		60.50% Pervious Area
19,715		39.50% Impervious Area
1,060		5.38% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.2	50	0.0200	0.10	Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.2	70	0.0200	0.99	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.5	65	0.0200	0.71	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.1	20	0.2000	3.13	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.4	80	0.0250	3.21	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
11.4	285	Total		

Summary for Subcatchment P2: Roof Area

Runoff = 0.9 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.07 af, Depth= 4.56"
 Routed to Pond 3P : CULTTEC

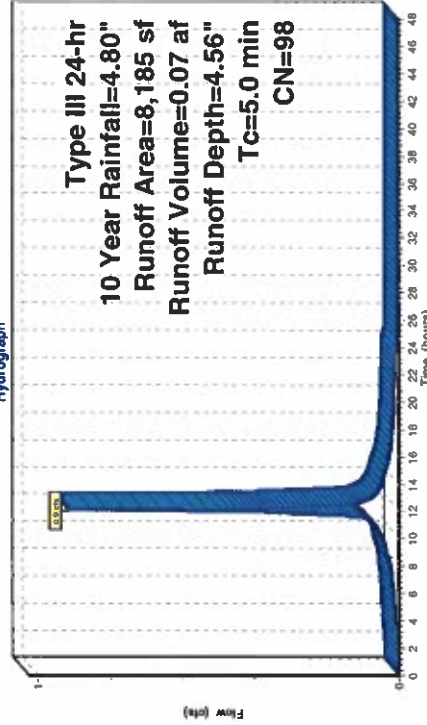
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=4.80"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,685	98	Roofs, HSG B
2,500	98	Roofs, HSG A
8,185	98	Weighted Average
8,185	100.00%	Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0					Direct Entry,

Subcatchment P2: Roof Area

Hydrograph



Summary for Subcatchment P3: Uncollected Runoff

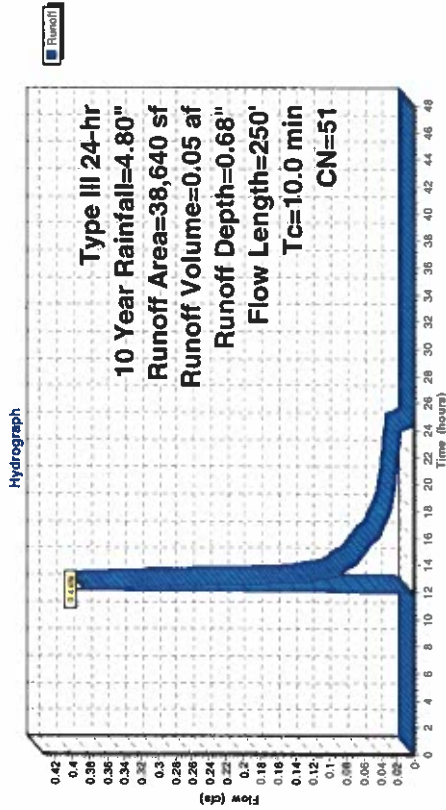
Runoff = 0.4 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 0.05 af, Depth= 0.68"
 Routed to Reach P5 : Total Proposed Conditions

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=4.80"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,475	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
12,475	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,100	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
2,050	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
4,100	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
15,440	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
38,640	51	Weighted Average
38,640	100.00%	Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
7.5	50	0.0250	0.11		Sheet Flow,
1.8	140	0.0350	1.31		Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20" Shallow Concentrated Flow,
0.7	60	0.0850	1.46		Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
10.0	250	Total			

Subcatchment P3: Uncollected Runoff



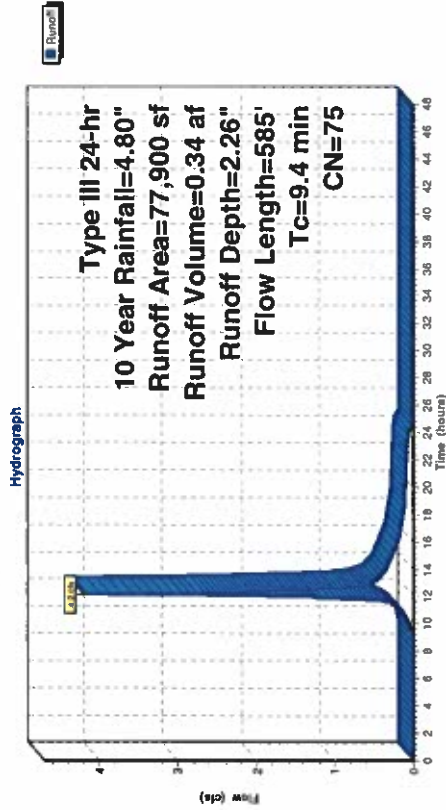
Summary for Subcatchment P6: Off-Site Area to Culvert

Runoff = 4.2 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.34 af, Depth= 2.26"
 Routed to Pond P7: 12' Culvert - Proposed Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 10 Year Rainfall=4.80"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
28,200	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
21,900	98	Paved parking, HSG B
27,800	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
77,900	75	Weighted Average
56,000		71.89% Pervious Area
21,900		28.11% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/Sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0	50	0.1200	0.14	Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush, n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
2.9	330	0.1400	1.87	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 f/s
0.3	115	0.1200	7.03	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 f/s
0.2	90	0.0200	9.14	Pipe Channel, 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.013
9.4	585	Total		

Subcatchment P6: Off-Site Area to Culvert



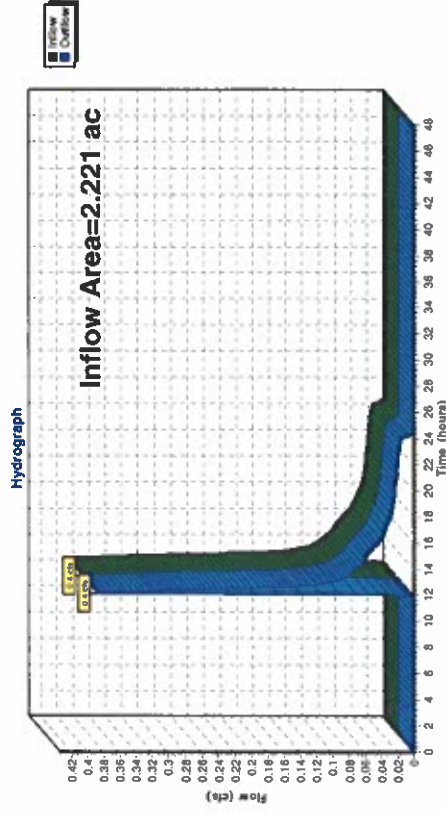
Summary for Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions

[40] Hint: Not Described (Outflow=Inflow)

Inflow Area = 2.221 ac, 28.84% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.27" for 10 Year event
 Inflow = 0.4 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 0.05 af
 Outflow = 0.4 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 0.05 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
 Routed to Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions



Summary for Pond 3P: CULTEC

Inflow Area = 1.334 ac, 48.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.57" for 10 Year event
 Inflow = 3.1 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.29 af
 Outflow = 1.3 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 0.29 af, Attens= 57%, Lag= 19.7 min
 Discarded = 1.3 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 0.29 af
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af
 Routed to Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 6
 Peak Elev= 165.69' @ 12.46 hrs Surf. Area= 2,400 sf Storage= 2,077 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 9.3 min calculated for 0.29 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 9.2 min (828.5 - 819.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail. Storage	Storage Description
#1A	164.25'	2,588 cf	30.00'W x 80.00'L x 4.25'H Field A
#2A	165.00'	3,729 cf	10,200 cf Overall - 3,729 cf Embedded = 6,471 cf x 40.0% Voids CULTEC R-360HD x 100 Inside #1 Effective Size= 54.9"W x 36.0"H => 9.99 sf x 3.67'L = 36.6 cf Overall Size= 60.0"W x 36.0"H x 4.17'L with 0.50' Overlap 100 Chambers in 5 Rows Cap Storage= 6.5 cf x 2 x 5 rows = 64.6 cf
#3	165.40'	103 cf	4.00'D x 8.20'H Manhole / DMH-3 -Impervious
		6,420 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	164.25'	15,000 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 161.00'
#2	Primary	167.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 35.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 167.50' / 166.00' S= 0.0429' Co= 0.900 n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=1.3 cfs @ 12.46 hrs HW=165.69' (Free Discharge)
 1-Exfiltration (Controls 1.3 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=164.25' (Free Discharge)
 2-Culvert (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 3P: CULTEC - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = CULTEC R-360HD (CULTEC Recharger® 360HD)
 Effective Size= 54.9"W x 36.0"H => 9.99 sf x 3.67'L = 36.6 cf
 Overall Size= 60.0"W x 36.0"H x 4.17'L with 0.50' Overlap
 Cap Storage= 6.5 cf x 2 x 5 rows = 64.6 cf

60.0' Wide + 6.0' Spacing = 66.0' C-C Row Spacing

20 Chambers/Row x 3.67' Long +1.25' Cap Length x 2 = 75.83' Row Length +25.0' End Stone x 2 = 80.00' Base Length

5 Rows x 60.0' Wide + 6.0' Spacing x 4 + 18.0' Side Stone x 2 = 30.00' Base Width
 9.0' Stone Base + 36.0' Chamber Height + 6.0' Stone Cover = 4.25' Field Height

100 Chambers x 36.6 cf + 6.5 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 5 Rows = 3,729.1 cf Chamber Storage

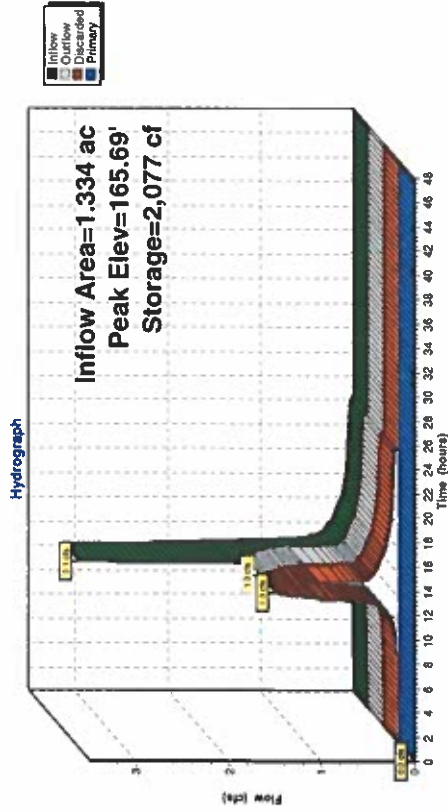
10,200.0 cf Field - 3,729.1 cf Chambers = 6,470.9 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 2,588.4 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 6,317.4 cf = 0.15 af
 Overall Storage Efficiency = 61.9%
 Overall System Size = 80.00' x 30.00' x 4.25'

100 Chambers
 377.8 cy Field
 239.7 cy Stone



Pond 3P: CULTEC



Summary for Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

Inflow Area = 4.009 ac, 28.52% impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.16" for 10 Year event
 Inflow = 4.5 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.39 af
 Outflow = 3.9 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 0.39 af, Atten= 13%, Lag= 3.8 min
 Primary = 3.9 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 0.39 af

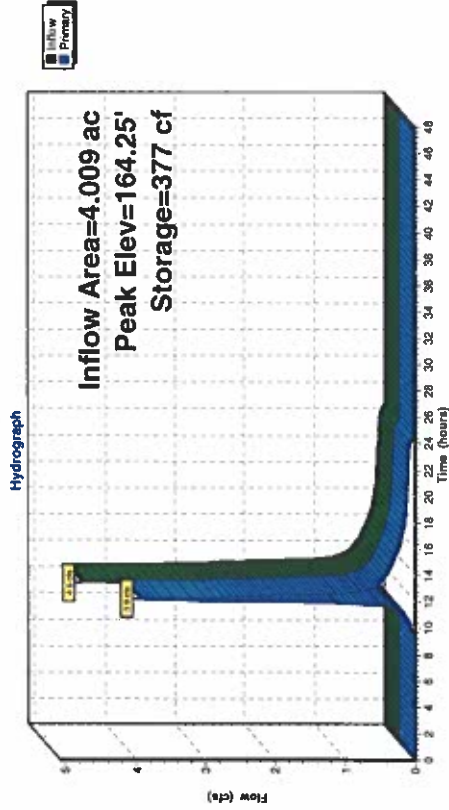
Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Peak Elev= 164.25' @ 12.20 hrs Surf.Area= 1,207 sf Storage= 377 cf
 Plug-Flow detention time= 1.7 min calculated for 0.39 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 1.2 min (852.0 - 850.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	162.00'	8,480 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
162.00	0	0	0
164.00	200	200	200
164.60	2,600	840	1,040
165.00	4,100	1,340	2,380
166.00	8,100	6,100	8,480

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	162.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 33.0' Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 162.50' / 161.30' S= 0.0364 7' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.024, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Primary	165.65'	Custom Weir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 0.30 Width (feet) 0.00 70.00

Primary OutFlow Max=3.9 cfs @ 12.20 hrs HW=164.25' (Free Discharge)
 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 3.9 cfs @ 5.00 fps)
 2=Custom Weir/Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions



25-year storm

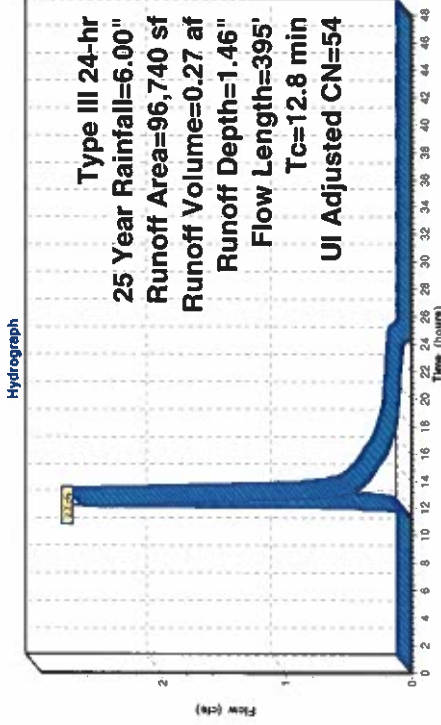
Summary for Subcatchment E1: Existing Conditions

Runoff = 2.7 cfs @ 12.20 hrs, Volume= 0.27 af, Depth= 1.46"
 Routed to Pond E3 : 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Adj	Description
5,580	30		Woods, Good, HSG A
20,810	39		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
760	98		Unconnected pavement, HSG A
2,510	55		Woods, Good, HSG B
19,070	61		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
1,330	98		Unconnected pavement, HSG B
1,480	98		Unconnected roofs, HSG B
32,640	61		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
11,500	55		Woods, Good, HSG B
1,060	98		Unconnected roofs, HSG B
96,740	55	54	Weighted Average, UI Adjusted
92,110			95.21% Pervious Area
4,630			4.79% Impervious Area
4,630			100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.2	50	0.0200	0.10	Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"
1.2	70	0.0200	0.99	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.5	65	0.0200	0.71	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.9	210	0.0700	1.85	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
12.8	395		Total	

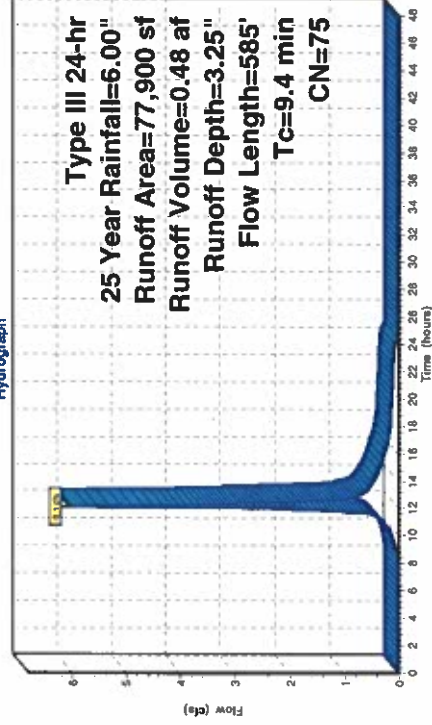
Subcatchment E1: Existing Conditions



Summary for Subcatchment E2: Off-Site Area to Culvert

Subcatchment E2: Off-Site Area to Culvert

Runoff = 6.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.48 af, Depth= 3.25"
 Routed to Pond E3 : 12' Culvert - Existing Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.00"



Area (sf)	CN	Description
28,200	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
21,900	98	Paved parking, HSG B
27,800	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
77,900	75	Weighted Average
56,000		71.89% Pervious Area
21,900		28.11% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0	50	0.1200	0.14	Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
2.9	330	0.1400	1.87	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	115	0.1200	7.03	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.2	90	0.0200	7.44	Pipe Channel, 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.013

9.4 585 Total

Summary for Pond E3: 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions

Inflow Area = 4.009 ac, 15.19% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.26' for 25 Year event
 Inflow = 8.4 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.76 af
 Outflow = 4.6 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 0.75 af, Atten= 45%, Lag= 14.8 min
 Primary = 4.6 cfs @ 12.40 hrs, Volume= 0.75 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Peak Elev= 165.01' @ 12.40 hrs Surf.Area= 6,770 sf Storage= 3,110 cf

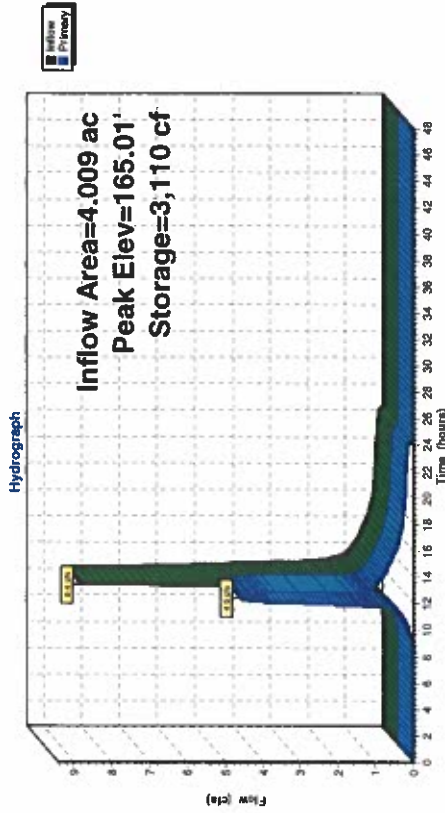
Plug-Flow detention time= 3.8 min calculated for 0.75 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 3.6 min (853.8 - 850.2)

Volume	Invert	Aval.Storage	Storage Description
#1	162.00'	13,700 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
162.00	0	0	0
164.00	200	200	200
164.60	2,900	930	1,130
165.00	6,700	1,920	3,050
166.00	14,600	10,650	13,700

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	162.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 33.0' Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Inverts= 162.50' / 161.30' S= 0.0364 1' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.024, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Primary	165.65'	Custom Weir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 0.30 Width (feet) 0.00 70.00

Primary Outflow Max=4.6 cfs @ 12.40 hrs HW=165.01' (Free Discharge)
 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 4.6 cfs @ 5.89 fps)
 2=Custom Weir/Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond E3: 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions



Summary for Subcatchment P1: Site Drainage System

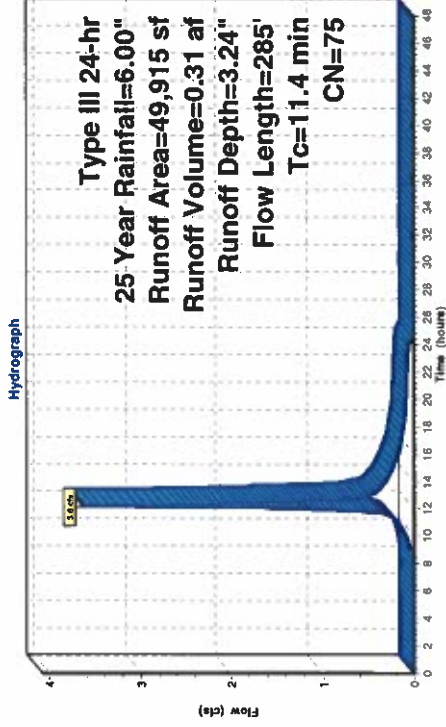
Runoff = 3.6 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.31 af, Depth= 3.24"
 Routed to Pond 3P : CULTTEC

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
8,990	98	Paved parking, HSG B
9,665	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,140	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
460	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
7,400	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
1,060	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG B
17,200	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
49,915	75	Weighted Average
30,200		60.50% Pervious Area
19,715		39.50% Impervious Area
1,060		5.38% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.2	50	0.0200	0.10		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.2	70	0.0200	0.99		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.5	65	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.1	20	0.2000	3.13		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.4	80	0.0250	3.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
11.4	285				Total

Subcatchment P1: Site Drainage System



Summary for Subcatchment P2: Roof Area

Runoff = 1.1 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.09 af, Depth= 5.76"
 Routed to Pond 3P : CULTEC

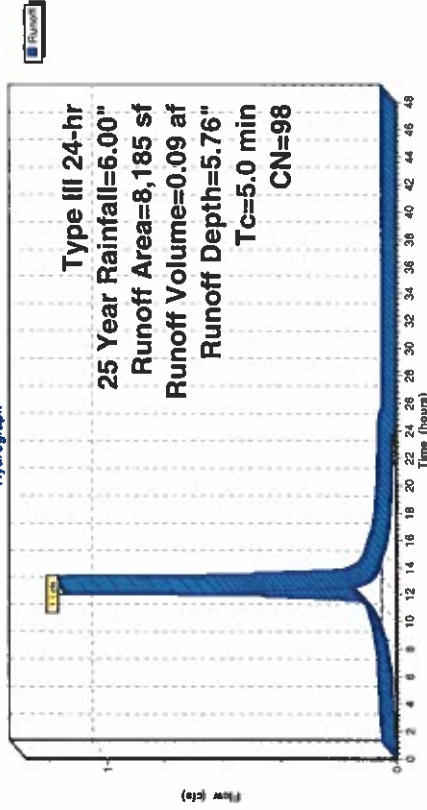
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,685	98	Roofs, HSG B
2,500	98	Roofs, HSG A
8,185	98	Weighted Average
8,185	100.00%	Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0				Direct Entry,

Subcatchment P2: Roof Area

Hydrograph



Summary for Subcatchment P3: Uncollected Runoff

Runoff = 0.9 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.09 af, Depth= 1.24"
 Routed to Reach P5 : Total Proposed Conditions

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,475	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
12,475	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,100	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
2,050	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
4,100	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
15,440	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
38,640	51	Weighted Average
38,640	100.00%	Pervious Area

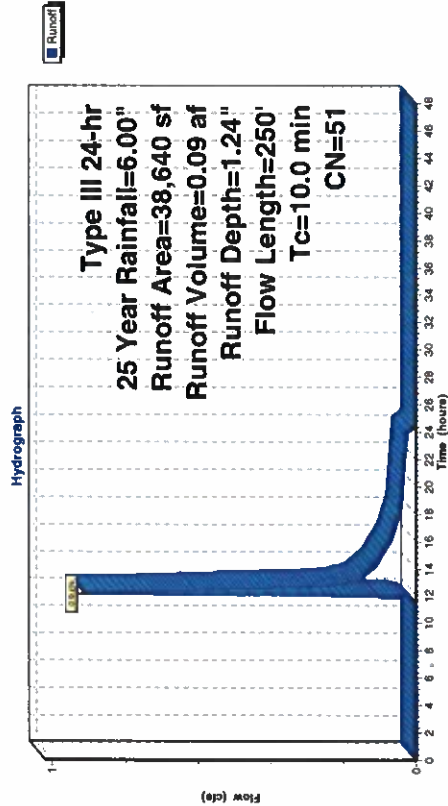
Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
7.5	50	0.0250	0.11		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.8	140	0.0350	1.31		
0.7	60	0.0850	1.46		
10.0	250	Total			

Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.00"

Printed 9/22/2023

Page 5

Subcatchment P3: Uncollected Runoff



Summary for Subcatchment P6: Off-Site Area to Culvert

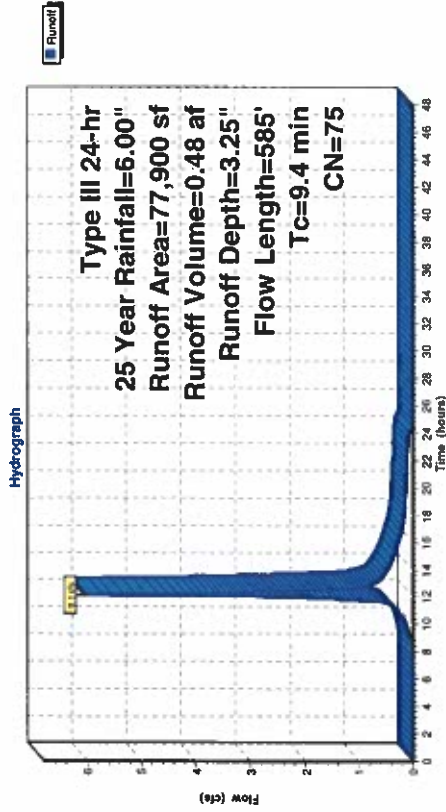
Runoff = 6.1 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.48 af, Depth= 3.25"
 Routed to Pond P7 : 12' Culvert - Proposed Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 25 Year Rainfall=6.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
28,200	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
21,900	98	Paved parking, HSG B
27,800	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
77,900	75	Weighted Average
56,000		71.89% Pervious Area
21,900		28.11% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0	50	0.1200	0.14		Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
2.9	330	0.1400	1.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	115	0.1200	7.03		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.2	90	0.0200	7.44	9.14	Pipe Channel, 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.013

9.4 585 Total

Subcatchment P6: Off-Site Area to Culvert



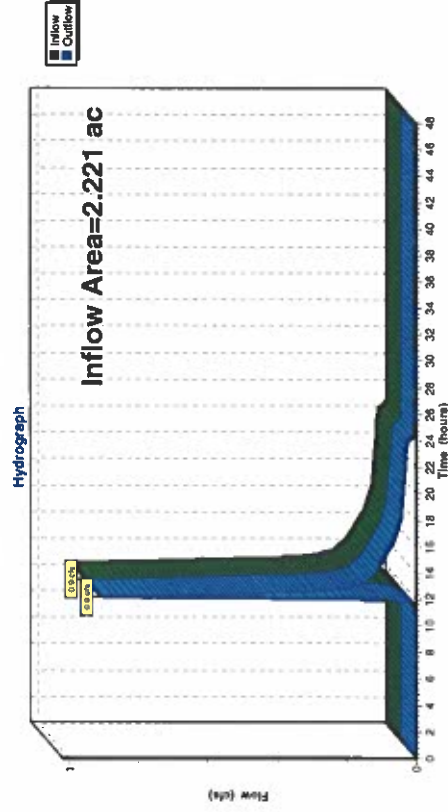
Summary for Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions

[40] Hint: Not Described (Outflow=Inflow)

Inflow Area = 2.221 ac, 28.84% impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.49" for 25 Year event
 Inflow = 0.9 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.09 af
 Outflow = 0.9 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 0.09 af, Atten= 0%, Leg= 0.0 min
 Routed to Pond P7 : 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions



Summary for Pond 3P: CULTEC

Inflow Area = 1.334 ac, 48.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.59" for 25 Year event
 Inflow = 4.4 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.40 af
 Outflow = 1.6 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 0.40 af, Attens= 63%, Lags= 21.8 min
 Discarded = 1.6 cfs @ 12.50 hrs, Volume= 0.40 af
 Primary = 0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.00 af
 Routed to Reach P5 : Total Proposed Conditions

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 6
 Peak Elev= 166.51' @ 12.50 hrs Surf.Area= 2,400 sf Storage= 3,615 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 14.4 min calculated for 0.40 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 14.4 min (827.0 - 812.6)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	164.25'	2,588 cf	30.00'W x 80.00'L x 4.25'H Field A 10,200 cf Overall - 3,729 cf Embedded = 6,471 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	165.00'	3,729 cf	Cultec R-360HD x 100 Inside #1 Effective Size= 54.9"W x 36.0"H => 9.99 sf x 3.67'L = 36.6 cf Overall Size= 60.0"W x 36.0"H x 4.17'L with 0.50' Overlap 100 Chambers in 5 Rows Cap Storage= 6.5 cf x 2 x 5 rows = 64.6 cf
#3	165.40'	103 cf	4.00'D x 8.20'H Manhole / DMH-3 -Impervious
		6,420 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	164.25'	15,000 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 161.00'
#2	Primary	167.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 35.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Inverts= 167.50' / 166.00', S= 0.0429', Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=1.6 cfs @ 12.50 hrs HW=166.51' (Free Discharge)
 1-1=Exfiltration (Controls 1.6 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=164.25' (Free Discharge)
 1-2=Culvert (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond 3P: CULTEC - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = Cultec R-360HD (Cultec Recharger® 360HD)
 Effective Size= 54.9"W x 36.0"H => 9.99 sf x 3.67'L = 36.6 cf
 Overall Size= 60.0"W x 36.0"H x 4.17'L with 0.50' Overlap
 Cap Storage= 6.5 cf x 2 x 5 rows = 64.6 cf

60.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 66.0" C-C Row Spacing

20 Chambers/Row x 3.67' Long + 1.25' Cap Length x 2 = 75.83' Row Length +25.0" End Stone x 2 = 80.00' Base Length

5 Rows x 60.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 4 + 18.0" Side Stone x 2 = 30.00' Base Width
 9.0" Stone Base + 36.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Stone Cover = 4.25' Field Height

100 Chambers x 36.6 cf + 6.5 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 5 Rows = 3,729.1 cf Chamber Storage

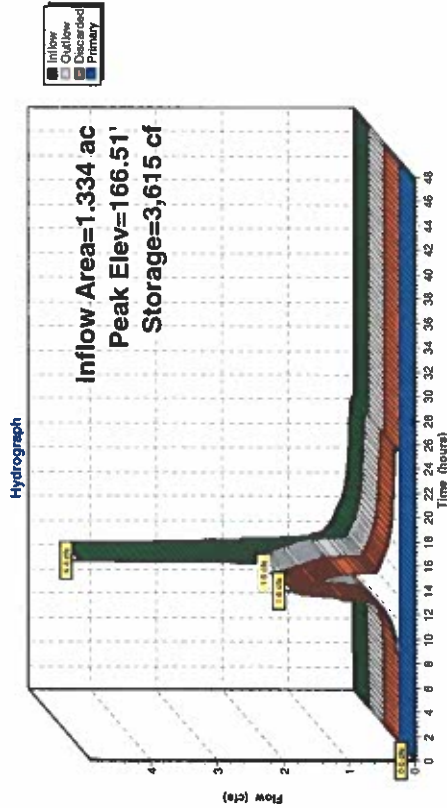
10,200.0 cf Field - 3,729.1 cf Chambers = 6,470.9 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 2,588.4 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 6,317.4 cf = 0.15 af
 Overall Storage Efficiency = 61.9%
 Overall System Size = 80.00' x 30.00' x 4.25'

100 Chambers
 377.8 cy Field
 239.7 cy Stone



Pond 3P: CULTEC



Summary for Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

Inflow Area = 4.009 ac, 28.52% impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.72" for 25 Year event
 Inflow = 6.9 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.58 af
 Outflow = 4.4 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 0.58 af, Atten= 36%, Lag= 8.8 min
 Primary = 4.4 cfs @ 12.28 hrs, Volume= 0.58 af

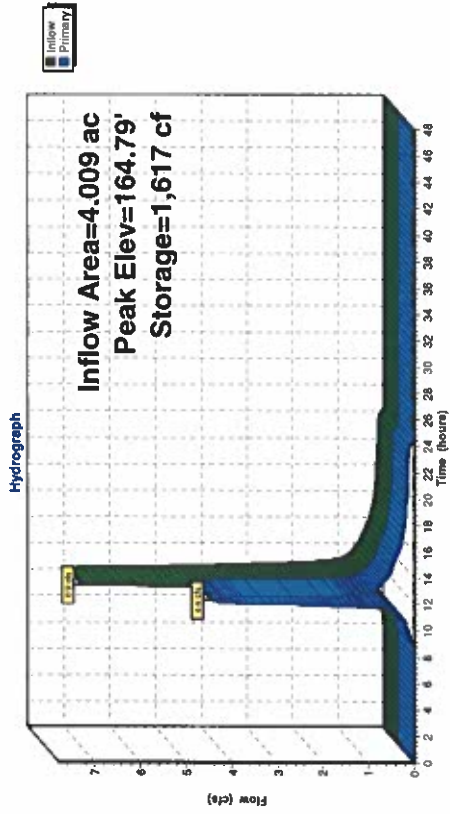
Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Peak Elev= 164.79' @ 12.28 hrs Surf.Area= 3,329 sf Storage= 1,617 cf
 Plug-Flow detention time= 2.5 min calculated for 0.58 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 2.2 min (842.5 - 840.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	162.00'	8,480 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
162.00	0	0	0
164.00	200	200	200
164.60	2,600	840	1,040
165.00	4,100	1,340	2,380
166.00	8,100	6,100	8,480

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	162.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 33.0' Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 162.50' / 161.30' S= 0.0364' /' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.024, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Primary	165.65'	Custom Weir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 0.30 Width (feet) 0.00 70.00

Primary OutFlow Max=4.4 cfs @ 12.28 hrs HW=164.79' (Free Discharge)
 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 4.4 cfs @ 5.65 fps)
 2=Custom Weir/Orifice (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions



100-year storm

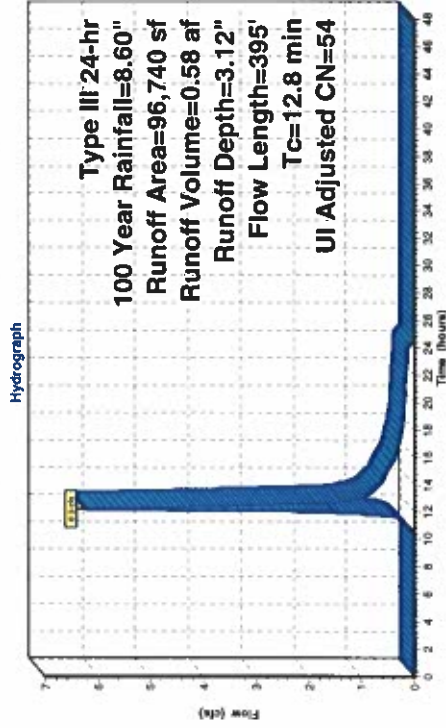
Summary for Subcatchment E1: Existing Conditions

Runoff = 6.3 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 0.58 af, Depth= 3.12"
 Routed to Pond E3 : 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Adj	Description
5,580	30		Woods, Good, HSG A
20,810	39		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
780	98		Unconnected pavement, HSG A
2,510	55		Woods, Good, HSG B
19,070	61		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
1,330	98		Unconnected pavement, HSG B
1,480	98		Unconnected roofs, HSG B
32,640	61		>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
11,500	55		Woods, Good, HSG B
1,060	98		Unconnected roofs, HSG B
96,740	55	54	Weighted Average, UI Adjusted
92,110			95.21% Pervious Area
4,630			4.79% Impervious Area
4,630			100.00% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.2	50	0.0200	0.10		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20"
1.2	70	0.0200	0.99		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.5	65	0.0200	0.71		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.9	210	0.0700	1.85		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
12.8	395	Total			

Subcatchment E1: Existing Conditions



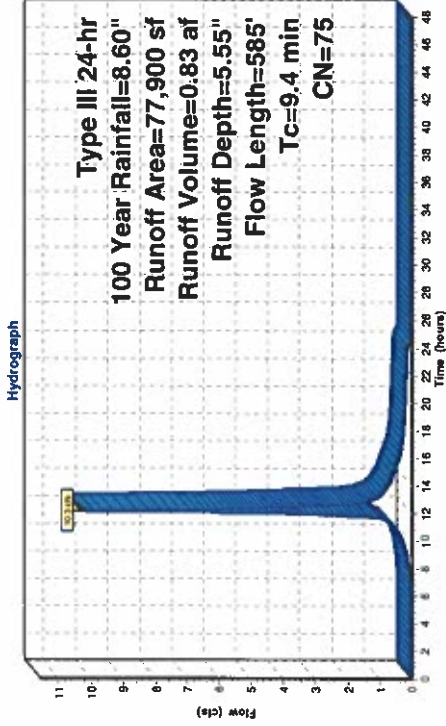
Summary for Subcatchment E2: Off-Site Area to Culvert

[47] Hint: Peak is 113% of capacity of segment #4
 Runoff = 10.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.83 af, Depth= 5.55"
 Routed to Pond E3 : 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions
 Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
28,200	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
21,900	98	Paved parking, HSG B
27,800	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
77,900	75	Weighted Average
56,000		71.89% Pervious Area
21,900		28.11% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0	50	0.1200	0.14	Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
2.9	330	0.1400	1.87	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	115	0.1200	7.03	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.2	90	0.0200	7.44	9.14 Pipe Channel, 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n= 0.013
9.4	585	Total		

Subcatchment E2: Off-Site Area to Culvert



Summary for Pond E3: 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions

Inflow Area = 4.009 ac, 15.19% impervious, Inflow Depth = 4.20" for 100 Year event
 Inflow = 16.1 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 1.40 af
 Outflow = 7.8 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume= 1.40 af, Atten= 51%, Lag= 16.6 min
 Primary = 7.8 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, Volume= 1.40 af

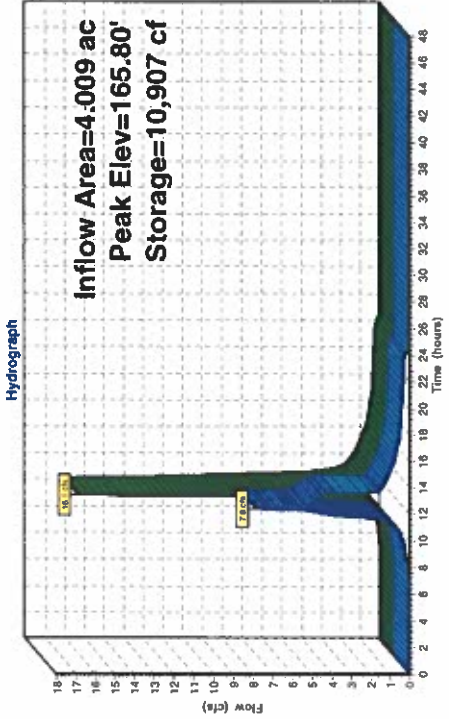
Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Peak Elev= 165.80' @ 12.43 hrs Surf.Area= 13,001 sf Storage= 10,907 cf
 Plug-Flow detention time= 10.9 min calculated for 1.40 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 10.8 min (844.9 - 834.1)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1	162.00'	13,700 cf	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
Elevation (feet)	Surf. Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)
162.00	0	0	0
164.00	200	200	200
164.60	2,900	930	1,130
165.00	6,700	1,920	3,050
166.00	14,600	10,650	13,700

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	162.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 33.0' Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Inverts= 162.50' / 161.30' S= 0.0364 1' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.024, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Primary	165.65'	Custom Weir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 0.30 Width (feet) 0.00 70.00

Primary Outflow Max=7.8 cfs @ 12.43 hrs, HW=165.80' (Free Discharge)
 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 5.3 cfs @ 6.69 fps)
 2=Custom Weir/Orifice (Weir Controls 2.6 cfs @ 1.01 fps)

Pond E3: 12" Culvert - Existing Conditions



Summary for Subcatchment P1: Site Drainage System

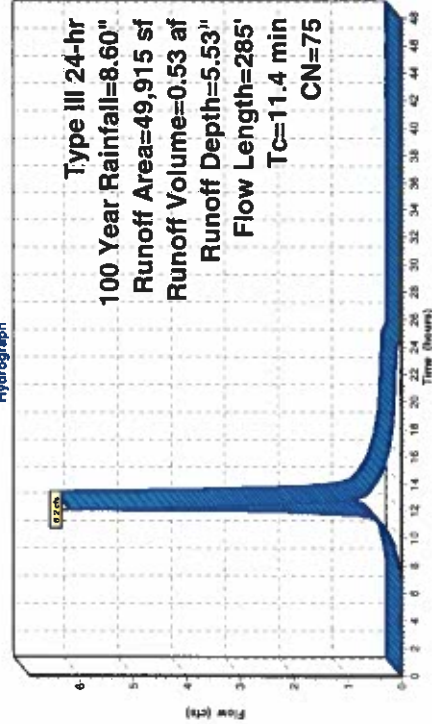
Runoff = 6.2 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.53 af, Depth= 5.53"
 Routed to Pond 3P : CULTEC

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
8,990	98	Paved parking, HSG B
9,665	98	Paved parking, HSG A
5,140	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
460	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
7,400	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
1,060	98	Unconnected roofs, HSG B
17,200	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
49,915	75	Weighted Average
30,200		60.50% Pervious Area
19,715		39.50% Impervious Area
1,060		5.38% Unconnected

Tc (min)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
8.2	50	0.0200	0.10	Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.2	70	0.0200	0.99	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.5	65	0.0200	0.71	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.1	20	0.2000	3.13	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
0.4	80	0.0250	3.21	Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
11.4	285	Total		

Subcatchment P1: Site Drainage System



Summary for Subcatchment P2: Roof Area

Runoff = 1.6 cfs @ 12.07 hrs, Volume= 0.13 af, Depth= 8.36"
 Routed to Pond 3P : CULTEC

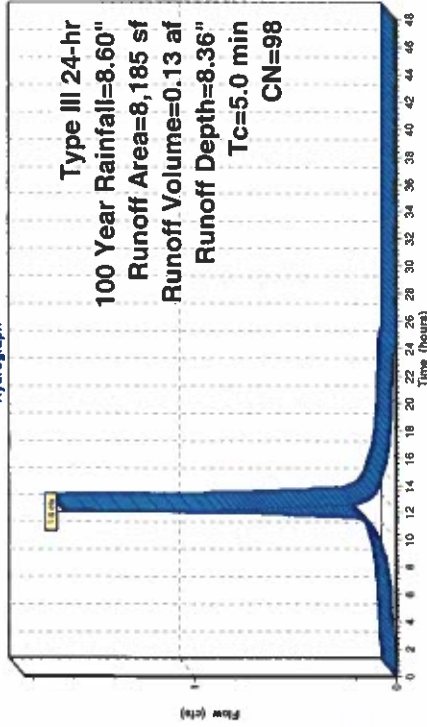
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
5,685	98	Roofs, HSG B
2,500	98	Roofs, HSG A
8,185	98	Weighted Average
8,185	100.00%	Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
5.0					Direct Entry.

Subcatchment P2: Roof Area

Hydrograph



Summary for Subcatchment P3: Uncollected Runoff

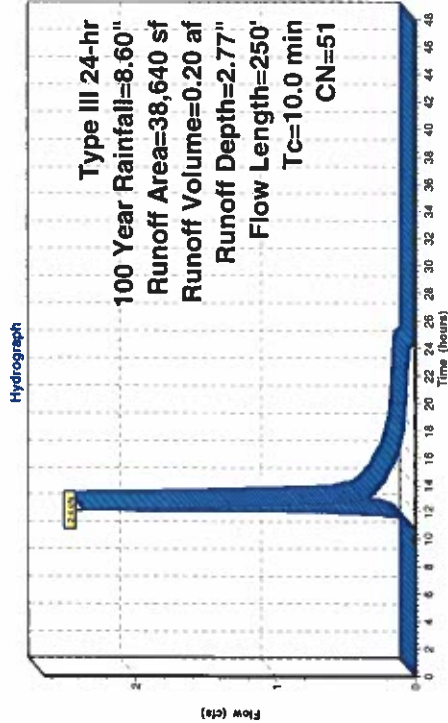
Runoff = 2.4 cfs @ 12.15 hrs, Volume= 0.20 af, Depth= 2.77"
 Routed to Reach P5 : Total Proposed Conditions

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
2,475	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
12,475	39	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG A
2,100	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
2,050	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
4,100	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
15,440	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
38,640	51	Weighted Average
38,640	100.00%	Pervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
7.5	50	0.0250	0.11		Sheet Flow, Grass: Dense n= 0.240 P2= 3.20" Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1.8	140	0.0350	1.31		
0.7	60	0.0850	1.46		
10.0	250	Total			

Subcatchment P3: Uncollected Runoff



Summary for Subcatchment P6: Off-Site Area to Culvert

[47] Hint: Peak is 113% of capacity of segment #4

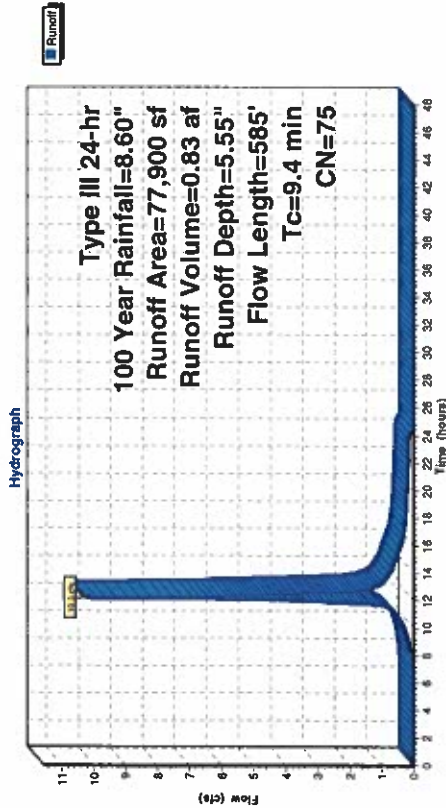
Runoff = 10.3 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 0.83 af, Depth= 5.55"
 Routed to Pond P7 : 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.60"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
28,200	70	Woods, Good, HSG C
21,900	98	Paved parking, HSG B
27,800	61	>75% Grass cover, Good, HSG B
77,900	75	Weighted Average
56,000		71.89% Pervious Area
21,900		28.11% Impervious Area

Tc (min)	Length (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	Velocity (ft/sec)	Capacity (cfs)	Description
6.0	50	0.1200	0.14		Sheet Flow, Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
2.9	330	0.1400	1.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
0.3	115	0.1200	7.03		Shallow Concentrated Flow, Paved Kv= 20.3 fps
0.2	90	0.0200	7.44	9.14	Pipe Channel, 15.0" Round Area= 1.2 sf Perim= 3.9' r= 0.31' n=0.013
9.4	585	Total			

Subcatchment P6: Off-Site Area to Culvert



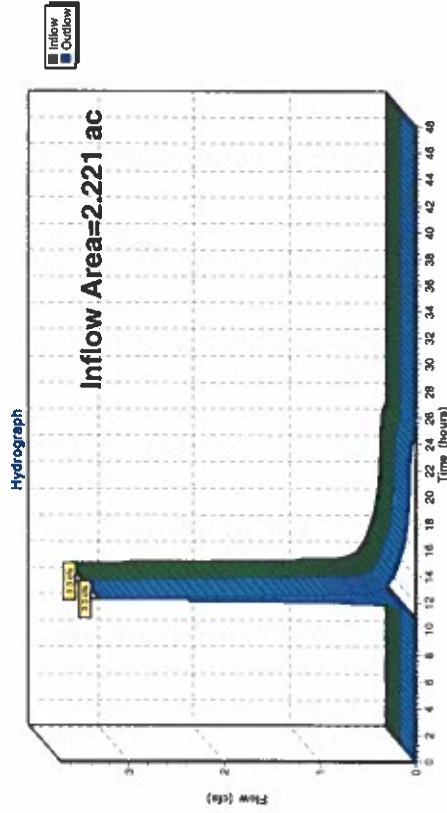
Summary for Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions

[40] Hint: Not Described (Outflow=Inflow)

Inflow Area = 2.221 ac, 28.84% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.31" for 100 Year event
 Inflow = 3.3 cfs @ 12.33 hrs, Volume= 0.24 af
 Outflow = 3.3 cfs @ 12.33 hrs, Volume= 0.24 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min
 Routed to Pond P7 : 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

Routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs

Reach P5: Total Proposed Conditions



Summary for Pond 3P: CULTEC

Inflow Area = 1.334 ac, 48.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.93" for 100 Year event
 Inflow = 7.3 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.66 af
 Outflow = 4.1 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 0.66 af, Atten= 43%, Lag= 12.4 min
 Discarded = 2.3 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 0.62 af
 Primary = 1.8 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 0.04 af
 Routed to Reach P5 : Total Proposed Conditions

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 6
 Peak Elev= 168.24' @ 12.35 hrs Surf.Area= 2,400 sf Storage= 6,108 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 18.7 min calculated for 0.66 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 18.7 min (820.5 - 801.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	164.25'	2,588 cf	30.00'W x 80.00'L x 4.25'H Field A 10,200 cf Overall - 3,729 cf Embedded = 6,471 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	165.00'	3,729 cf	Cultec R-360HD x 100 Inside #1 Effective Size= 54.9"W x 36.0"H => 9.99 sf x 3.67'L = 36.6 cf Overall Size= 60.0"W x 36.0"H x 4.17'L with 0.50' Overlap 100 Chambers in 5 Rows Cap Storage= 6.5 cf x 2 x 5 rows = 64.6 cf
#3	165.40'	103 cf	4.00'D x 6.20'H Manhole / DMH-3 -Impervious
		6,420 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	164.25'	15,000 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 161.00'
#2	Primary	167.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 35.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 167.50' / 166.00' S= 0.0429 /' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=2.3 cfs @ 12.35 hrs HW=168.24' (Free Discharge)
 1-Exfiltration (Controls 2.3 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=1.8 cfs @ 12.35 hrs HW=168.24' (Free Discharge)
 2-Culvert (Inlet Controls 1.8 cfs @ 2.94 fps)

Pond 3P: CULTEC - Chamber Wizard Field A

Chamber Model = Cultec R-360HD (Cultec Recharger@ 360HD)
 Effective Size= 54.9"W x 36.0"H => 9.99 sf x 3.67'L = 36.6 cf
 Overall Size= 60.0"W x 36.0"H x 4.17'L with 0.50' Overlap
 Cap Storage= 6.5 cf x 2 x 5 rows = 64.6 cf

60.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing = 66.0" C-C Row Spacing

20 Chambers/Row x 3.67' Long + 1.25' Cap Length x 2 = 75.83' Row Length + 25.0" End Stone x 2 = 80.00' Base Length

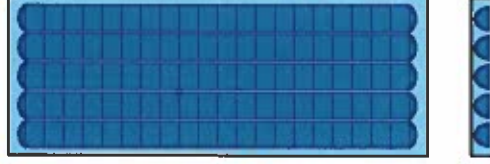
5 Rows x 60.0" Wide + 6.0" Spacing x 4 + 18.0" Side Stone x 2 = 30.00' Base Width
 9.0" Stone Base + 36.0" Chamber Height + 6.0" Stone Cover = 4.25' Field Height

100 Chambers x 36.6 cf + 6.5 cf Cap Volume x 2 x 5 Rows = 3,729.1 cf Chamber Storage

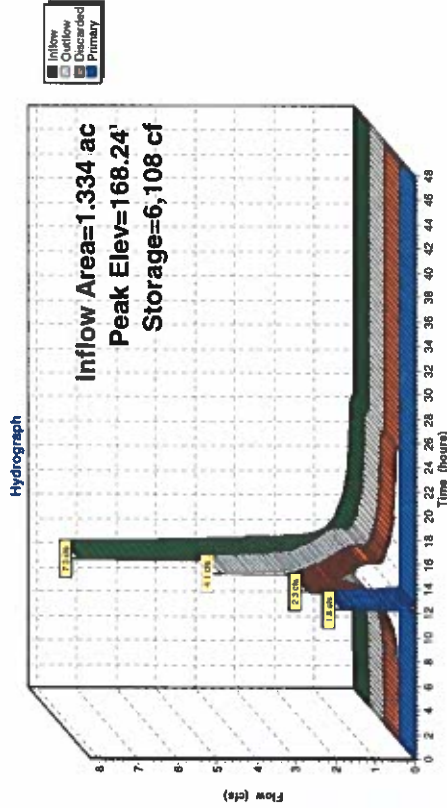
10,200.0 cf Field - 3,729.1 cf Chambers = 6,470.9 cf Stone x 40.0% Voids = 2,588.4 cf Stone Storage

Chamber Storage + Stone Storage = 6,317.4 cf = 0.15 af
 Overall Storage Efficiency = 61.9%
 Overall System Size = 80.00' x 30.00' x 4.25'

100 Chambers
 377.8 cy Field
 239.7 cy Stone



Pond 3P: CULTEC



Summary for Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions

Inflow Area = 4.009 ac, 28.52% impervious, Inflow Depth = 3.20" for 100 Year event
 Inflow = 12.6 cfs @ 12.13 hrs, Volume= 1.07 af
 Outflow = 7.6 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 1.07 af, Atten= 40%, Lag= 15.4 min
 Primary = 7.6 cfs @ 12.39 hrs, Volume= 1.07 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs
 Peak Elev= 165.79 @ 12.39 hrs Surf.Area= 7,262 sf Storage= 6,871 cf

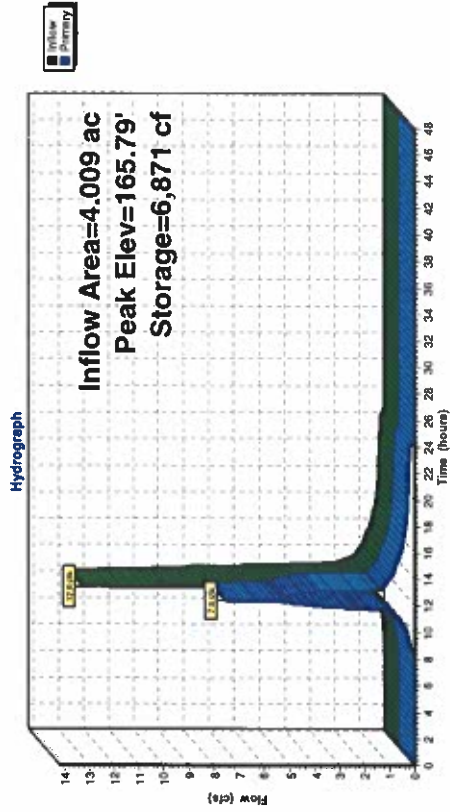
Plug-Flow detention time= 6.9 min calculated for 1.07 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 6.7 min (829.1 - 822.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage	Custom Stage Data (Prismatic) Listed below (Recalc)
#1	162.00'	8,480 cf		
Elevation (feet)	Surf. Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
162.00	0	0	0	
164.00	200	200	200	
164.60	2,600	840	1,040	
165.00	4,100	1,340	2,380	
166.00	8,100	6,100	8,480	

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Primary	162.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 33.0' Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 162.50' / 161.30' S= 0.0364' /' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.024, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Primary	165.65'	Custom Weir/Orifice, Cv= 2.62 (C= 3.28) Head (feet) 0.00 0.30 Width (feet) 0.00 70.00

Primary OutFlow Max=7.5 cfs @ 12.39 hrs HW=165.79' (Free Discharge)
 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 5.2 cfs @ 6.68 fps)
 2=Custom Weir/Orifice (Weir Controls 2.3 cfs @ 0.98 fps)

Pond P7: 12" Culvert - Proposed Conditions



STORMWATER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

STORMWATER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

502 Concord Road
Sudbury, MA

June 1, 2023

Stormwater Management System Owner:
and Responsible Party

Name:

Joel Corder

Signature:



This Operation and Maintenance Plan has been prepared in accordance with the Sudbury stormwater standards and recommendations outlined in the DEP stormwater handbook. This plan outlines the minimum efforts necessary to ensure that the stormwater collection and treatment system and sedimentation and erosion control system for this site operates in accordance with the design. Efforts in addition to the minimum listed herein may be required to ensure adequate stormwater management.

This plan includes general site restrictions, routing/non-routine operation and maintenance; reporting and record keeping; and an estimated budget.

General Site Conditions

The following conditions are imposed as part of this Plan.

- The Stormwater Permitting Authority or its designee shall be able to enter the property, with notice to the property owner, at reasonable times and in a reasonable manner for the purpose of inspection.
- Illicit discharges into stormwater management system are perpetually prohibited.
- The use of fertilizers should be limited to slow-release fertilizers, except at establishment of vegetation.
- Uncovered and/or uncontained road de-icing materials shall not be stored on-site.

Operation and Maintenance:

Schedule: The entire stormwater management system should be inspected twice per year and catch basins/CDS should be inspected four times per year.

Specific inspection and maintenance practices are listed under each component below. Upon completion of inspection, the inspector should specify any necessary corrective actions to be taken by ownership of the facility. The items to be inspected and maintained are described in the following sections.

Based on the observed conditions, the Responsible Party shall immediately schedule the appropriate maintenance. Some minor maintenance, such as the removal of blockages, debris and saplings in the basins may be conducted at the time of the inspection. More difficult maintenance activities, requiring special equipment, will have to be scheduled, such as the removal of excessive sediment or the repair of eroded areas. All sediment must be removed at least once per year.

The actual removal of sediments and associated pollutants and trash occurs only when sumps are cleaned out; therefore, regular maintenance is required. The more frequent the cleaning, the less likely sediments will be resuspended and subsequently discharged. Frequent cleaning also results in more volume available for future storms and enhances the overall performance.

At a minimum, sumps should be inspected four times annually, and cleaned whenever the depth from water surface to sediment is less than 36 inches, or at least once per year.

Vacuum trucks are required for cleaning. Disposal of the accumulated sediment and hydrocarbons must be in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal guidelines and regulations. At each inspection, record sediment depth, inspect internal components, structural condition, and inlet grate condition. Inspect outlet pipe and remove debris.

CDS Water Quality Unit & Deep Sump Catch Basins & Area Drains

Locations:

- CDS Unit – (one structure) located within the driveway to the north side of the building, with cover to grade.
- Catch Basins – (four structures) located within the parking lot.
- Area Drains – two located within front yard

The actual removal of sediments and associated pollutants and trash occurs only when sumps are cleaned out; therefore, regular maintenance is required. The more frequent the cleaning, the less likely sediments will be resuspended and subsequently discharged. Frequent cleaning also results in more volume available for future storms and enhances the overall performance.

At a minimum, sumps should be inspected four times annually, and cleaned whenever the depth from water surface to sediment is less than 36 inches, or at least once per year.

Vacuum trucks are required for cleaning. Disposal of the accumulated sediment and hydrocarbons must be in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal guidelines and regulations. At each inspection, record sediment depth, inspect internal components, structural condition, and inlet grate condition. Inspect outlet pipe and remove debris.

Drywells

One large Drywell is located under the parking areas to the north of the building with four (4) cleanouts to grade. The location is shown on the Site Plans.

Drywells should be inspected once after a major rainstorm within the first few months of installation. Thereafter, inspect drywells twice per year, with the inspections following rain events with 0.5 inches or more of precipitation, the drywell should be opened and inspected to see if it has fully drained and checked for accumulated debris and sediment. Drywells should drain within three days. If any is present or if the drywell does not drain within 72 hours of the end of a storm, then remediation is necessary. It may be possible to flood the system to suspend sediment and debris and remove it with a vacuum truck. Otherwise, replacement of the drywell may be required.

Roof drain connections should be checked to verify connections. Overflows should be checked for evidence of bypass. Roof gutters shall be maintained and cleaned a minimum of twice per year or whenever debris is noted.

Trench Drain

A trench drain is located across the entrance driveway and rear play yard. Trench drains should be inspected at least four times per year. Inspection can be performed through the inlet grate from the surface. Any sediment or debris noted should be removed. Access would be provided by removing the inlet grate. Disposal must be in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal guidelines and regulations.

Snow Removal

Snow shall not be plowed onto the abutting properties. Storage areas are noted on the site plans. If on-site storage is not sufficient, snow shall be properly removed from the site. The inlet grates shall be uncovered and functional immediately after snow plowing. Snow shall not be stockpiled above catch basins or other drainage inlets.

Street Sweeping

Street sweeping of the roadway should be performed at least twice per year, preferably in the spring after the snow has melted and in the fall, prior to snowfall. Disposal of the sweepings must be in accordance with applicable local, state, and federal guidelines and regulations.

Vegetation

The initial vegetation inspection shall occur four (4) weeks after final stabilization of the site; vegetation shall be dense (and aesthetically acceptable on all portions of the project, including the side slopes, buffer strips and the embankments). The inspector shall determine and document: (1) whether fertilizing is required (2) the areas where grass shall be mowed, and (3) the areas which shall be protected against erosion. In addition, recently seeded areas shall be inspected for failures.

Eroded areas shall be filled and compacted, if necessary, and reseeded as soon as possible. If an area erodes twice, then a geotextile fabric is to be installed to stabilize the area to allow vegetation to be established. These maintenance activities shall take place during the planting season. Areas affected by lack of rainfall shall be watered. If the stand is more than 60% damaged, it shall be reestablished, following the original preparation and seeding instructions. Areas of repeated erosion/scour problems shall be lined with riprap only after twice attempting to stabilize the area with geotextile fabric.

Driveway Surfaces

Paved driveway surfaces shall be inspected for settlement, cracking, potholes, and sediment/sand accumulation on the surface. Surfaces shall be swept a minimum of twice per year (spring and fall). Any structural deficiencies shall be reported to the Owner and repaired as required.

Reporting and Record Keeping

The responsible party will be responsible for maintaining accurate Maintenance Logs for all maintenance, inspections, repairs, replacements, and disposal (for disposal, the log shall indicate the type of material and the disposal location). The logs shall be kept on site be available for inspection by the Town municipal departments or other auditing authority. This will be a perpetual requirement of the Owners or their Designated Party.

The Site Maintenance Log will be completed as described above, and at a minimum will include:

- a. The date of inspection or activity;
- b. Name of inspector;
- c. The condition of each BMP, including components such as:
 - i. Pretreatment devices
 - ii. Vegetation
 - iii. Inlets and outlets
 - iv. Swales
 - v. Underground drainage
 - vi. Sediment and debris accumulation.
 - vii. Any nonstructural practices
 - viii. Pavement condition
 - ix. Roof drains and gutter conditions
 - ix. Any other item that could affect the proper function of the stormwater management system
- d. Description of the need for maintenance; and
- e. For disposal include type of material and the disposal location;

Easements:

No drainage easements are currently proposed or required. The site does not contain any other access or utility easements.

Changes to Operation and Maintenance Plans

The owner(s) of the stormwater management system must notify the Stormwater Permitting Authority or its designated Reviewing Agent of changes in ownership or assignment of financial responsibility.

Emergency Response Plan / Spill Control Practices

On-site storage of hazardous materials shall not be allowed.

In the event of an accident in the driveway where a significant amount of gasoline or other petroleum product is released, the following procedure should be followed:

1. Immediately contact the following agencies:

Sudbury Fire Department	(508)443-2239
MassDEP Emergency response	(888) 304-1133

2. Provide support to agencies listed above, which may include contacting an outside contractor to provide clean-up or contacting a Licensed Site Professional (LSP) to lead the clean-up.

The outlet to the drainage system should be inspected. If there is evidence of discharge from the drainage system, additional corrective actions must be taken extending to the receiving water or beyond.

Stormwater Operations and Maintenance BMP Inspection Form

Project: 502 Concord Road

Date:

Owner:

By:

Location: 502 Concord Road
Sudbury, MA

Rain Events: 24 hrs
72 hrs

Roof Drains

	Connected (y/n)	Condition	Action Required
Downspouts			

Stormwater Components

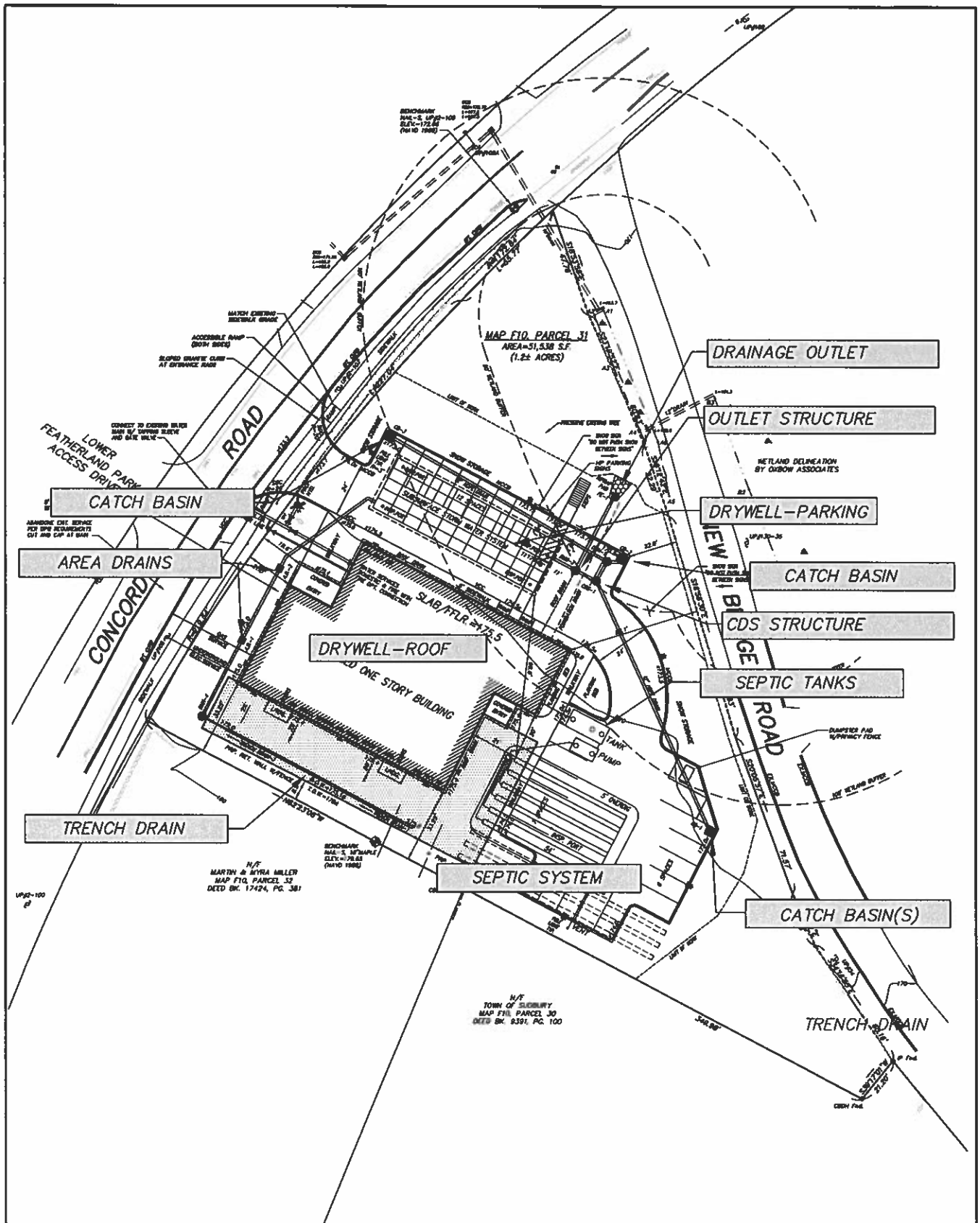
	Sediment Depth	Water Depth	Outlet Condition	Action Required
Drywell				
CDS				
CB-1				
CB-2				
CB-3				
FE-1				
Area Drains				
Trench Drain -1				

Pavement / Vegetation

	Condition	Action Required
Driveway		
Vegetation		

Comments: _____

Signature: _____



STORMWATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN (SWPPP).

Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan

for

**502 Concord Road
Sudbury, MA**

This Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan has been prepared in accordance with the MA Department of Environmental Protection Stormwater Standards and NPDES General Construction Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Construction Activities. All work shall be in accordance with the order of conditions issued by the Local Conservation Commission.

1.1 Project Information

Project Name and Location: 502 Concord Road
Sudbury, MA

Owner Name and Address: _____

Site Operator: _____

Accompanying Documents: Plans titled "Proposed Site Plan for 502 Concord Road, Sudbury, MA" prepared by Connorstone Engineering, are to be considered a part of this document.

NPDES Tracking Number: _____

Latitude/Longitude: Lat: 42.39326
Long: -71.40397

Project Description: School

Estimated Dates: Start: Spring 2023
Completion: Spring 2024

Name of Receiving Waters: Bridge Brook

Estimated Area of Disturbance: < 1 Acre

1.2 Contact Information / Responsible Parties (complete prior to construction)

Operator(s):

Company Name:

Address:

Telephone #:

Area of Control: Entire Site

Project Manager(s) or Site Supervisor(s):

Company Name:

Name:

Address:

Telephone #:

Area of Control: Entire Site

This SWPPP was Prepared by:

Connorstone Engineering, Inc

121 Boston Post Road

Sudbury, MA

508-393-9727

Emergency 24-Hour Contact:

Company Name:

Name:

Address:

Telephone #:

Subcontractors:

Each subcontractor engaged in activities at the construction site that could impact stormwater must be identified and sign the Subcontractor Certifications/Agreement (Attached).

1.3 Existing Conditions

Location: The site consists of a 1.2 acre lot located at 502 Concord Road, and is at the corner with New Bridge Road. Abutters to the south include a single family home on Concord Road and the Town of Sudbury (Nixon School).

Project Area: Approximately 1.2 acres (51,538 square feet)

Zoning District: Residence C-2

Assessors Map / Parcel: Map F10, Parcel 31

Site Conditions: The site is currently developed as a single family home, and contains a 1,250 sq. ft. building, driveway, shed, and lawn areas. The overall existing impervious surface area is 3,570 square feet. Areas along the rear perimeter are undeveloped and wooded.

Site Topography: The site slopes from the south property line to the northerly property line and a drainage swale (regulated as wetlands) and 12-inch culvert under New Bridge Road. Elevations range from 180 along the south property line to 166 - 164 along New Bridge Road.

1.4 Proposed Development / Nature of Construction Activities

Proposed Use: The project consists of a proposed School Building. The work will include demolition of the existing building and construction of a new 7,767 sq. ft. building along with access driveways, 35 parking spaces, and required utilities and infrastructure. The site driveway layout includes an entrance off Concord Road, then routing past the building and exiting onto New Bridge Road. The building will be connected to the public water, gas, and electric from Concord Road and the existing septic system would be replaced and upgraded for the proposed use. The work will result in a total post development impervious area of 29,100 square feet, or an increase of 25,530 sq. ft.

1.5 Construction Site Estimates

Total parcel area	1.2 acres
Total land disturbance:	0.95 acres
Impervious area before construction:	0.08 acres
Impervious area after construction:	0.67 acres

1.6 Sensitive Areas / Wetland Resources

There are wetland areas to the north of were delineated by Oxbow Associates. Wetland resource areas have been delineated to the northeast of site including a drainage swale (regulated as wetlands) along the project side of New Bridge Road, which flows through a 12-inch culvert under New Bridge Road to a larger wetland complex. The site is not located within any flood hazard zones based upon the current Town of Sudbury Flood Insurance Rate Map.

1.7 Discharge Information

Stormwater flows through a culvert under New Bridge Road to wetlands system that is tributary to Bridge Brook. This river is not listed in the Massachusetts Integrated List of Waters as an impaired water body

1.8 Endangered Species Certification

The proposed project is not located in an Estimated or Priority Habitat of Rare Wildlife as indicated on the Estimated Habitat Map of State-Listed Rare Wetland Wildlife published by the Natural Heritage and Endangered Species Program (NHESP)

1.9 Potential Sources of Pollution

Potential sources of sediment to stormwater runoff:

- Clearing and grubbing operations
- Grading and site excavation operations
- Vehicle tracking
- Topsoil stripping and stockpiling
- Landscaping operations

Potential pollutants and sources, other than sediment, to stormwater runoff:

- Combined Staging Area—small fueling activities, minor equipment maintenance, sanitary facilities, and hazardous waste storage.
- Materials Storage Area—general building materials, solvents, adhesives, paving materials, paints, aggregates, trash, etc.
- Construction Activity—paving, curb/gutter installation, concrete pouring/mortar/stucco, and building construction.
- Concrete Washout Area

1.10 REQUIREMENT TO POST A NOTICE OF YOUR PERMIT COVERAGE.

The operator must post a sign or other notice conspicuously at a safe, publicly accessible location in close proximity to the project site. At a minimum, the notice must include the NPDES Permit tracking number and a contact name and phone number for obtaining additional project information. The notice must be located so that it is visible from the public road that is nearest to the active part of the construction site, and it must use a font large enough to be readily viewed from a public right-of-way.

2.1 General Construction Sequencing of Major Activities

Estimated Schedule: 12-18 months

General Sequencing Plan

1. Install sediment control barriers and construction entrance.
2. Remove the existing structures. Preserve the existing driveway as initial staging area for demolition. Once driveway is removed, install stone construction entrance.
3. Perform site grading to establish rough grade at parking area and site areas
4. Construction of proposed building foundation.
5. Install drainage system drywell, septic system, and utility connections. Drywell to remain off-line (except for clean roof runoff) until the drainage area is stabilized.
6. Construct parking lot and driveway through binder course pavement (final grading, gravel base, and binder course pavement).
7. Perform final landscaping and stabilization.
8. Install final top course pavement
9. Place drywell on-line to receive pavement runoff and remove the remaining siltation devices as the area becomes stable (obtain conservation commission inspection and approval prior to removal of erosion controls).

2.2 Erosion and Sediment Controls

General Conditions – Prior to initiating construction, all sedimentation and erosion control measures shall be installed as shown on the plans and detail drawings. This plan depicts the minimum required sedimentation and erosion controls. The contractor shall employ additional sedimentation and erosion control measures as necessitated by site conditions, or as directed by the owner, the owner's representative, or the conservation commission to ensure protection of all wetland resources and control sediment transport. If sedimentation plumes occur, the contractor shall stop work and install additional sedimentation control devices immediately to prevent further sedimentation.

Temporary Stabilization – Topsoil stockpiles and disturbed portions of the site where construction activity temporarily ceases for at least 14 days will be stabilized with a temporary seed and mulch no later than 14 days from the last construction activity in that area. The temporary seed shall be Erosion Control mix. Seeding shall be nutrient enriched hydroseed with tackifier and cellulose or other degradable fibers capable of retaining moisture.

Permanent Stabilization – Disturbed portion of the site where construction activity ceases shall be stabilized with permanent seed no later than 14 days after the last construction activity. The permanent seed mix consists of tall fescue, and annual rye. Prior to seeding, ground agricultural limestone shall be applied. Seeding shall be nutrient enriched hydroseed with tackifiers and cellulose or other degradable fibers capable of retaining moisture.

Erosion Barrier (Perimeter Controls) – Erosion Barriers shall consist of staked hay bales and silt fence. Prior to the commencement of work, staked hay bales and silt fence shall be installed along the edge of proposed development, and as indicated on the plans. Additional erosion barriers shall be located as conditions warrant or as directed by the owner, his representatives, or the local authority.

Track out controls / Construction Entrance – A stabilized stone apron construction entrance shall be at all construction entrances to help prevent vehicle tracking of sediments. All vehicles shall enter and exit the site via the stabilized construction entrance. The contractor shall inspect the construction entrance daily and after heavy use. If mud and soil clogs the voids in the crushed stone reducing the effectiveness, the pad shall be top dressed with new, clean stone. If the pad becomes completely clogged, replacement of the entire pad may be necessary. Dump trucks hauling material from the construction site will be covered with a tarpaulin.

Track out controls / Street Sweeping – Street sweeping in the vicinity of the project area shall be performed as needed until the project limits have been stabilized. All sediment tracked outside the limit of work shall be swept at the end of each working day.

Inlet Protection – All existing and proposed drainage system inlets, which may receive stormwater flow from disturbed areas, shall be provided with inlet protection (catch basin inserts). The contractor shall maintain these devices until all work is completed and all areas have been adequately stabilized.

Temporary Sediment Traps– Sediment traps and/or basins shall be constructed as necessitated by field conditions. The minimum volume shall be 1800 cubic feet of storage for each acre of drainage area. Sediment traps/basins should be readily accessible for maintenance and sediment removal, and should remain in operation and be properly maintained until the site area is permanently stabilized by vegetation and/or when permanent structures are in place. Remove basin after drainage area has been permanently stabilized, inspected, and approved. Before removing dam, drain water and remove sediment; place waste material in designated disposal areas. Smooth site to blend with surrounding area and stabilize.

Dust Control – Dust control measures shall be implemented and maintained properly throughout dry weather periods until all disturbed areas have been permanently stabilized. Methods for dust control shall include water sprinkling and/or other methods approved by the engineer.

Soil Stockpiles – Soil stockpiles shall be stabilized to prevent erosion along with perimeter sedimentation controls. No materials subject to erosion shall be stockpiled overnight within 100 feet of a wetland unless covered.

Dewatering Operations – Dewatering operations, if required, shall discharge onto stabilized areas. All discharge water is to pass through sedimentation control devices to prevent impacts upon water bodies, bordering vegetated wetlands, drainage systems and abutting properties. No discharges from dewatering operations shall be discharged directly to the drainage system.

Snow Removal – Snow shall be plowed to the shoulder of the roadway. Any excess of that which can be stored on-site shall be removed. Snow shall not be plowed into the constructed wetland or into the 20-foot buffer zone to any wetland area. All catch basins shall be uncovered and functional immediately after snow plowing. Any snow piles shall be placed so that it will not interfere with runoff flow.

Topsoil – Topsoil shall be stripped and stockpiled on-site for reuse, unless otherwise noted on the plans (per stockpile requirements). Materials shall be re-used on-site to the maximum extent practical. Any excess shall be properly exported off-site.

Minimize Soil Compaction – Within the limits of the infiltration galley, the use of heavy equipment shall be limited to the maximum extent practical.

Vehicle Washing – Vehicle and equipment washing, other than hose down with clean water, shall not be allowed. All wash down water shall be directed to a sediment control device (not directly to any stormwater drainage system or wetland).

Fertilizer Discharge Restrictions.

- Apply at a rate and in amounts consistent with manufacturer's specifications,
- Apply during the growing season, and preferably timed to coincide as closely as possible to the period of maximum vegetation uptake and growth;
- Avoid applying before heavy rains that could cause excess nutrients to be discharged;
- Never apply to frozen ground;
- Never apply to stormwater conveyance channels with flowing water; and
- Follow all other federal, state, tribal, and local requirements regarding fertilizer application.

Washing of Applicators and Containers used for Paint, Concrete, or Other Materials. - Direct all wash water into a leak-proof container or leak-proof pit. The container or pit must be designed so that no overflows can occur due to inadequate sizing or precipitation. Handle washout or cleanout wastes as follows: Do not dump liquid wastes in storm sewers; Dispose of liquid wastes in accordance with applicable regulations; and. Remove and dispose of hardened concrete waste consistent with your handling of other construction wastes. Locate any washout or cleanout activities as far away as possible from surface waters and stormwater inlets or conveyances, and, to the extent practicable, designate areas to be used for these activities and conduct such activities only in these areas.

2.3 Inspection and Maintenance Schedule

The responsible party shall be responsible for maintaining all temporary and permanent sedimentation and erosion controls until work is complete and all areas have been permanently stabilized. At such time all sedimentation and erosion control measures shall be removed. These are the inspection and maintenance practices that will be used to maintain erosion and sediment controls during construction.

Schedule:

- All control measures will be inspected at least once per week, and following any precipitation event of 0.5 inches.
- Depth of precipitation events shall be based upon NCDC reporting.

Maintenance Practices:

- All measures will be maintained in good working order; if a repair is necessary, it will be initiated within 24 hours of report of any deficiencies.
- Built up sediment shall be removed from the silt fence when it reaches a depth equal to one-third the height of the fence.
- The sediment traps shall be inspected for depth of sediment, and built up sediment will be removed when it reached 25 percent of the design capacity or at the end of the job. Check embankment for: settlement, seepage, or slumping along the toe or around pipe. Look for signs of piping. Repair immediately. Remove trash and other debris from principal spillway, emergency spillway, and pool area. Clean or replace gravel when sediment pool does not drain properly.
- Any diversion dikes will be inspected for breaches and promptly repaired.
- Temporary and permanent seeding and planting will be inspected for bare spots, washouts and healthy growth.
- Contractor to maintain a supply of erosion control devices on site at all times to repair any broken or damaged materials.

The site superintendent, will select three individuals who will be responsible for inspections, maintenance and repair activities, and filling out the inspection and maintenance reports. Personnel selected for inspection and maintenance responsibilities shall be a "qualified personnel" as defined in section 4. D of the GCP. Staff shall be trained in all inspection and maintenance practices for keeping the erosion and sediment controls used onsite in good working order.

An *inspection report* will be made after each inspection. Copies of the reports shall be maintained on site. At a minimum, the inspection report must include:

- The inspection date;
- Names, titles, and qualifications of personnel making the inspection;
- Weather information for the period since the last inspection including estimate of the beginning and duration of each storm event, approximate amount of rainfall for each storm event (in inches), and whether any discharges occurred;
- Location(s) of discharges of sediment or other pollutants from the site;
- Location(s) of BMPs that need to be maintained;
- Location(s) of BMPs that failed to operate as designed or proved inadequate for a particular location;
- Location(s) where additional BMPs are needed that did not exist at the time of inspection; and
- Corrective action required including implementation dates.

The inspection report must be signed in accordance with Appendix G, Section 11 of the GCP.

2.5 Staff and Training Requirements.

Prior to the commencement of earth-disturbing activities or pollutant-generating activities, whichever occurs first, you must ensure that the following personnel understand the requirements of this permit and their specific responsibilities with respect to those requirements:

- Personnel who are responsible for the design, installation, maintenance, and/or repair of stormwater controls (including pollution prevention measures);
- Personnel responsible for the application and storage of treatment chemicals (if applicable);
- Personnel who are responsible for conducting inspections as required in Part 4.1.1; and
- Personnel who are responsible for taking corrective actions.

Notes: (1) If the person requiring training is a new employee, who starts after you commence earth-disturbing or pollutant-generating activities, you must ensure that this person has the proper understanding as required above prior to assuming particular responsibilities related to compliance with this permit. (2) For emergency-related construction activities, the requirement to train personnel prior to commencement of earth-disturbing activities does not apply; however, such personnel must have the required training prior to NOI submission.

The operator is responsible for ensuring that all activities on the site comply with the requirements of the permit. The operator is not required to provide or document formal training for subcontractors or other outside service providers, but you must ensure that such personnel understand any requirements of the permit that may be affected by the work they are subcontracted to perform. At a minimum, personnel must be trained to understand the following if related to the scope of their job duties (e.g., only personnel responsible for conducting inspections need to understand how to conduct inspections):

- The location of all stormwater controls on the site required by this permit, and how they are to be maintained;
- The proper procedures to follow with respect to the permit's pollution prevention requirements; and
- When and how to conduct inspections, record applicable findings, and take corrective actions.

3.1 Storage, Handling, and Waste Disposal

Building Products - Shall be covered or stored inside to prevent any discharge of pollutants. Comply with all application, disposal, and registration requirements.

Pesticides, herbicides, insecticides and fertilizers - Shall be covered or stored inside to prevent any discharge of pollutants. Comply with all application, disposal, and registration requirements.

Diesel fuel, oil, hydraulic fluids, other petroleum products, and other chemicals- store chemicals in water-tight containers, and provide either (1) cover (e.g., plastic sheeting or temporary roofs) to prevent these containers from coming into contact with rainwater, or (2) a similarly effective means designed to prevent the discharge of pollutants from these areas (e.g., spill kits), or provide secondary containment (e.g., spill berms, decks, spill containment pallets). Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly. Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down. Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a continuation of an ongoing discharge

Hazardous Waste - Separate hazardous or toxic waste from construction and domestic waste. Store waste in sealed containers, which are constructed of suitable materials to prevent leakage and corrosion, and which are labeled in accordance with applicable Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) requirements and all other applicable federal, state, tribal, or local requirements; iii. Store all containers that will be stored outside within appropriately sized secondary containment (e.g., spill berms, decks, spill containment pallets) to prevent spills from being discharged, or provide a similarly effective means designed to prevent the discharge of pollutants from these areas (e.g., storing chemicals in covered area or having a spill kit available on site);

Dispose of hazardous or toxic waste in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended method of disposal and in compliance with federal, state, tribal, and local requirements. Site personnel will be instructed in these practices and the individual, who manages the day to day site operations, will be responsible for seeing that these procedures are followed.

Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly. Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down. Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a furtherance of an ongoing discharge

Sanitary Waste – All sanitary waste will be collected from the portable units a minimum of once per week by the sanitary pumping company, licensed by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and as required by the local regulation. Position units in a secure location where they cannot be tipped over.

Waste Materials – All waste materials will be collected and stored in a securely lidded metal dumpster rented from a licensed waster management company. The dumpster will meet all local and State solid waster management regulations. All trash and construction debris from the site will be deposited in the dumpster. The dumpster will be emptied at least twice per month or more often if necessary, and the waste will be hauled to the waste management company. On work days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers. Clean up immediately if containers overflow. No construction waste materials will be buried onsite. All personnel will be instructed regarding the correct procedure for waste disposal. Notices stating these practices will be posted in the office trailer. The individual managing the day-to-day site operations will be responsible for seeing that these procedures are followed.

3.2 Building Material Inventory for Pollution Prevention Plan

The materials or substances listed below are expected to be present onsite during construction:

- Concrete
- Petroleum based products including asphalt concrete/emulsions, fuel(s), oil, etc.
- Wood
- Fertilizers and tachifiers
- Paints (enamel, latex and oil based stains)
- Metal studs and products
- Masonry block
- Roofing shingles
- Gypsum and plaster
- Stone products

Construction equipment and maintenance materials will be stored at the combined staging area and materials storage areas. A watertight container will be used to store hand tools, small parts, and other construction materials.

3.2 Spill Prevention Material Management Practices

The following are the material management practices that will be used to reduce the risk of spills or other accidental exposure of materials and substances to stormwater runoff.

Good Housekeeping – The following good housekeeping practices will be followed onsite during the construction project.

- An effort will be made to store only enough products to do the job.
- All materials stored onsite will be stored in a neat, orderly manner in this appropriate containers and, if possible, under a roof or other enclosure.
- Products will be kept in their original containers and with the original manufacturers' label.
- Substances will not be mixed with one another unless recommended by the manufactures.
- Whenever possible, all of a product will be used up before disposing of the container.
- Manufacturers' recommendation for proper use and disposal will be followed.
- The Site Superintendent will inspect daily to ensure proper use and disposal of materials.
- Hazardous Procedures – In accordance with industry standards and Applicable regulations

Product Specific Practices – The following product specific practices will be followed onsite:
Petroleum Products – Transport and delivery of fuel in approved containers only.
Fertilizers – In accordance with labeling
Paints – In accordance with labeling

Spill Control Practices – Any spills of hazardous materials shall be contained and cleaned up immediately. If appropriate, the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) shall be notified. There shall, at all times when work is underway on-site, be an individual present who is trained in proper spill control practices.

In the event that hazardous material, gasoline or other petroleum is released, the following procedure should be followed:

1. Immediately contact the following agencies:
Sudbury Fire Department (978) 443-2239
MassDEP Emergency Response (888) 304-1133
2. Provide support to agencies listed above, which may include contacting an outside contractor to provide clean-up or contacting a Licensed Site Professional (LSP) to lead the clean-up.

Where a release containing a hazardous substance or oil in an amount equal to or in excess of a reportable quantity established under either 40 CFR Part 110, 40 CFR Part 117 or 40 CFR Part 302, occurs during a 24-hour period:

- o Provide notice to the National Response Center (NRC) (800-424-8802; in the Washington, DC, metropolitan area call 202-267-2675) in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 110, 40 CFR Part 117 and 40 CFR Part 302 as soon as site staff have knowledge of the discharge; and
- o Within 7 calendar days of knowledge of the release, provide a description of the release, the circumstances leading to the release, and the date of the release. You must also implement measures to prevent the reoccurrence of such releases and to respond to such releases.

Vehicle Fueling and Maintenance – All major equipment/vehicle fueling and maintenance will be performed off-site. When vehicle fueling must occur on-site, the fueling activity will occur in the staging area outside the buffer zone or resource area. Only minor equipment maintenance will occur on-site. All equipment fluids generated from maintenance activities will be disposed of into designated drums stored on spill pallets in accordance with Part 3.1 of the GCP. Absorbent, spill-cleanup materials and spill kits will be available at the combined staging and materials storage area. Drip pans will be placed under all equipment receiving maintenance and vehicles and equipment parked overnight.

3.3 Non-Storm Water Discharges

It is expected that the following non-storm water discharge will occur from the site during the construction period:

- Pavement wash waters (where no spills or leaks of toxic or hazardous material have occurred).
- Discharges from Fire Fighting activities
- Hydrant and water line flushing
- Landscape irrigation
- Vehicle wash
- Water for dust control
- Foundation / footing drains
- Construction dewatering water

4.0 Record Keeping / Updating of Documentation

This document is intended as a living document to be continuously revised and updated based on changing site conditions and the progression of construction. The SWPPP shall be continuously revised to indicate the condition and location of the various Best Management Practices.

Copies of the GCP, signed and certified NOI, and EPA notification of receipt must be included in the SWPPP. This SWPPP plan, the approved drawings made part of this document, inspection reports (made at least weekly), and required logs shall be maintained on site at all times. Inspection reports shall be retained with the SWPPP for at least three years.

The following inspection reports and logs shall be maintained:

- Inspection Reports
- Corrective Action Log
- SWPPP Amendment Log
- Grading and Stabilization Activities Log

5.0 Certification

I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations.

Name: _____ Title: _____

Signature: _____ Date: _____

Contact information: _____

Stormwater Construction Site Inspection Report

General Information			
Project Name	502 Concord Road		
	Sudbury, MA	Location	
Date of Inspection		Start/End Time	
Inspector's Name(s)			
Inspector's Title(s)			
Inspector's Contact Information			
Describe present phase of construction			
Type of Inspection:			
<input type="checkbox"/> Regular <input type="checkbox"/> Pre-storm event <input type="checkbox"/> During storm event <input type="checkbox"/> Post-storm event			
Weather Information			
Has there been a storm event since the last inspection? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, provide: Within 24 Hours: _____ inches Within 72 Hours: _____ inches Within 7 days: _____ inches			
Weather at time of this inspection? <input type="checkbox"/> Clear <input type="checkbox"/> Cloudy <input type="checkbox"/> Rain <input type="checkbox"/> Sleet <input type="checkbox"/> Fog <input type="checkbox"/> Snowing <input type="checkbox"/> High Winds <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ Temperature: _____			
Have any discharges occurred since the last inspection? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, describe:			
Are there any discharges at the time of inspection? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, describe:			

	BMP/activity	Implemented?	Maintenance Required?	Corrective Action Needed and Notes
1	Construction Entrance and Street Sweeping	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
2	Sediment Basin (if Applicable)	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Any Evidence of Overtopping _____ Sediment Depth _____
3	Erosion Barrier	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Any Evidence of Overtopping _____ Sediment Depth _____
4	Soil Stockpile Protection / Stabilization	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
5	Designated Construction Material Stockpile Areas	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	

	BMP/activity	Implemented?	Maintenance Required?	Corrective Action Needed and Notes
6	Catch Basin Inlet Protection	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	Any Evidence of Bypass_____
7	Vegetated Swale & Check Dam	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
8	Are natural resource areas protected with barriers or similar BMPs?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
9	Are discharge points and receiving waters free of any sediment deposits?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
10	Is trash/litter from work areas collected and placed in covered dumpsters?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
11	Are materials that are potential stormwater contaminants stored inside or under cover?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
12	Are non-stormwater discharges (e.g., wash water, dewatering) properly controlled?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
13	Are washout facilities (e.g., paint, stucco, concrete) available, clearly marked, and maintained?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
14	Are vehicle and equipment fueling, cleaning, and maintenance areas free of spills, leaks, or any other deleterious material?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
15	Are all slopes and disturbed areas not actively being worked properly stabilized?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	
16	(other)			

Non-Compliance

Describe any incidents of non-compliance not described above:

Additional Comments / Description of Current Site Work

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

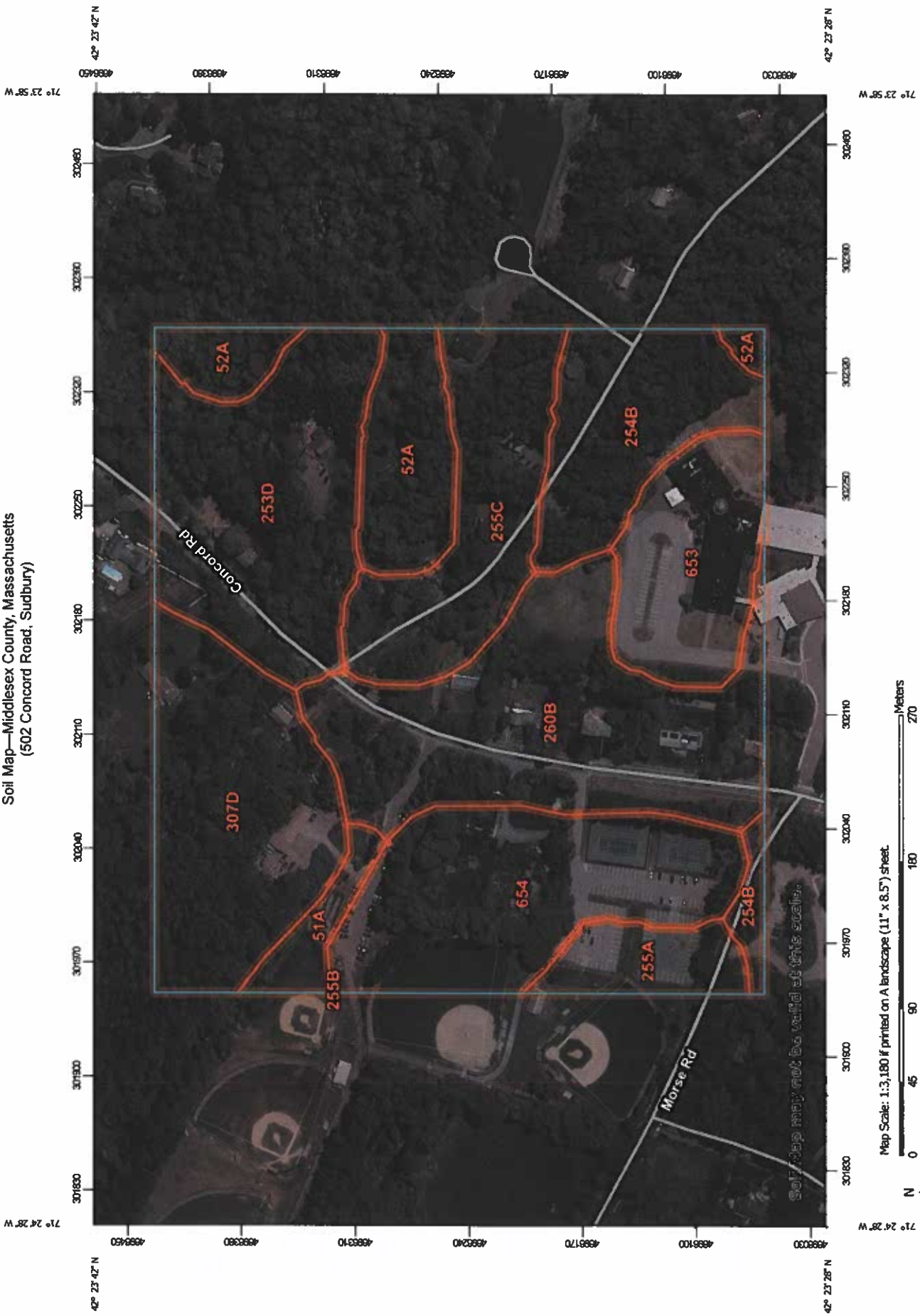
"I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to assure that qualified personnel properly gathered and evaluated the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."

Print name and title: _____

Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

SOIL MAPPING

Soil Map—Middlesex County, Massachusetts
(502 Concord Road, Sudbury)



Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
51A	Swansea muck, 0 to 1 percent slopes	0.7	1.9%
52A	Freetown muck, 0 to 1 percent slopes	2.8	7.3%
253D	Hinckley loamy sand, 15 to 25 percent slopes	5.6	14.7%
254B	Merrimac fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	3.5	9.2%
255A	Windsor loamy sand, 0 to 3 percent slopes	1.2	3.2%
255B	Windsor loamy sand, 3 to 8 percent slopes	0.0	0.0%
255C	Windsor loamy sand, 8 to 15 percent slopes	3.8	10.0%
260B	Sudbury fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	7.1	18.7%
307D	Paxton fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes, extremely stony	5.1	13.5%
653	Udorthents, sandy	2.9	7.7%
654	Udorthents, loamy	5.3	13.8%
Totals for Area of Interest		38.0	100.0%

MOUNDING SUMMARY & SOIL TESTING RESULTS

Test Logs

Connorstone Engineering, Inc.
 10 SOUTHEAST CUTOFF
 NORTHBOROUGH, MASSACHUSETTS 01532

CLIENT: _____
 PROJECT: 502 Concord Road, Sudbury

DATE: 9/21/2023
 TIME: 2:00 PM
 BY: VC

SOAK

START TIME: 0:00
 END TIME: 2:00
 VOLUME: 5 Gallon

SOIL LOG:
0-8 A SANDY LOAM
8-18 B LOAMY SAND
18-30 C COARSE SAND

TEST

LOCATION: TEST PIT-A

Well Dia (a): 4 inches
 Depth: _____ inches
 Height (D): 10 inches

	VOLUME (gal)	TIME		FLOW q gal/min	FLOW q CF/min
		Min	Sec		
START	0	0	0		
	1.00	1	2	0.968	0.129
	1.00	2	7	0.923	0.123
	1.00	3	10	0.952	0.127
	1.00	4	15	0.923	0.123
				AVG =	59.4 cm3/sec

$$K_{fs} = (C \times Q) / [(2 \times 3.14 \times H^2) + (C \times 3.14 \times a^2) + (2 \times 3.14 \times H / SC)]$$

Erick & Reynolds, 1989

Where:

	$C = [(H / a) / (2.074 + 0.093 \times (H/a))]^{0.784}$		
Coefficient	C	1.667	
Flow	Q	59.41	cm3/sec
	pi	3.14	
Head	H	25.40	cm
Radii	a	5.08	cm
Soil Coefficient	SC	0.36	(sand)

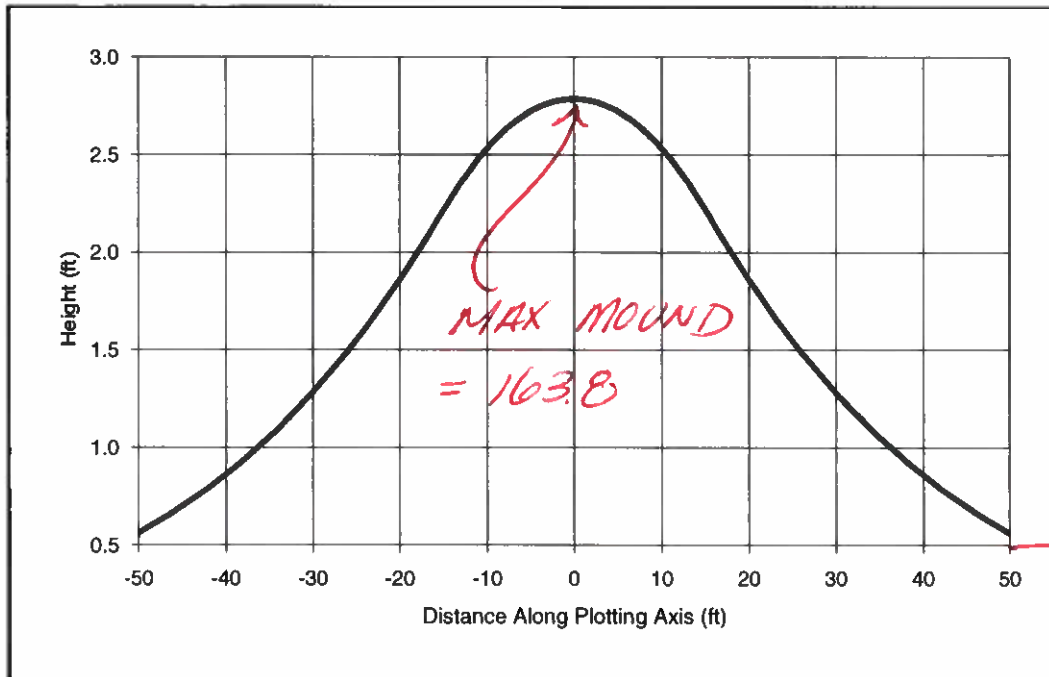
0.021 cm/sec
 60.6 ft./day

$K_{fs} =$ **30.3 in./hr**



PHOTO OF SOIL TEXTURE
AT TEST LOCATION

Groundwater Mounding Analysis (Hantush's Method using Glover's Solution)



BOTTOM
 DRYWELL
 = 164.25 ✓
 OK

↓ G.W.
 = 161.0

COMPANY: csei

PROJECT: 502 Concord Rd

ANALYST: vc

DATE: 9/22/2023 TIME: 12:24:31 PM

INPUT PARAMETERS

Application rate: 2.188 c.ft/day/sq. ft

Duration of application: 1 days

Fillable porosity: 0.28

Hydraulic conductivity: 30 ft/day ✓

Initial saturated thickness: 10 ft

Length of application area: 80 ft

Width of application area: 30 ft

No constant head boundary used

Plotting axis from Y-Axis: 90 degrees

Edge of recharge area:

positive X: 15 ft

positive Y: 0 ft

Total volume applied: 5251.2 c.ft

WQV = 5,250 CF ✓

MODEL RESULTS

X (ft)	Y (ft)	Plot Axis (ft)	Mound Height (ft)
-50	0	-50	0.56
-42	0	-42	0.79
-34.1	0	-34	1.09
-26.1	0	-26	1.48
-19.9	0	-20	1.86
-15	0	-15	2.21
-11.1	0	-11	2.47
-7.7	0	-8	2.63
-4.8	0	-5	2.73
-2.9	0	-3	2.76
-1.6	0	-2	2.78
0	0	0	2.78
1.6	0	2	2.78
2.9	0	3	2.76
4.8	0	5	2.73
7.7	0	8	2.63
11.1	0	11	2.47
15	0	15	2.21
19.9	0	20	1.86
26.1	0	26	1.48
34.1	0	34	1.09
42	0	42	0.79
50	0	50	0.56

Stormwater 2023

Prepared by Microsoft

HydroCAD® 10.10-7a s/n 01413 © 2021 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.60"

Printed 9/22/2023

Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 3P: CULTEC

Elevation (feet)	Wetted (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Elevation (feet)	Wetted (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)
164.25	2,400	0	169.45	3,335	6,368
164.35	2,422	96	169.55	3,335	6,370
164.45	2,444	192	169.65	3,335	6,371
164.55	2,466	288	169.75	3,335	6,372
164.65	2,488	384	169.85	3,335	6,373
164.75	2,510	480	169.95	3,335	6,375
164.85	2,532	576	170.05	3,335	6,376
164.95	2,554	672	170.15	3,335	6,377
165.05	2,576	819	170.25	3,335	6,378
165.15	2,598	1,017	170.35	3,335	6,380
165.25	2,620	1,214	170.45	3,335	6,381
165.35	2,642	1,411	170.55	3,335	6,382
165.45	2,664	1,607	170.65	3,335	6,383
165.55	2,686	1,802	170.75	3,335	6,385
165.65	2,708	1,997	170.85	3,335	6,386
165.75	2,730	2,190	170.95	3,335	6,387
165.85	2,752	2,383	171.05	3,335	6,388
165.95	2,774	2,573	171.15	3,335	6,390
166.05	2,796	2,763	171.25	3,335	6,391
166.15	2,818	2,951	171.35	3,335	6,392
166.25	2,840	3,137	171.45	3,335	6,393
166.35	2,862	3,321	171.55	3,335	6,395
166.45	2,884	3,504	171.65	3,335	6,396
166.55	2,906	3,684	171.75	3,335	6,397
166.65	2,928	3,863	171.85	3,335	6,398
166.75	2,950	4,039	171.95	3,335	6,400
166.85	2,972	4,212	172.05	3,335	6,401
166.95	2,994	4,383	172.15	3,335	6,402
167.05	3,016	4,550	172.25	3,335	6,404
167.15	3,038	4,715	172.35	3,335	6,405
167.25	3,060	4,875	172.45	3,335	6,406
167.35	3,082	5,031	172.55	3,335	6,407
167.45	3,104	5,182	172.65	3,335	6,409
167.55	3,126	5,328	172.75	3,335	6,410
167.65	3,148	5,466	172.85	3,335	6,411
167.75	3,170	5,595	172.95	3,335	6,412
167.85	3,192	5,712	173.05	3,335	6,414
167.95	3,214	5,819	173.15	3,335	6,415
168.05	3,236	5,919	173.25	3,335	6,416
168.15	3,258	6,016	173.35	3,335	6,417
168.25	3,280	6,113	173.45	3,335	6,419
168.35	3,302	6,211	173.55	3,335	6,420
168.45	3,324	6,308			
168.55	3,335	6,357			
168.65	3,335	6,358			
168.75	3,335	6,360			
168.85	3,335	6,361			
168.95	3,335	6,362			
169.05	3,335	6,363			
169.15	3,335	6,365			
169.25	3,335	6,366			
169.35	3,335	6,367			

OUTLET

VOLUME BELOW
OUTLET = 5,250 C.F.

Stormwater 2023

Prepared by Microsoft

HydroCAD® 10.10-7a s/n 01413 © 2021 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC

Type III 24-hr 100 Year Rainfall=8.60"

Printed 9/22/2023

Summary for Pond 3P: CULTEC

Inflow Area = 1.334 ac, 48.02% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 5.93" for 100 Year event
 Inflow = 7.3 cfs @ 12.14 hrs, Volume= 0.66 af
 Outflow = 4.1 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 0.66 af, Atten= 43%, Lag= 12.4 min
 Discarded = 2.3 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 0.62 af
 Primary = 1.8 cfs @ 12.35 hrs, Volume= 0.04 af
 Routed to Reach P5 : Total Proposed Conditions

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-48.00 hrs, dt= 0.01 hrs / 6
 Peak Elev= 168.24' @ 12.35 hrs Surf.Area= 2,400 sf Storage= 6,108 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 18.7 min calculated for 0.66 af (100% of inflow)
 Center-of-Mass det. time= 18.7 min (820.5 - 801.8)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Storage	Storage Description
#1A	164.25'	2,588 cf	30.00'W x 80.00'L x 4.25'H Field A 10,200 cf Overall - 3,729 cf Embedded = 6,471 cf x 40.0% Voids
#2A	165.00'	3,729 cf	Cultec R-360HD x 100 Inside #1 Effective Size= 54.9"W x 36.0"H => 9.99 sf x 3.67'L = 36.6 cf Overall Size= 60.0"W x 36.0"H x 4.17'L with 0.50' Overlap 100 Chambers in 5 Rows Cap Storage= 6.5 cf x 2 x 5 rows = 64.6 cf
#3	165.40'	103 cf	4.00'D x 8.20'H Manhole / DMH-3 -Impervious
		6,420 cf	Total Available Storage

Storage Group A created with Chamber Wizard

Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices
#1	Discarded	164.25'	15.000 in/hr Exfiltration over Wetted area Conductivity to Groundwater Elevation = 161.00'
#2	Primary	167.50'	12.0" Round Culvert L= 35.0' CPP, square edge headwall, Ke= 0.500 Inlet / Outlet Invert= 167.50' / 166.00' S= 0.0429 '/' Cc= 0.900 n= 0.012 Corrugated PP, smooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf

Discarded OutFlow Max=2.3 cfs @ 12.35 hrs HW=168.24' (Free Discharge)
 ↑1=Exfiltration (Controls 2.3 cfs)

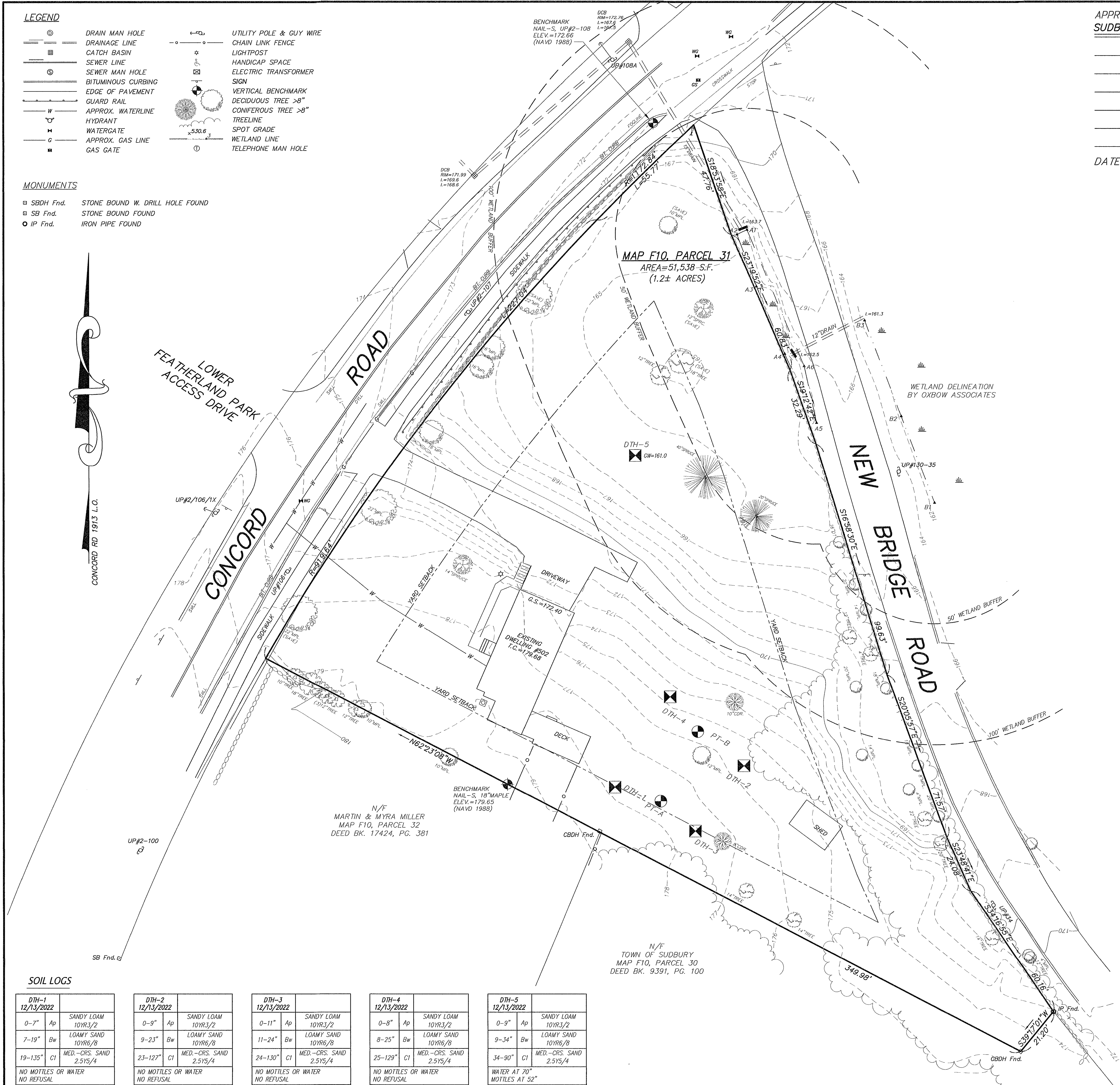
Primary OutFlow Max=1.8 cfs @ 12.35 hrs HW=168.24' (Free Discharge)
 ↑2=Culvert (Inlet Controls 1.8 cfs @ 2.94 fps)

LEGEND

⊙	DRAIN MAN HOLE	—○—	UTILITY POLE & GUY WIRE
—	DRAINAGE LINE	—	CHAIN LINK FENCE
⊞	CATCH BASIN	—	LIGHTPOST
—	SEWER LINE	—	HANDICAP SPACE
⊙	SEWER MAN HOLE	—	ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER
—	BITUMINOUS CURBING	—	SIGN
—	EDGE OF PAVEMENT	—	VERTICAL BENCHMARK
—	GUARD RAIL	—	DECIDUOUS TREE >8"
—	APPROX. WATERLINE	—	CONIFEROUS TREE >8"
—	HYDRANT	—	TREELINE
—	WATERGATE	—	SPOT GRADE
—	APPROX. GAS LINE	—	WETLAND LINE
—	GAS GATE	—	TELEPHONE MAN HOLE

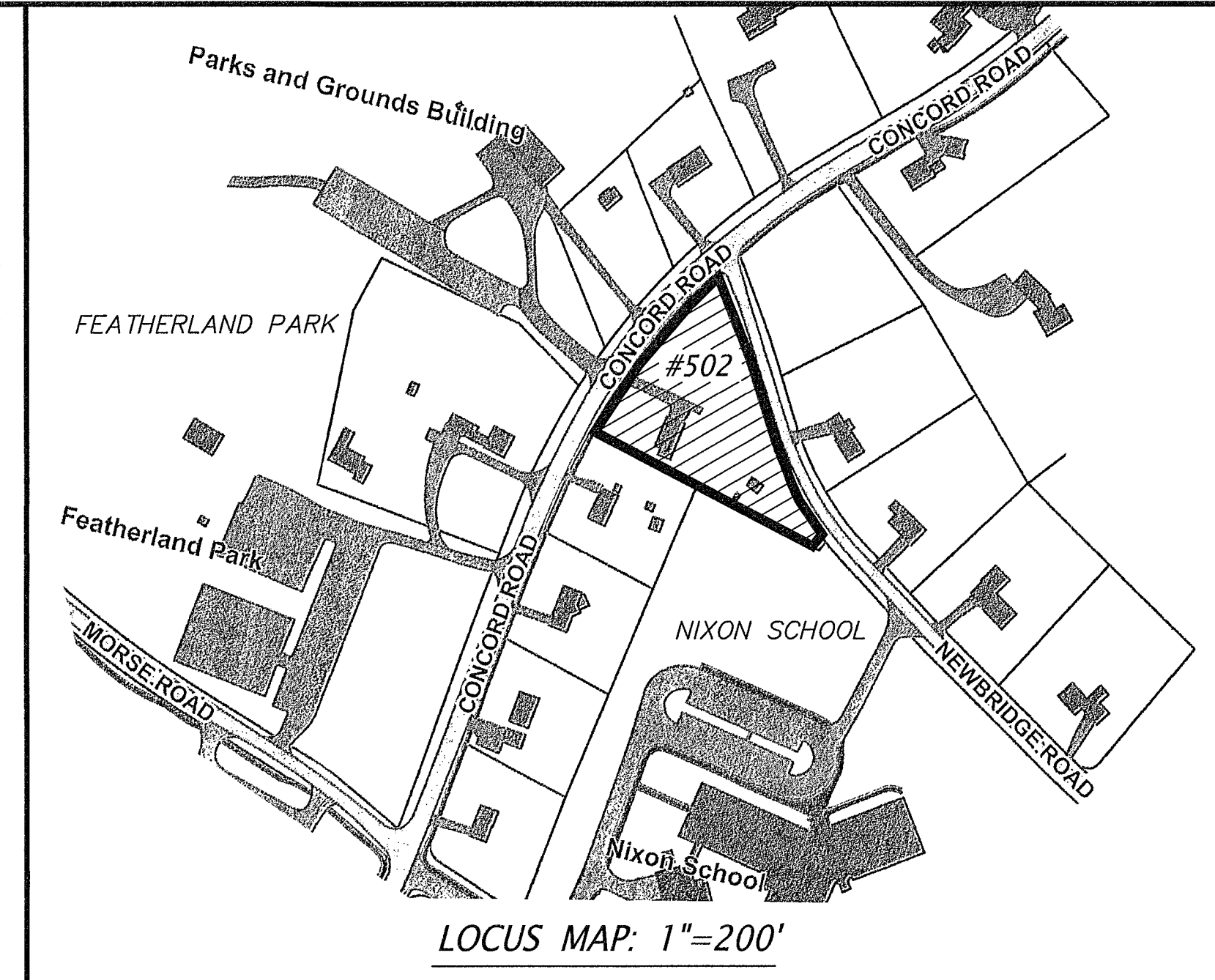
MONUMENTS

□	SBDH Fnd.	STONE BOUND W. DRILL HOLE FOUND
□	SB Fnd.	STONE BOUND FOUND
○	IP Fnd.	IRON PIPE FOUND



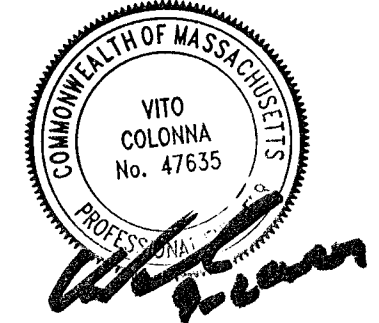
APPROVED BY:
SUDBURY PLANNING BOARD

DATE: _____



GENERAL NOTES:

1. PROPERTY LINES ARE BASED UPON EXISTING PLANS AND DEEDS OF RECORD AND DOES NOT REPRESENT A PROPERTY SURVEY.
2. EXISTING TOPOGRAPHY IS BASED UPON AN ON-GROUND TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY BY CONNORSTONE ENGINEERING, INC. IN DECEMBER 2022. NAVD DATUM OF 1988 UP#2-108, NAIL EL.=172.66
3. THE PARCEL IS LOCATED AT 502 CONCORD ROAD, AS SHOWN ON ASSESSORS MAP F10, PARCEL 31.
4. THE SITE IS NOT LOCATED WITHIN A FLOOD HAZARD ZONE AS SHOWN ON FEMA F.I.R.M. 25017C0369F DATED JULY 7, 2014.



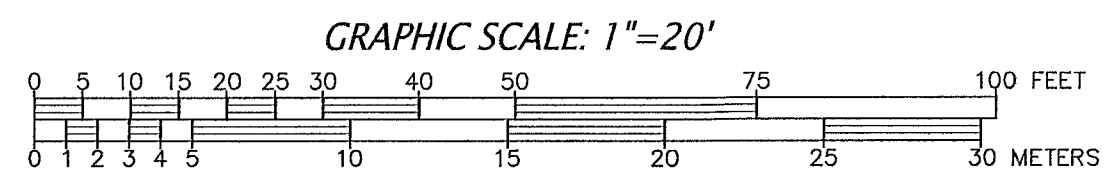
OWNERS:
JOEL & MONOSHINI GORDON

ZONED: RESIDENCE "C"

LOT REQUIREMENTS	REQUIRED	PROPOSED
AREA	60,000 s.f.	51,538 s.f.
FRONTAGE	210 FEET	282.81 FEET CONCORD 396.32 FEET NEW BRIDGE
FRONT YARD	40 FEET	19.6' FEET
SIDE YARD	20 FEET	33.25' FEET
REAR YARD	30 FEET	58.1' FEET
MAX. BUILDING COVERAGE =	40%	15.2%

PARKING TABULATION:
EDUCATIONAL PURPOSE: DAYCARE
1 PARKING SPACE PER EACH STAFF.
(20 STAFF = 20 SPACES REQUIRED)
1 SPACE FOR EACH 5 PERSONS OF RATED CAPACITY OF THE LARGEST AUDITORIUM
(NO AUDITORIUM PROPOSED)
TOTAL SPACES PROVIDED = 30 SPACES

- SHEET INDEX**
- 1 of 6 EXISTING CONDITIONS / COVER SHEET
 - 2 of 6 CONSTRUCTION PLAN
 - 3 of 6 EROSION CONTROL PLAN
 - 4 of 6 UTILITY LAYOUT PLAN
 - 5-6 of 6 CONSTRUCTION DETAILS



SOIL LOGS

DTH-1 12/13/2022	DTH-2 12/13/2022	DTH-3 12/13/2022	DTH-4 12/13/2022	DTH-5 12/13/2022
0-7" Ap SANDY LOAM 10YR3/2	0-9" Ap SANDY LOAM 10YR3/2	0-11" Ap SANDY LOAM 10YR3/2	0-8" Ap SANDY LOAM 10YR3/2	0-9" Ap SANDY LOAM 10YR3/2
7-19" Bw LOAMY SAND 10YR6/8	9-23" Bw LOAMY SAND 10YR6/8	11-24" Bw LOAMY SAND 10YR6/8	8-25" Bw LOAMY SAND 10YR6/8	9-34" Bw LOAMY SAND 10YR6/8
19-135" C1 MED.-CRS. SAND 2.5Y5/4	23-127" C1 MED.-CRS. SAND 2.5Y5/4	24-130" C1 MED.-CRS. SAND 2.5Y5/4	25-129" C1 MED.-CRS. SAND 2.5Y5/4	34-90" C1 MED.-CRS. SAND 2.5Y5/4
NO MOTTLES OR WATER NO REFUSAL	NO MOTTLES OR WATER NO REFUSAL	NO MOTTLES OR WATER NO REFUSAL	NO MOTTLES OR WATER NO REFUSAL	WATER AT 70" MOTTLES AT 52"

**PROPOSED SITE PLAN
OF
502 CONCORD ROAD
IN
SUDBURY, MA**

9/20/2023 REVISED SITE LAYOUT AND BUILDING
DRAWN BY: REM CHECK BY: VC
DATE: JUNE 1, 2023

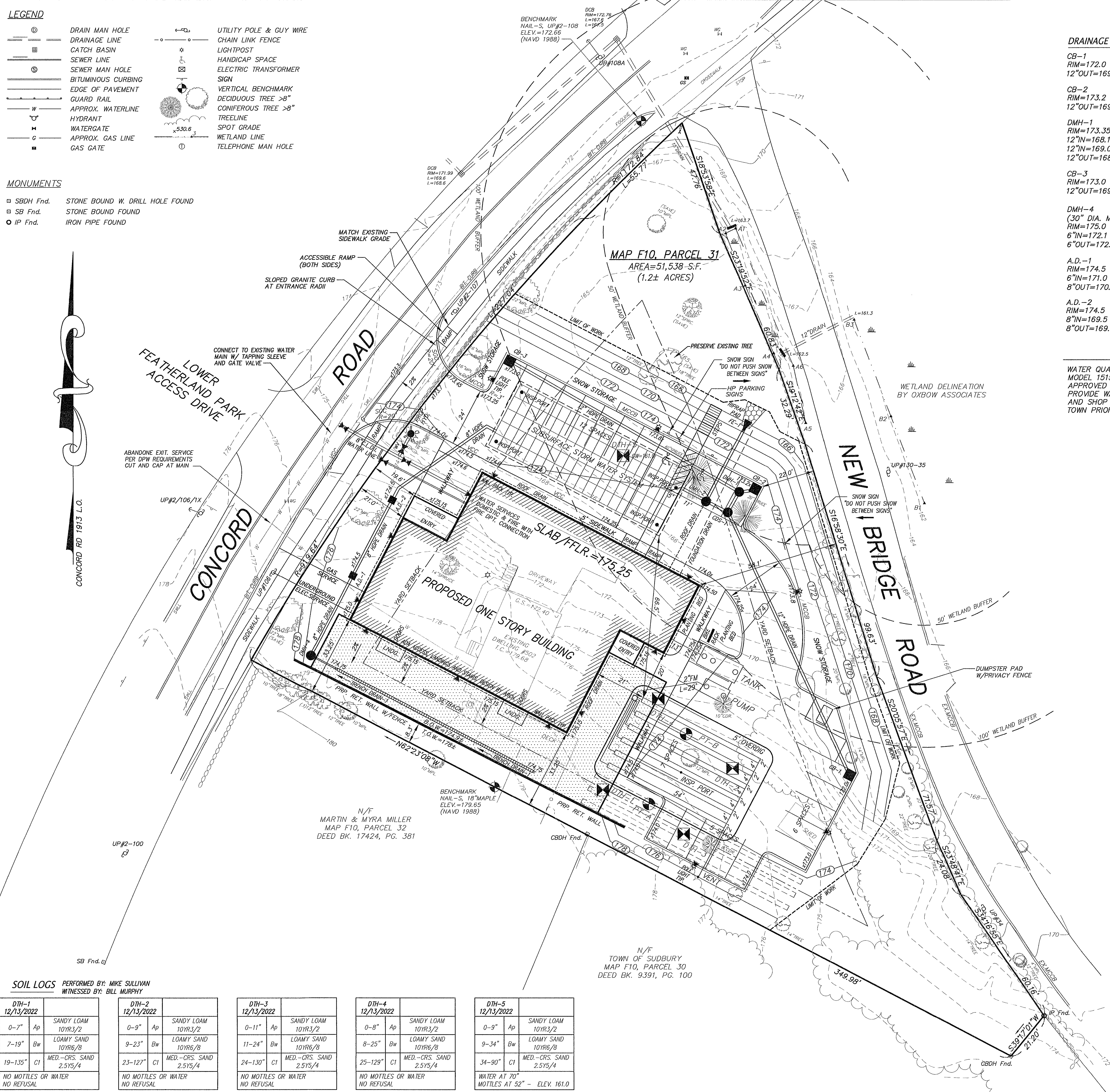
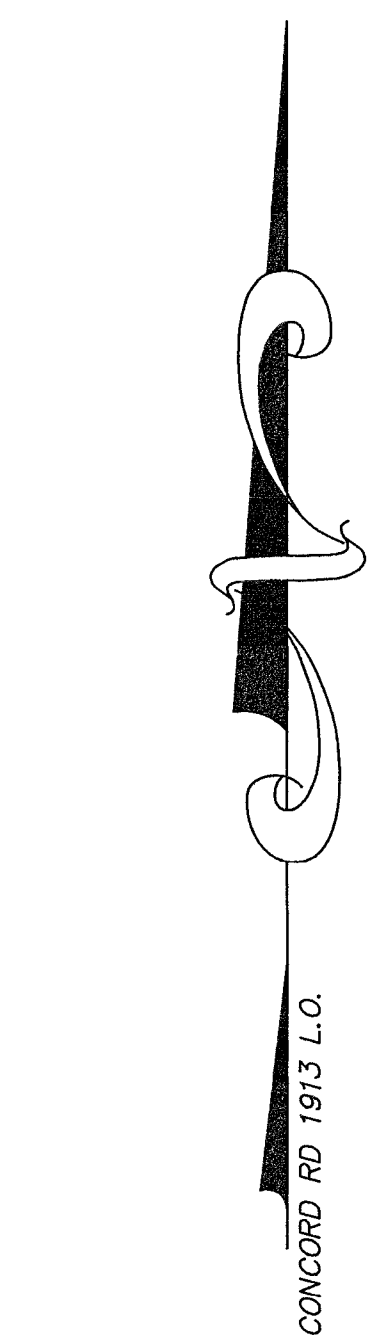
EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN
SCALE: 1"=20' SHEET 1 OF 6.

LEGEND

	DRAIN MAN HOLE		UTILITY POLE & GUY WIRE
	DRAINAGE LINE		CHAIN LINK FENCE
	CATCH BASIN		LIGHTPOST
	SEWER LINE		HANDICAP SPACE
	SEWER MAN HOLE		ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER
	BITUMINOUS CURBING		SIGN
	EDGE OF PAVEMENT		VERTICAL BENCHMARK
	GUARD RAIL		DECIDUOUS TREE >8"
	APPROX. WATERLINE		CONIFEROUS TREE >8"
	HYDRANT		TREELINE
	WATERGATE		SPOT GRADE
	APPROX. GAS LINE		WETLAND LINE
	GAS GATE		TELEPHONE MAN HOLE

MONUMENTS

	STONE BOUND W/ DRILL HOLE FOUND
	STONE BOUND FOUND
	IRON PIPE FOUND



DRAINAGE TABULATION

CB-1 RIM=172.0 12"OUT=169.0	DMH-2 RIM=173.60 12"IN=167.5 (CDS) 6"IN=168.0 (RD) 12"OUT=167.5 15"OUT=165.4 (DRYWELL)
CB-2 RIM=173.2 12"OUT=169.2	CDS-1 CDS MODEL 1515-3-C RIM=173.55 (2)12"IN=167.8 12"OUT=167.7
DMH-1 RIM=173.35 12"IN=168.1 (CB-2) 12"IN=169.0 (CB-2) 12"OUT=168.0	PROPOSED DRIVEWAY DRYWELL 100 CULTEC 360XLHD CHAMBERS W/ 30"x80"x4.25" T STONE BED BOTTOM STONE=164.25 BOTTOM CHAMBERS=165.0 15" IN=165.2 8"IN=167.25 PROVIDE SPLASH PAD AT INLET
CB-3 RIM=173.0 12"OUT=169.8	FLARED END-1 12" INV. OUT=166.0
DMH-4 (30" DIA. MANHOLE) RIM=175.0 6"IN=172.1 6"OUT=172.0	
A.D.-1 RIM=174.5 6"IN=171.0 8"OUT=170.9	
A.D.-2 RIM=174.5 8"IN=169.5 8"OUT=169.4	

WATER QUALITY STRUCTURE SHALL BE CDS MODEL 1515-3-C OR ENGINEER AND TOWN APPROVED EQUIVALENT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE WATER QUALITY SIZING CALCULATIONS AND SHOP DRAWINGS TO DESIGN ENGINEER AND TOWN PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

- CONSTRUCTION NOTES:**
- EXISTING UTILITY LINES SHOWN ON THIS DRAWING ARE FROM AVAILABLE INFORMATION AND ARE APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS. THE ENGINEER DOES NOT GUARANTEE THEIR ACCURACY OR THAT ALL UTILITIES AND SUBSURFACE STRUCTURES ARE SHOWN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY SIZE, LOCATION AND INVERT ELEVATIONS OF THE UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES, AS REQUIRED PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION. ANY DISCREPANCIES WITH RECORD DATA SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER IMMEDIATELY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT DIG SAFE: 1-800-344-7233 (72 HOURS BEFORE DIGGING), AND TOWN DPW FOR UTILITY LOCATIONS PRIOR TO EXCAVATION. TEST PITS SHALL BE UTILIZED FOR UTILITY CONNECTIONS.
 - WHERE AN EXISTING UTILITY IS FOUND TO CONFLICT WITH THE PROPOSED WORK, THE LOCATION, ELEVATION, AND SIZE OF THE UTILITY SHALL BE ACCURATELY DETERMINED WITHOUT DELAY BY THE CONTRACTOR AND THE INFORMATION FURNISHED TO THE ENGINEER FOR RESOLUTION OF THE CONFLICT.
 - ALL MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES SHALL BE IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE SUDBURY DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, OR THE LATEST EDITION OF THE MASSACHUSETTS HIGHWAY DEPARTMENT (MHD) CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND THE MHD STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHWAYS AND BRIDGES, WHICHEVER IS MORE STRINGENT.
 - THE WATER SYSTEM SHALL BE INSTALLED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE TOWN OF SUDBURY DPW WATER DIVISION RULES AND REGULATIONS. CONNECTIONS SHALL BE MADE IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE PERMITS (TO BE OBTAINED BY THE CONTRACTOR). CONNECTION LOCATION AND SIZE TO BE CONFIRMED WITH ARCHITECTURAL PLANS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
 - IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR, TO KEEP ACCURATE AS-BUILT MEASUREMENTS / RECORDS OF ALL UNDERGROUND OR CONCEALED WORK.
 - THE LAYOUT AND INSTALLATION OF ELECTRIC, GAS, TELEPHONE AND CATV UTILITY CONNECTIONS AND SERVICES SHALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE RESPECTIVE UTILITY. CONNECTION LOCATION AND SIZE TO BE CONFIRMED WITH ARCHITECTURAL PLANS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
 - THE CONTRACTOR SHALL UTILIZE ALL MEASURES AND MATERIALS NECESSARY TO ENSURE THE SAFETY OF ALL PERSONS AND PROPERTIES AT THE SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION. ALL EXCAVATIONS SHALL CONFORM TO CURRENT OSHA STANDARDS.
 - IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO COORDINATE HIS WORK WITH THE APPROPRIATE HIGHWAY & UTILITY DEPARTMENTS. WORK WITHIN THE HIGHWAY LAYOUT SHALL CONFORM TO THE CONDITIONS OF THE PERMIT ISSUED BY MASSACHUSETTS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAY DIVISION OR THE LOCAL AUTHORITY.
 - ALL SIGN SIZES AND MATERIAL SHALL CONFORM TO THE "MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC DEVICES" (MUTCD) AND THE OFFICE OF TRAFFIC OPERATIONS, FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION, U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION.
 - ALL RAMPS, CURB CUTS, SIDEWALKS, AND ACCESSIBLE SPACES SHALL COMPLY WITH THE AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT REGULATIONS AND WITH ARCHITECTURAL ACCESS BOARD REGULATIONS (521 CMR 1-47).
 - AREAS OUTSIDE THE LIMITS OF PROPOSED WORK DISTURBED BY THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS SHALL BE RESTORED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO THEIR ORIGINAL CONDITION AT NO EXPENSE TO THE OWNER.
 - JOINTS BETWEEN PROPOSED BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT AND EXISTING PAVEMENT TO REMAIN SHALL BE SAWCUT AND SEALED WITH HOT POURED RUBBERIZED ASPHALT SEALER.

- COORDINATION WITH PLANS BY OTHERS:**
- SEE PROJECT LANDSCAPE PLANS FOR SITE LIGHTING AND LANDSCAPING.
 - VERIFY BUILDING DIMENSIONS AND ELEVATIONS WITH ARCHITECTURAL PLANS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
 - COORDINATE BUILDING UTILITY CONNECTIONS (INVERT ELEV., LOCATION, AND SIZE) WITH ARCHITECTURAL PLANS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. ANY DISCREPANCY SHALL BE REPORTED TO THE ENGINEER.

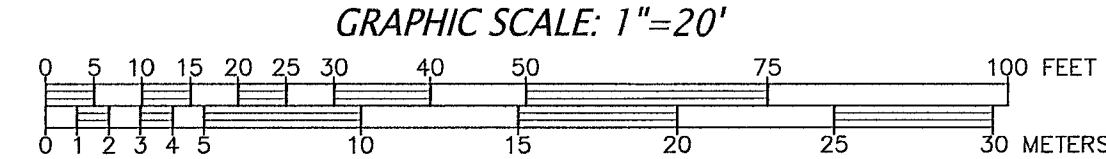
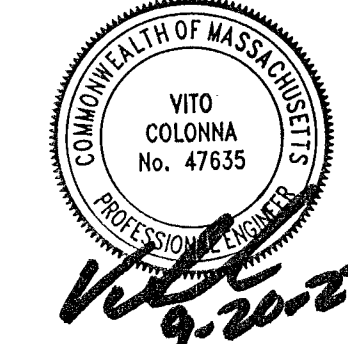
OWNERS:
JOEL & MONOSHINI GORDON

CONNORSTONE ENGINEERING INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS
10 SOUTHWEST CUTOFF, SUITE 7
NORTHBOROUGH, MASSACHUSETTS 01532
PHONE: 508-393-9727
121 BOSTON POST ROAD
SUDBURY, MASSACHUSETTS 01776
PHONE: 978-443-9566

PROPOSED SITE PLAN
OF
502 CONCORD ROAD
IN
SUDBURY, MA

APPROVED BY:
SUDBURY PLANNING BOARD

DATE: _____



SOIL LOGS PERFORMED BY: MIKE SULLIVAN
WITNESSED BY: BILL MURPHY

DTH-1 12/13/2022	DTH-2 12/13/2022	DTH-3 12/13/2022	DTH-4 12/13/2022	DTH-5 12/13/2022
0-7" Ap SANDY LOAM 10YR3/2	0-9" Ap SANDY LOAM 10YR3/2	0-11" Ap SANDY LOAM 10YR3/2	0-8" Ap SANDY LOAM 10YR3/2	0-9" Ap SANDY LOAM 10YR3/2
7-19" Bw LOAMY SAND 10YR6/8	9-23" Bw LOAMY SAND 10YR6/8	11-24" Bw LOAMY SAND 10YR6/8	8-25" Bw LOAMY SAND 10YR6/8	9-34" Bw LOAMY SAND 10YR6/8
19-135" C1 MED.-CRS. SAND 2.5Y5/4	23-127" C1 MED.-CRS. SAND 2.5Y5/4	24-130" C1 MED.-CRS. SAND 2.5Y5/4	25-129" C1 MED.-CRS. SAND 2.5Y5/4	34-90" C1 MED.-CRS. SAND 2.5Y5/4
NO MOTILES OR WATER NO REFUSAL	NO MOTILES OR WATER NO REFUSAL	NO MOTILES OR WATER NO REFUSAL	NO MOTILES OR WATER NO REFUSAL	NO MOTILES OR WATER NO REFUSAL

9/20/2023	REVISED SITE LAYOUT AND BUILDING
DRAWN BY: REM	CHECK BY: VC
DATE: JUNE 1, 2023	
CONSTRUCTION PLAN	
SCALE: 1"=20'	SHEET 2 OF 6.

APPROVED BY:
SUDBURY PLANNING BOARD

DATE:

PROVIDE STONE APRON AT ENTRANCE DURING CONST. (SEE DETAIL)

PRESERVE EXISTING DRIVEWAY AND PAVED PARKING AREA AS CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. PRESERVE AS LONG AS PRACTICAL IN THE CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE. ONCE REMOVAL IS NECESSARY PROVIDE STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE.

LOWER FEATHERLAND PARK ACCESS DRIVE

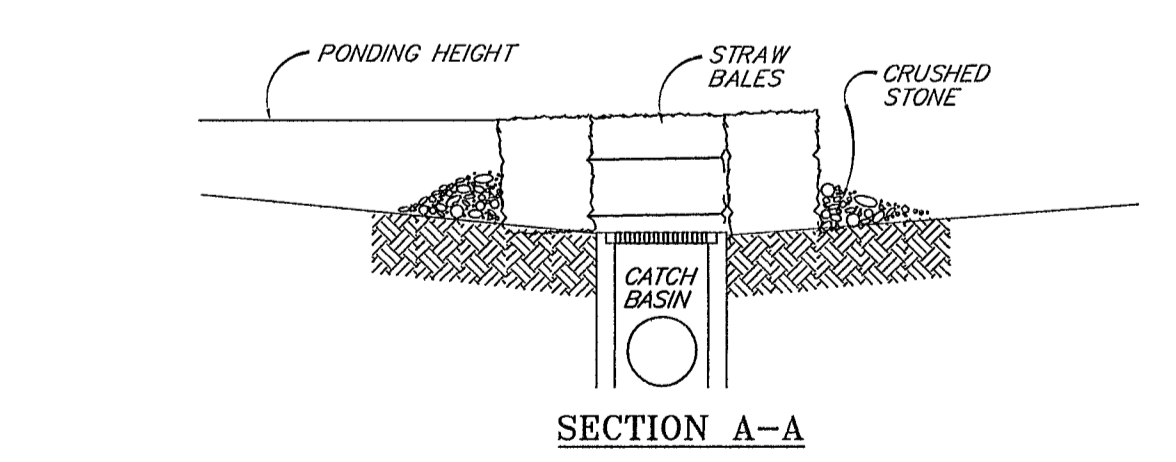
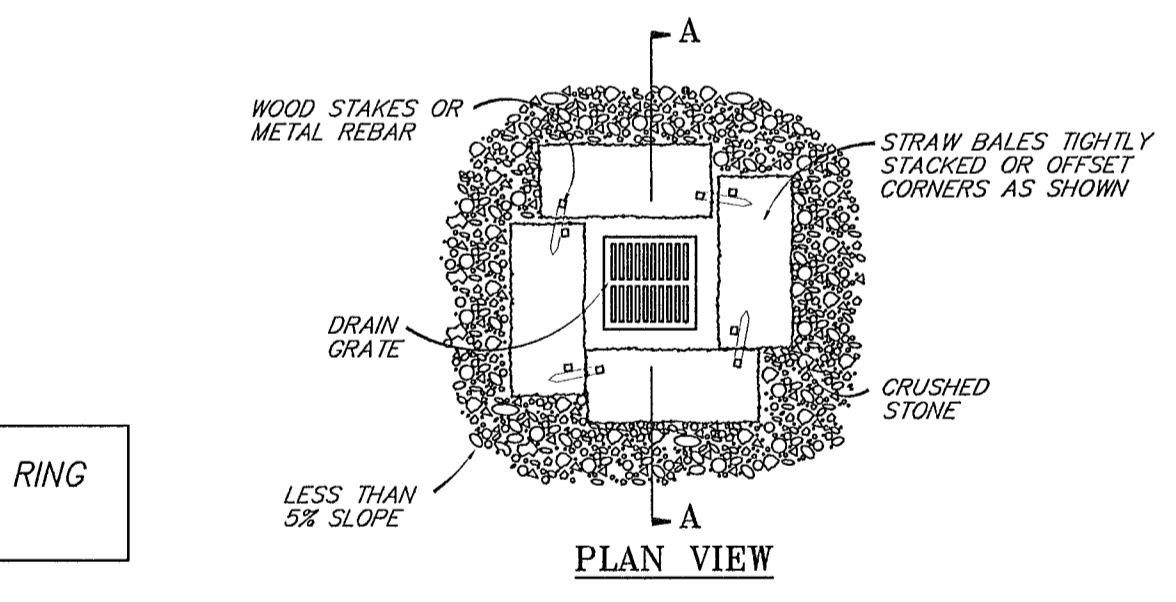
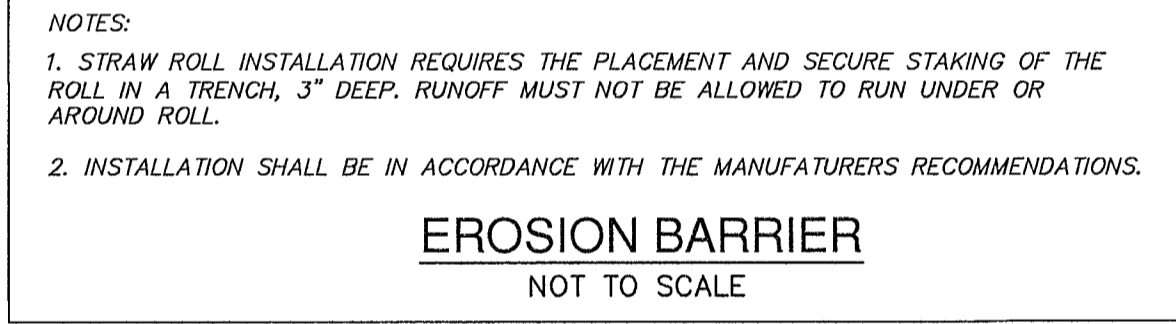
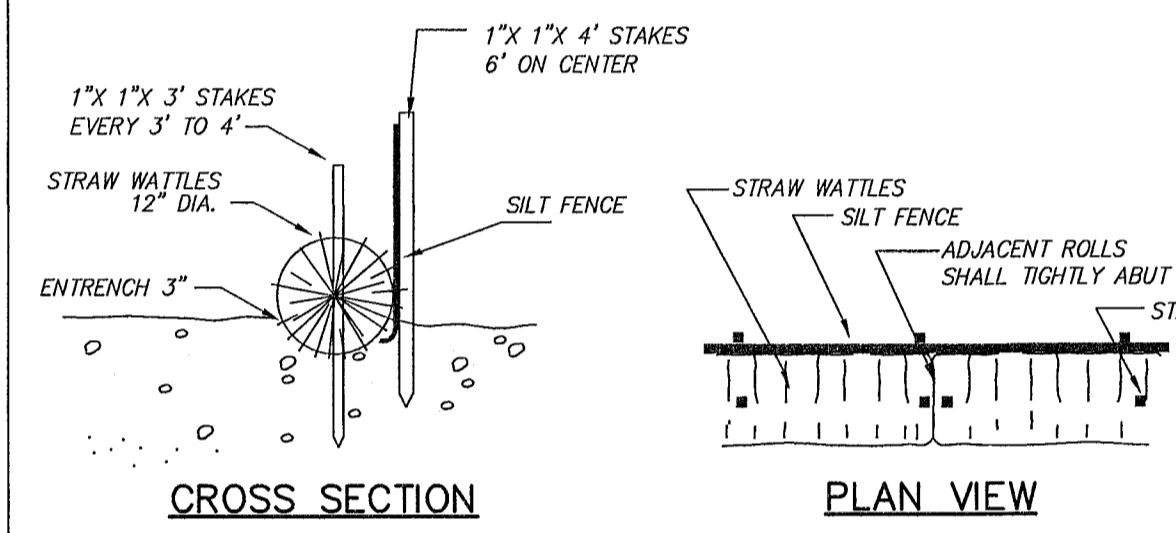
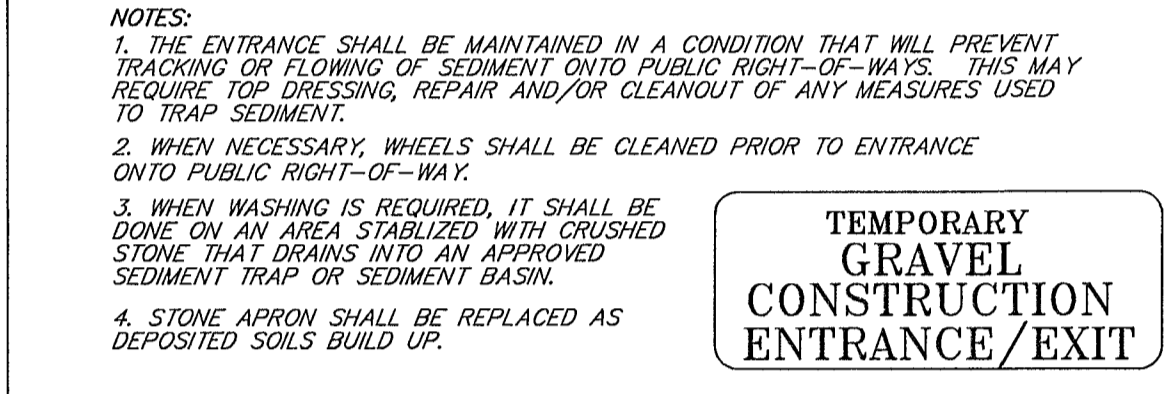
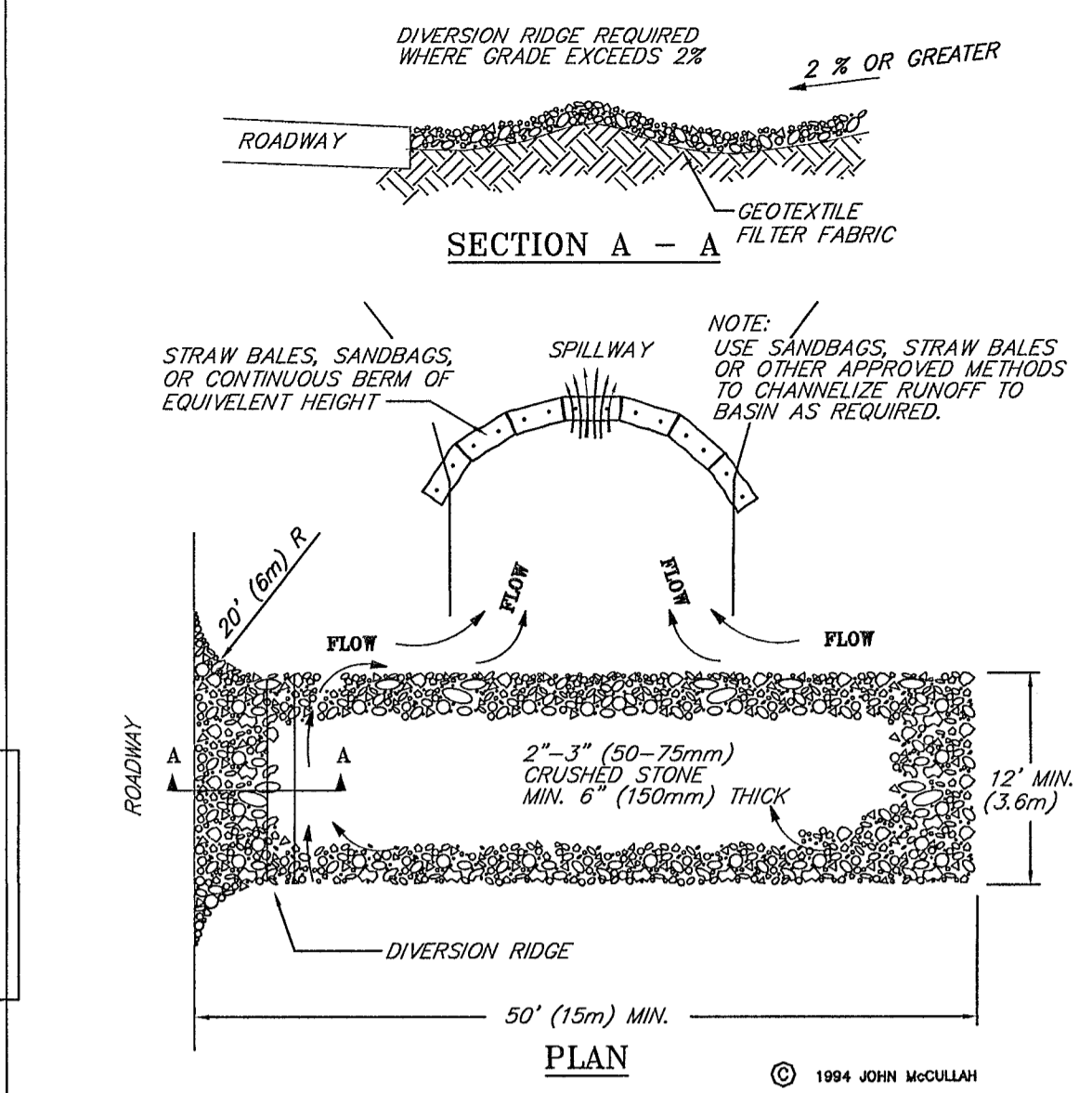
PROPOSED EROSION BARRIER

TEMPORARY SOIL & MATERIAL STOCKPILE AREA

TEMPORARY PLUG OUTLET TO DRYWELL UNTIL ALL CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREAS HAVE BEEN FULLY STABILIZED. THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM SHALL BE CLEANED PRIOR PLACING THE DRYWELL ON-LINE.

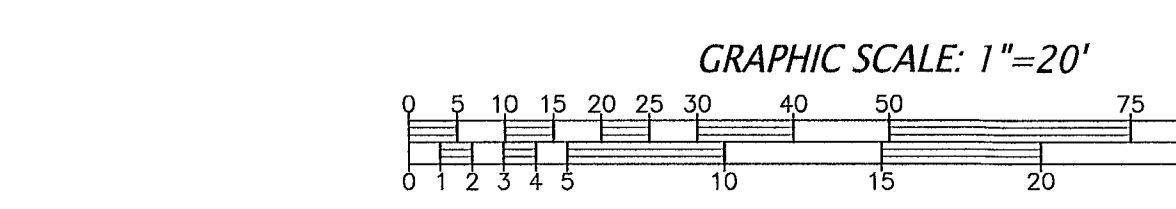
PROPOSED EROSION BARRIER

SILT SACK & HAYBALE RING AT ALL CATCH BASINS



NOTES:
1. SEDIMENT BARRIERS ARE TO BE USED FOR SMALL, NEARLY LEVEL DRAINAGE AREAS (LESS THAN 5%).
PLACE BALES WITH ENDS TIGHTLY ABUTTING. STONE BACKFILL WILL PREVENT EROSION OR FLOW AROUND THE BALES.

STRAW BALE/GRAVEL SEDIMENT BARRIER AT CATCH BASINS
NOT TO SCALE



- EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL NOTES:**
1. ALL WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PLANS AND PERMIT CONDITIONS.
 2. PRIOR TO INITIATING CONSTRUCTION, ALL SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND DETAIL DRAWINGS.
 3. THIS PLAN DEPICTS THE MINIMUM REQUIRED SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROLS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EMPLOY ADDITIONAL SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS NECESSITATED BY SITE CONDITIONS, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE OWNER, THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE, OR THE CONSERVATION COMMISSION TO ENSURE PROTECTION OF ALL WETLAND RESOURCES AND CONTROL SEDIMENT TRANSPORT. IF SEDIMENTATION PLUMES OCCUR, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL STOP WORK AND INSTALL ADDITIONAL SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DEVICES IMMEDIATELY TO PREVENT FURTHER SEDIMENTATION.
 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROLS UNTIL WORK IS COMPLETE AND ALL AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. AT SUCH TIME THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVING ALL SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROL MEASURES.
 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION CONTROLS ON A DAILY BASIS AND IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH RAINFALL; REPAIRS SHALL BE MADE BY THE END OF THE WORKING DAY. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF BY THE CONTRACTOR WHEN THE VOLUME REACHES 1/4 TO 1/2 THE HEIGHT OF SILT FENCE OR SEDIMENT TRAP, OR AS DIRECTED BY THE LOCAL AUTHORITY.
 6. SOIL STOCKPILES SHALL BE STABILIZED TO PREVENT EROSION, AND A PERMIETER SEDIMENT CONTROL SYSTEM SHALL BE INSTALLED. NO MATERIALS SUBJECT TO EROSION SHALL BE STOCKPILED OVERNIGHT WITHIN 100 FEET OF A WETLAND UNLESS COVERED.
 7. DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE STABILIZED BY LOAMING AND SEEDING, OR BY ANOTHER APPROVED METHOD, AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE FINISHED GRADE HAS BEEN MET. DISTURBED AREAS WITH SLOPES 3:1 (4:1) OR GREATER SHALL BE COVERED WITH LOAM AND STABILIZED WITH HYDROSEED AND SOIL TACKIFIER. IF FINAL GRADING DOES NOT OCCUR DURING THE GROWING SEASON, THESE AREAS SHALL BE MULCHED WITH HAY SECURED.
 8. DEWATERING OPERATIONS, IF REQUIRED, SHALL DISCHARGE ONTO STABILIZED AREAS, AND ALL DISCHARGE WATER IS TO PASS THROUGH SEDIMENTATION CONTROL DEVICES TO PREVENT IMPACTS UPON WATER BODIES, BORDERING VEGETATED WETLANDS, DRAINAGE SYSTEMS AND ADJUTING PROPERTIES. AT A MINIMUM ALL DISCHARGES SHALL BE INTERCEPTED BY HAYBALE CORRAL AND HAYBALE CHECK DAMS SPACED 10' APART.
 9. STAKED WATTLES AND SILT FENCE SHALL BE INSTALLED ALONG THE EDGE OF PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT OR AS INDICATED ON THE PLANS. ADDITIONAL WATTLES AND SILT FENCE SHALL BE LOCATED AS CONDITIONS WARRANT, AND IN SOME AREAS STRUCTURES MAY HAVE TO BE DUPLICATED AT REGULAR INTERVALS.
 10. STREET SWEEPING IN THE VICINITY OF THE PROJECT AREA SHALL BE PERFORMED AS NEEDED UNTIL THE PROJECT LIMITS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED. ALL SEDIMENT TRACKED ONTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAYS SHALL BE SWEEPED AT THE END OF EACH WORKING DAY.
 11. ALL EXISTING AND PROPOSED DRAINAGE SYSTEM INLETS, WHICH MAY RECEIVE STORMWATER FLOW FROM DISTURBED AREAS, SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH SILT SACKS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN THESE DEVICES PER THE MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS UNTIL ALL WORK IS COMPLETED AND ALL AREAS HAVE BEEN ADEQUATELY STABILIZED.
 12. DUST CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED AND MAINTAINED PROPERLY THROUGHOUT DRY WEATHER PERIODS UNTIL ALL DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED. METHODS FOR DUST CONTROL SHALL INCLUDE WATER SPRINKLING AND/OR OTHER METHODS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
 13. ALL VEHICLES SHALL ENTER AND EXIT THE SITE VIA THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE CONSISTING OF CRUSHED STONE TO A DEPTH OF 6" FOR THE FIRST 50 FEET FROM EXISTING PAVED STREETS. IF THE SITE CONDITIONS ARE SUCH THAT THE GRAVEL PAD DOES NOT REMOVE THE MAJORITY OF THE MUD AND DEBRIS, THEN THE TIRES SHALL BE WASHED BEFORE ANY VEHICLES ENTER ADJACENT ROADWAYS. ALL WATER USED FOR TIRE WASHING SHALL BE COLLECTED AND TREATED PRIOR TO ENTERING THE DRAINAGE SYSTEM. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT THE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE DAILY AND AFTER HEAVY USE.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A PHASING PLAN TO THE OWNER FOR APPROVAL PRIOR TO THE START OF CONSTRUCTION.

OWNERS:
JOEL & MONOSHINI GORDON

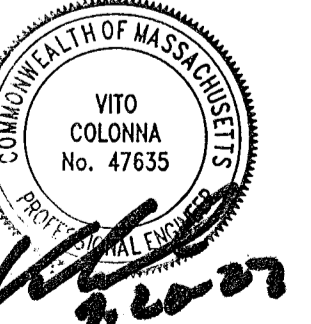
CONNORSTONE ENGINEERING INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS
10 SOUTHWEST CUTOFF, SUITE 7
NORTHBOROUGH, MASSACHUSETTS 01532
PHONE: 508-393-9272

121 BOSTON POST ROAD
SUDBURY, MASSACHUSETTS 01776
PHONE: 978-443-9566

PROPOSED SITE PLAN
OF
502 CONCORD ROAD
IN
SUDBURY, MA

9/20/2023 REVISED SITE LAYOUT AND BUILDING
DRAWN BY: REM CHECK BY: VC
DATE: JUNE 1, 2023

EROSION CONTROL PLAN
SCALE: 1"=20' SHEET 3 OF 6.

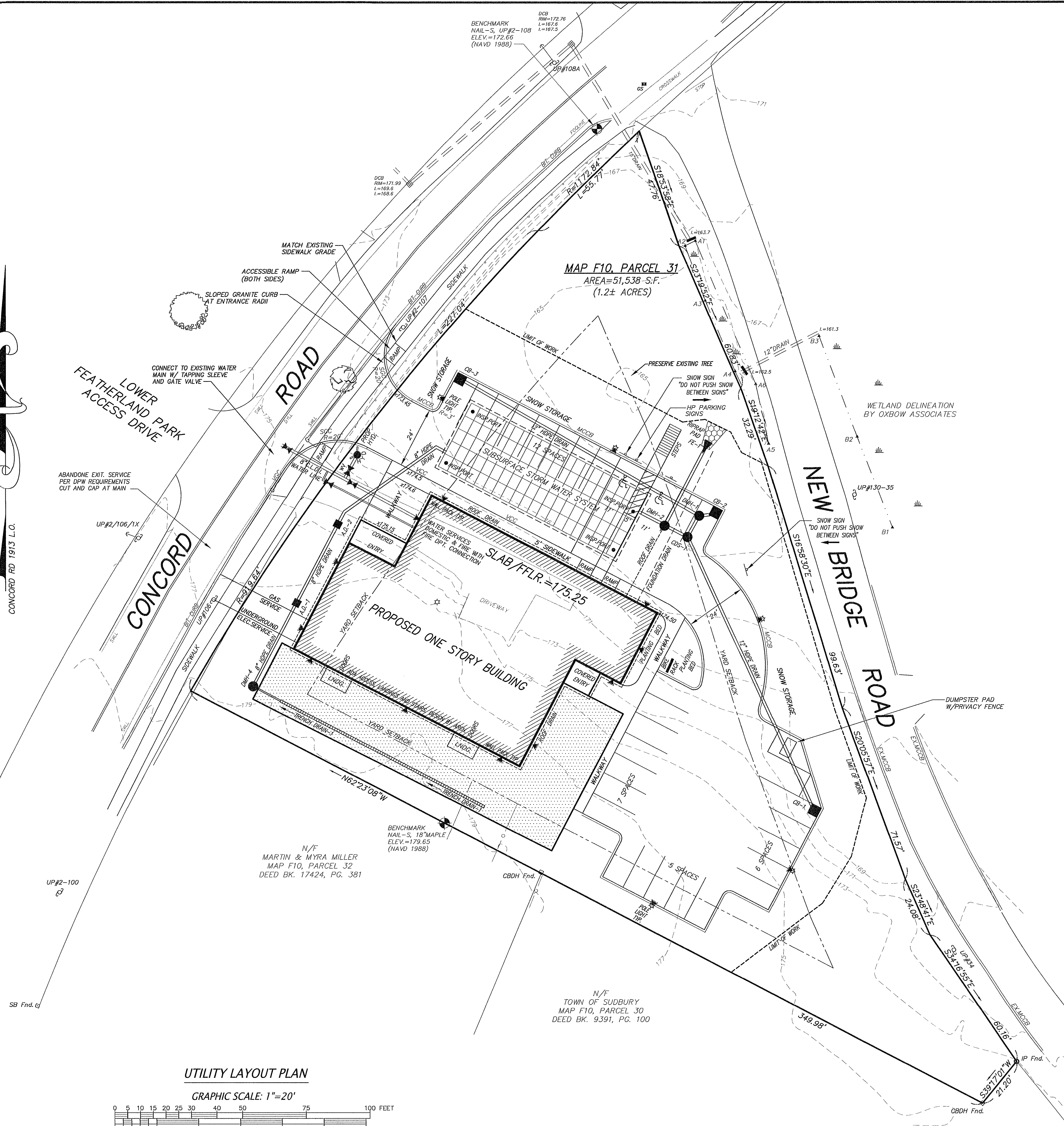
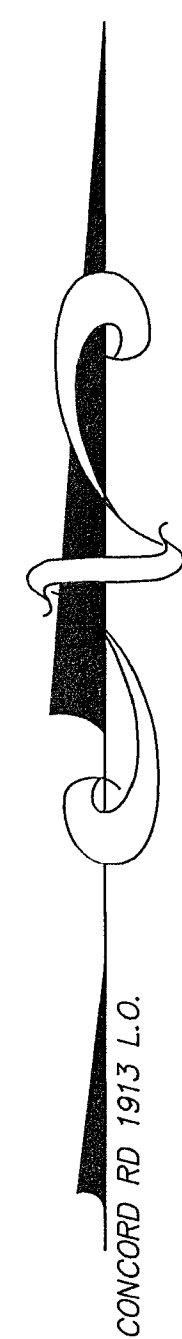


LEGEND

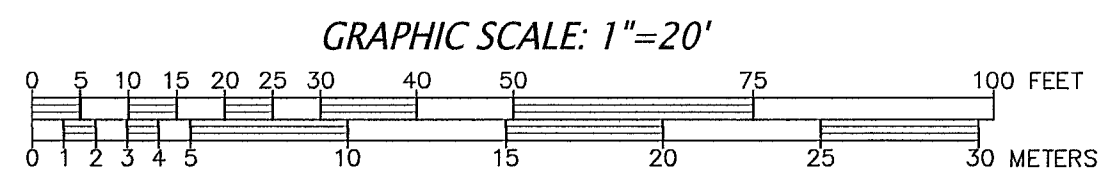
- | | | | |
|---|--------------------|-----|---------------------------|
| ⊙ | DRAIN MAN HOLE | —○— | UTILITY POLE & GUY WIRE |
| — | DRAINAGE LINE | —○— | CHAIN LINK FENCE |
| ⊞ | CATCH BASIN | —○— | LIGHTPOST |
| — | SEWER LINE | —○— | HANDICAP SPACE |
| ⊙ | SEWER MAN HOLE | —○— | ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER SIGN |
| — | BITUMINOUS CURBING | —○— | VERTICAL BENCHMARK |
| — | EDGE OF PAVEMENT | —○— | DECIDUOUS TREE >8" |
| — | GUARD RAIL | —○— | CONIFEROUS TREE >8" |
| — | APPROX. WATERLINE | —○— | TREELINE |
| — | HYDRANT | —○— | SPOT GRADE |
| — | WATERGATE | —○— | WETLAND LINE |
| — | APPROX. GAS LINE | —○— | TELEPHONE MAN HOLE |
| — | GAS GATE | | |

MONUMENTS

- SBDH Fnd. STONE BOUND W. DRILL HOLE FOUND
- SB Fnd. STONE BOUND FOUND
- IP Fnd. IRON PIPE FOUND



UTILITY LAYOUT PLAN



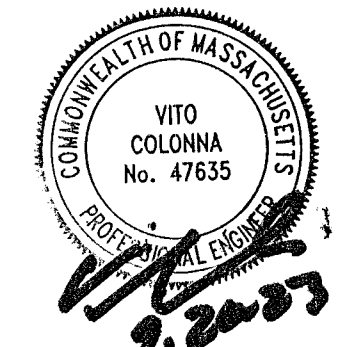
APPROVED BY:
SUDBURY PLANNING BOARD

DATE: _____

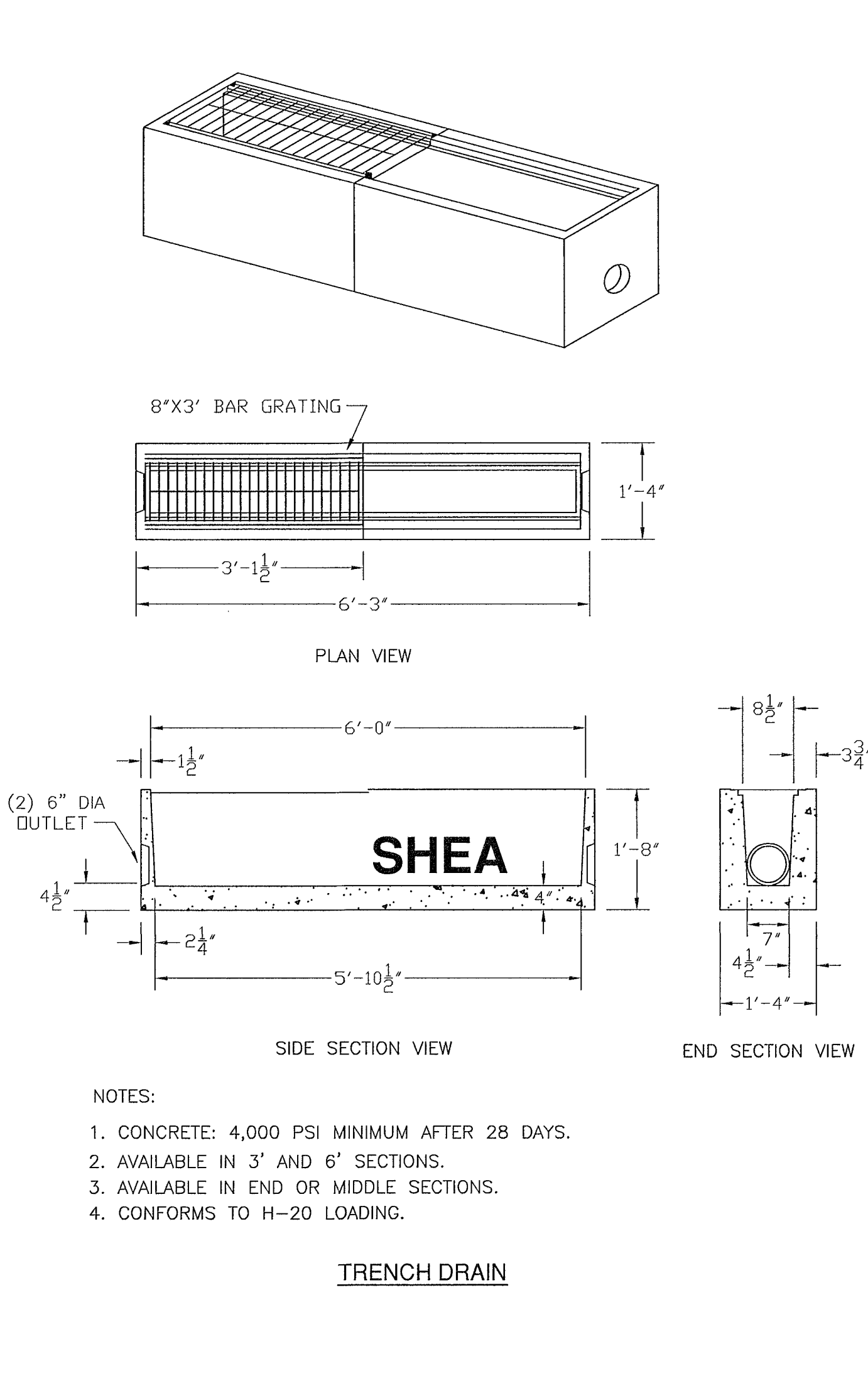
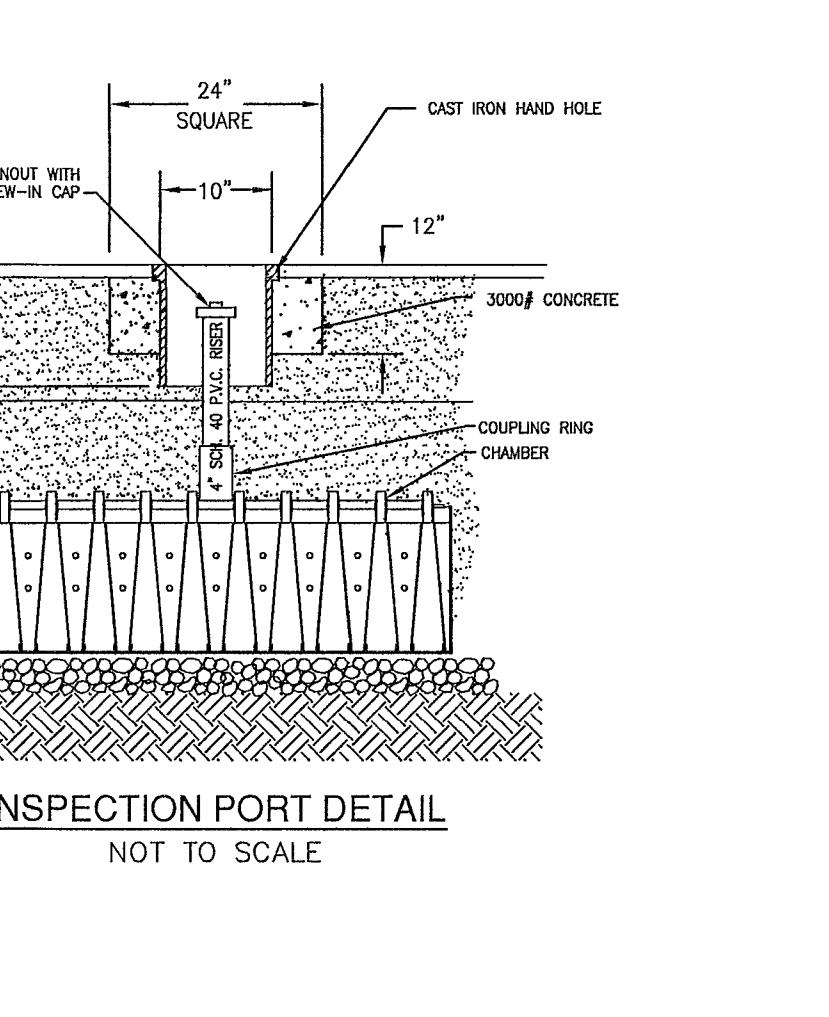
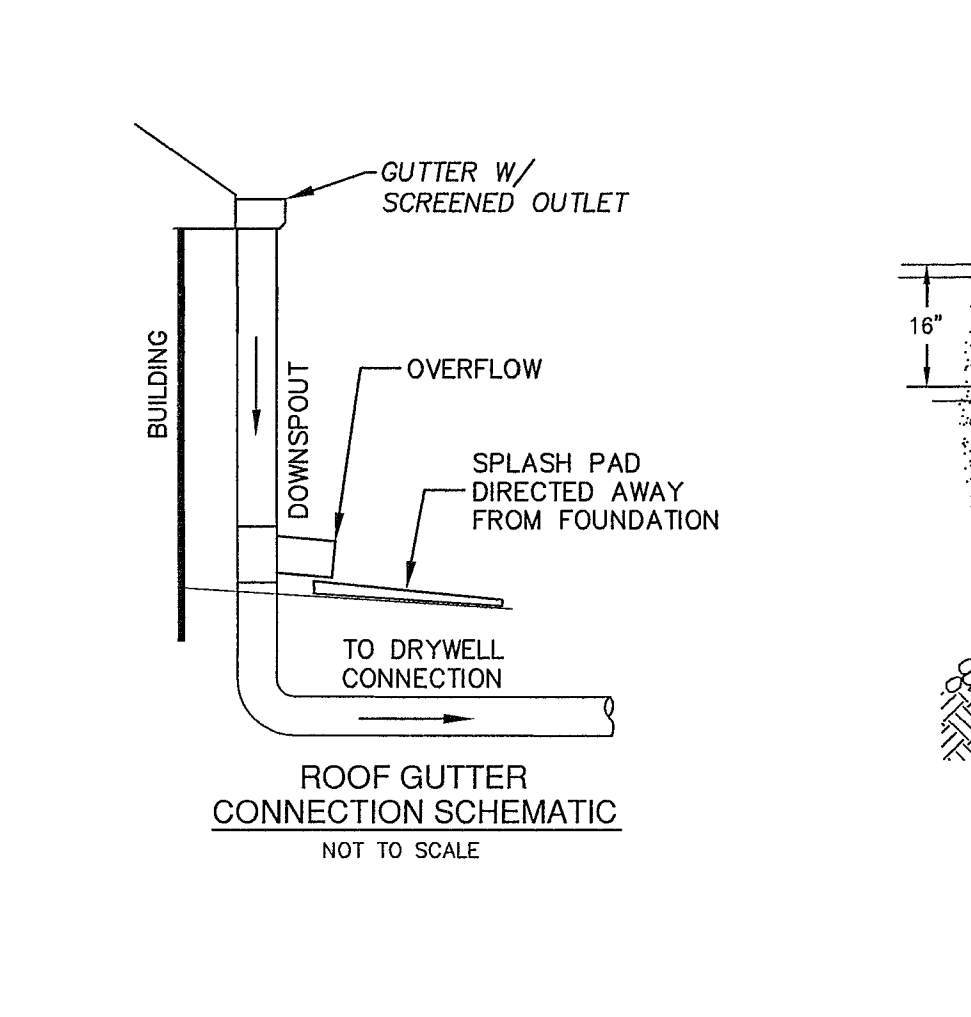
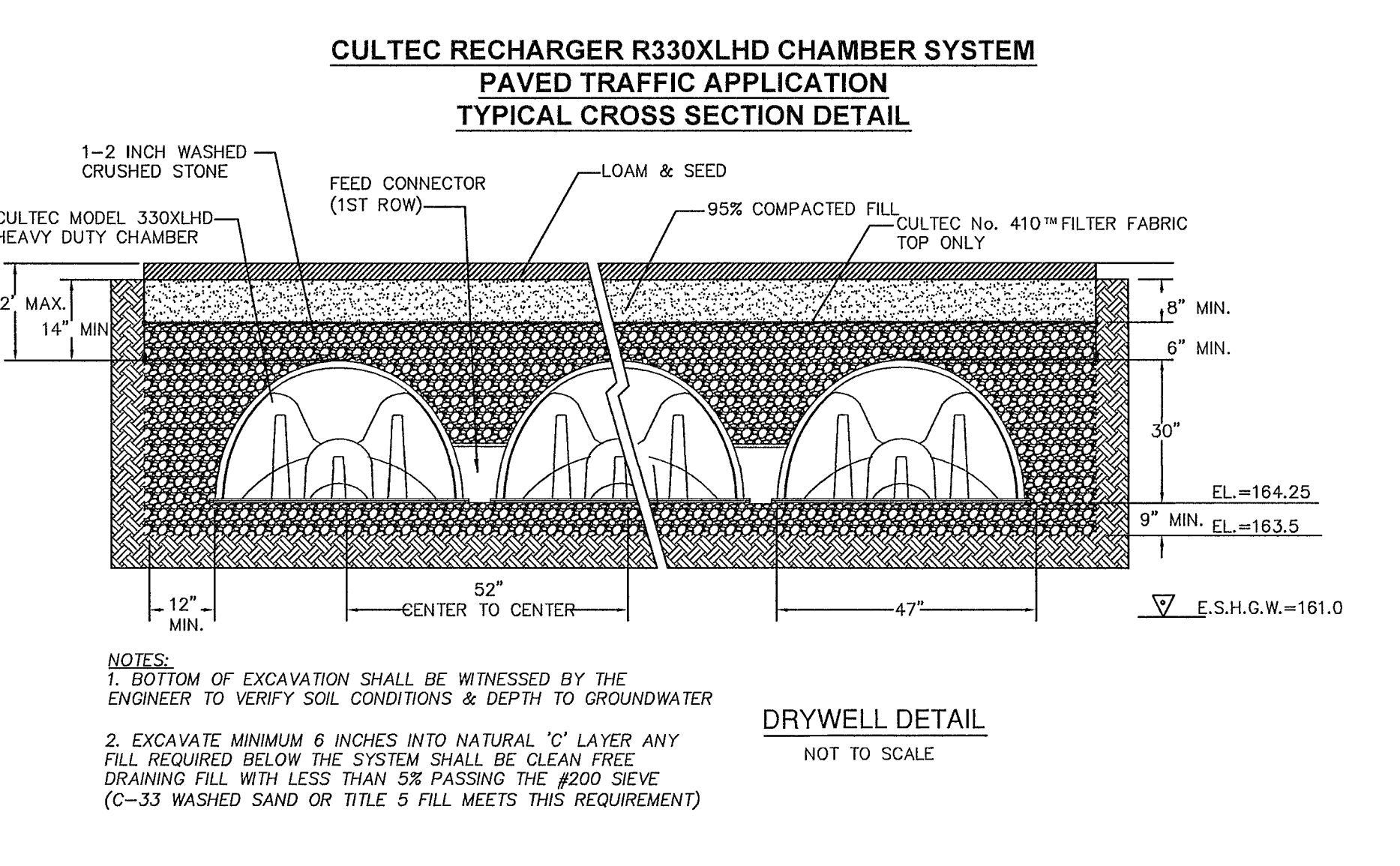
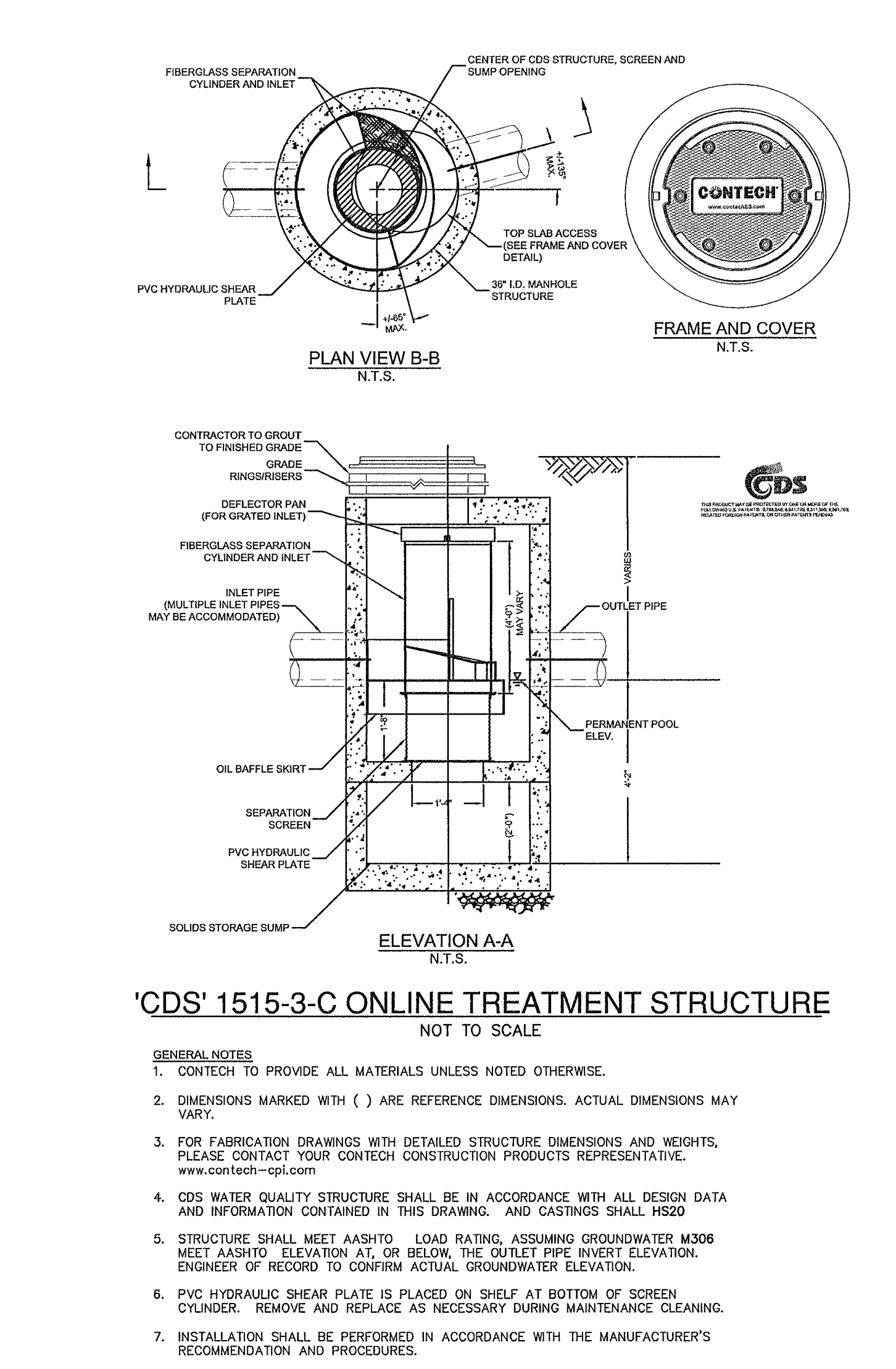
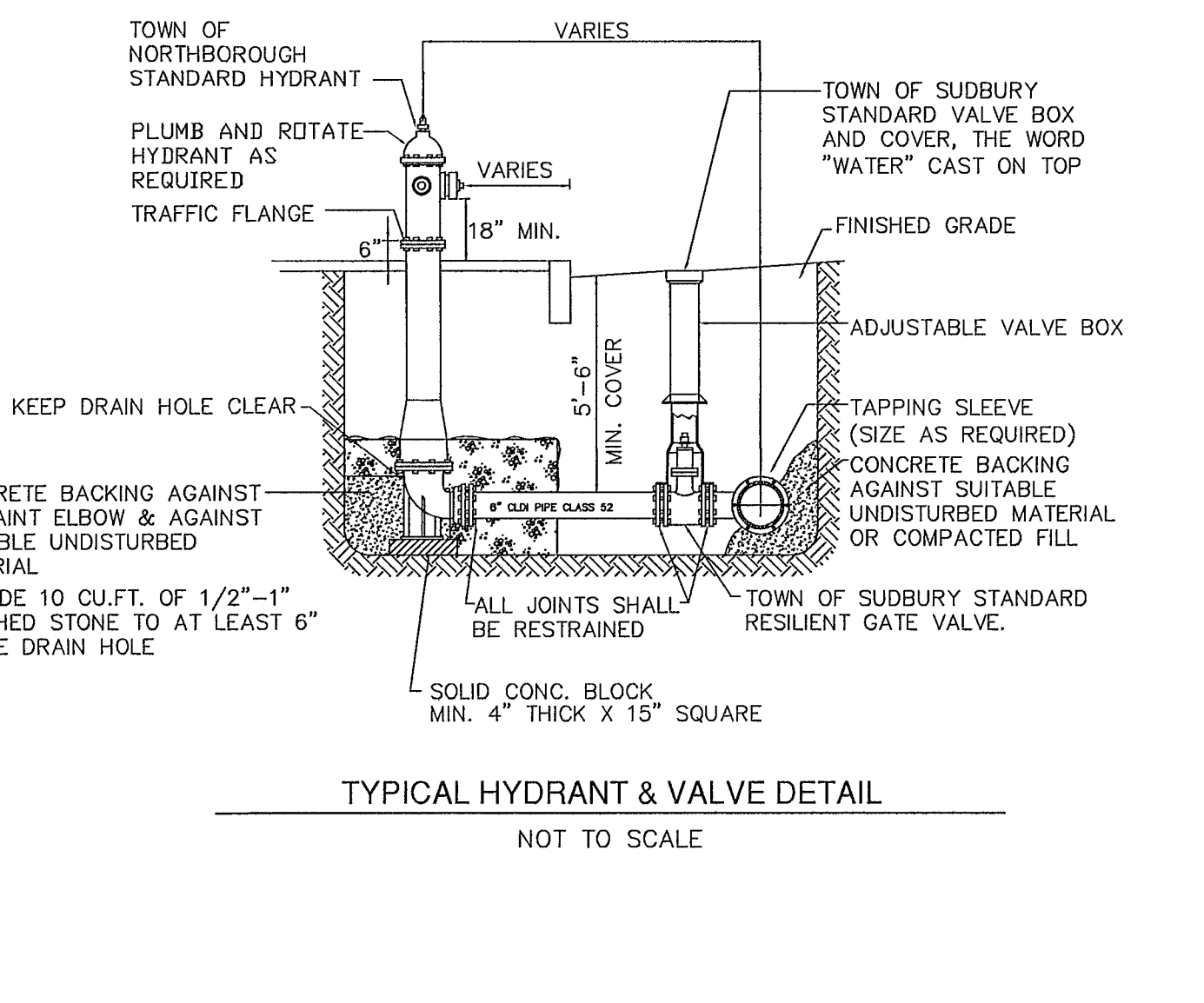
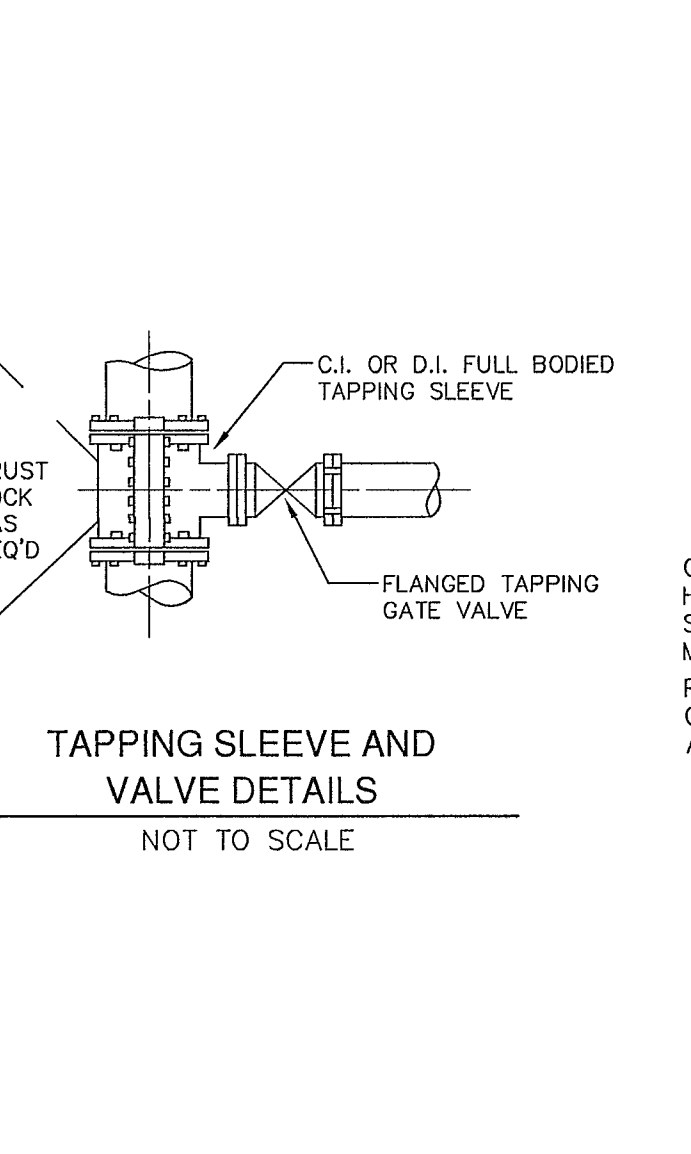
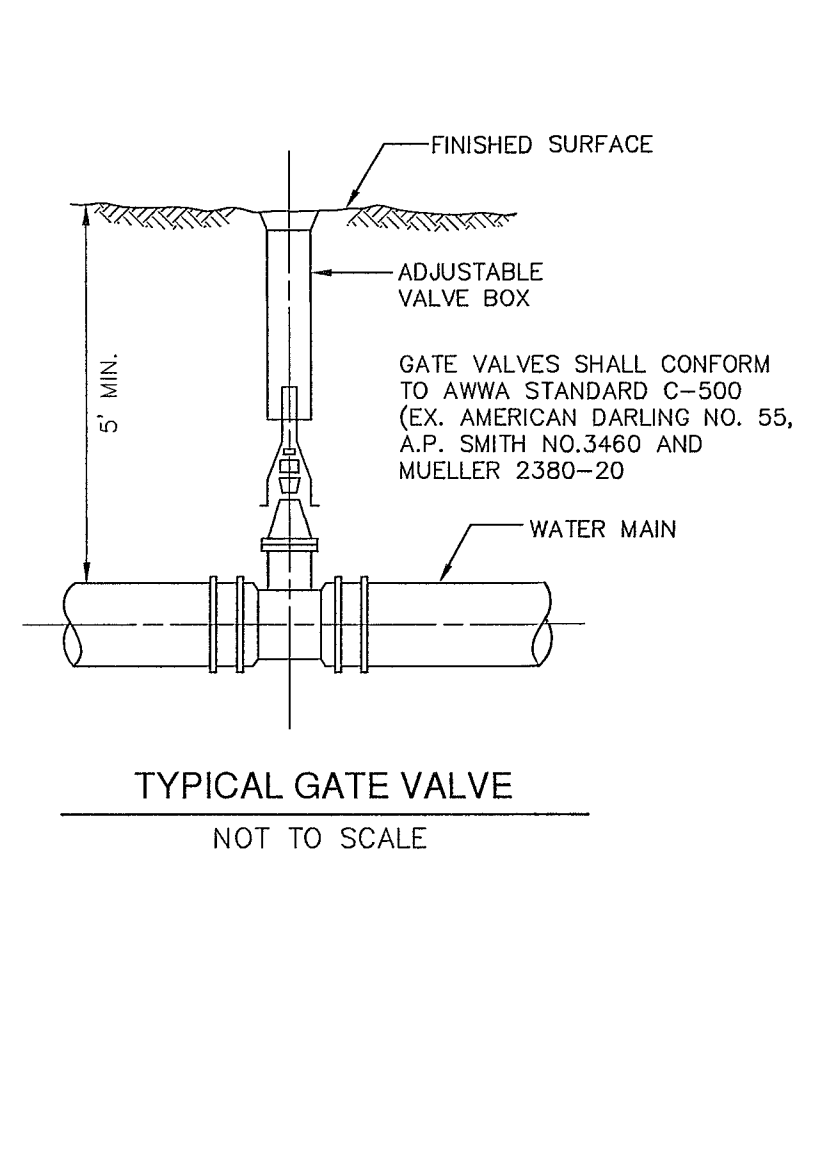
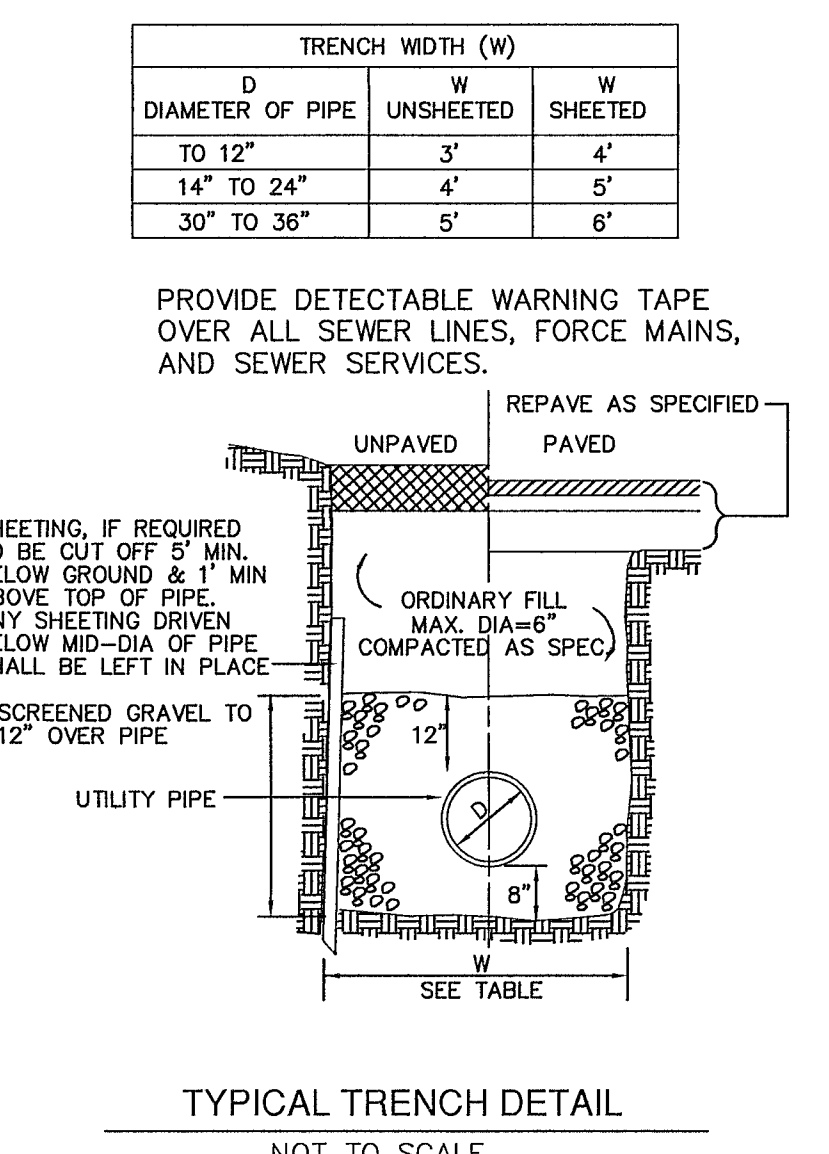
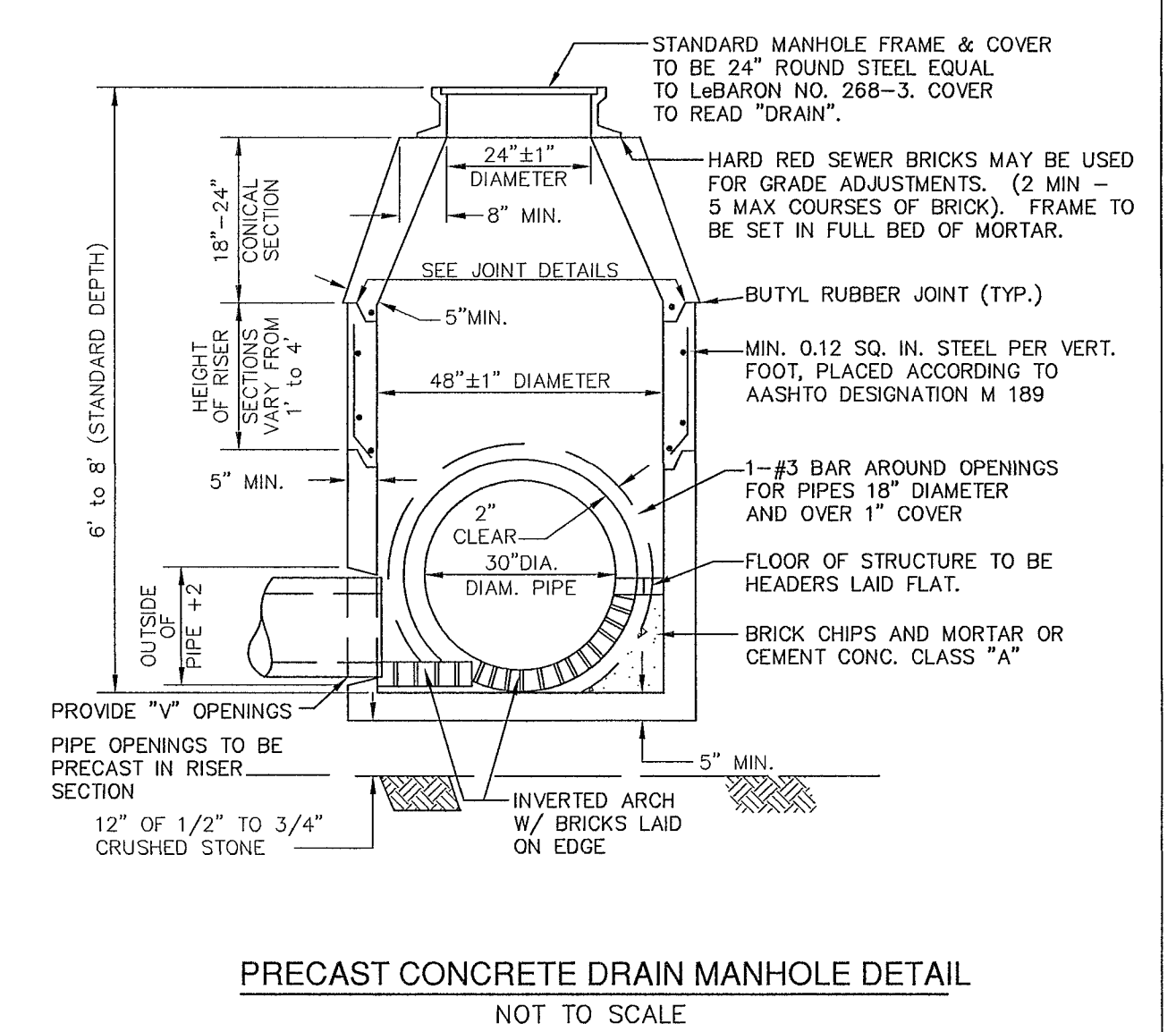
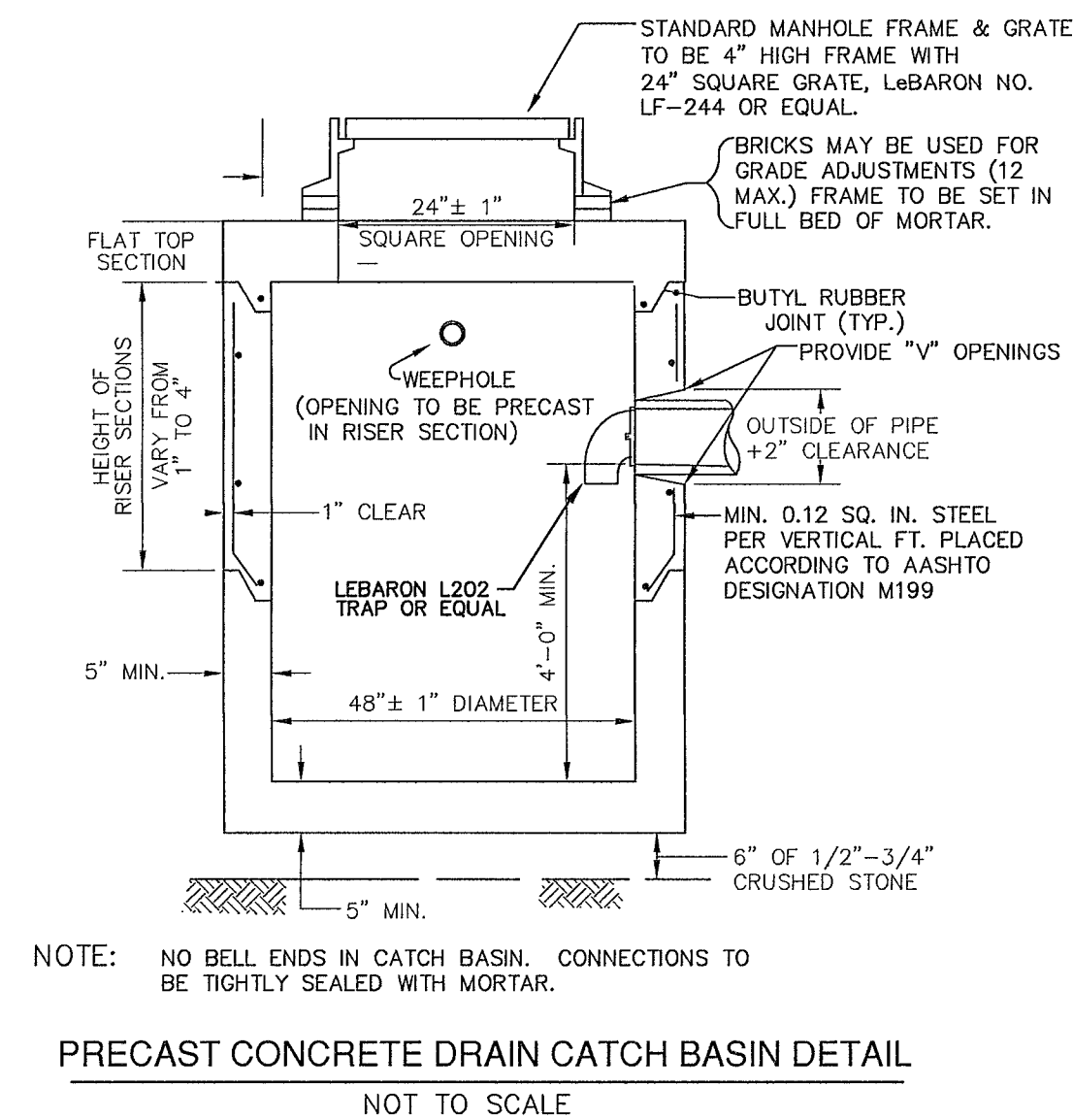
OWNERS:
JOEL & MONOSHINI GORDON

CONNORSTONE ENGINEERING INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS
10 SOUTHWEST CUTOFF, SUITE 7
NORTHBOROUGH, MASSACHUSETTS 01532
PHONE: 508-393-9727
121 BOSTON POST ROAD
SUDBURY, MASSACHUSETTS 01776
PHONE: 978-443-9566

PROPOSED SITE PLAN
OF
502 CONCORD ROAD
IN
SUDBURY, MA



9/20/2023	REVISED SITE LAYOUT AND BUILDING
DRAWN BY: REM	CHECK BY: VC
DATE: JUNE 1, 2023	
UTILITY LAYOUT PLAN	
SCALE: 1"=20'	SHEET 4 OF 6.



APPROVED BY:
SUDBURY PLANNING BOARD

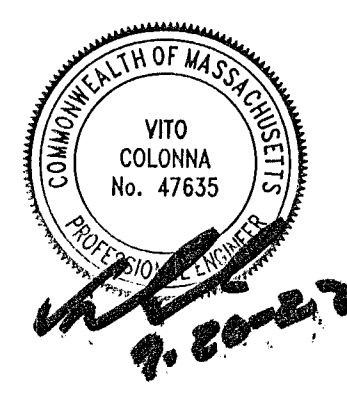
DATE:

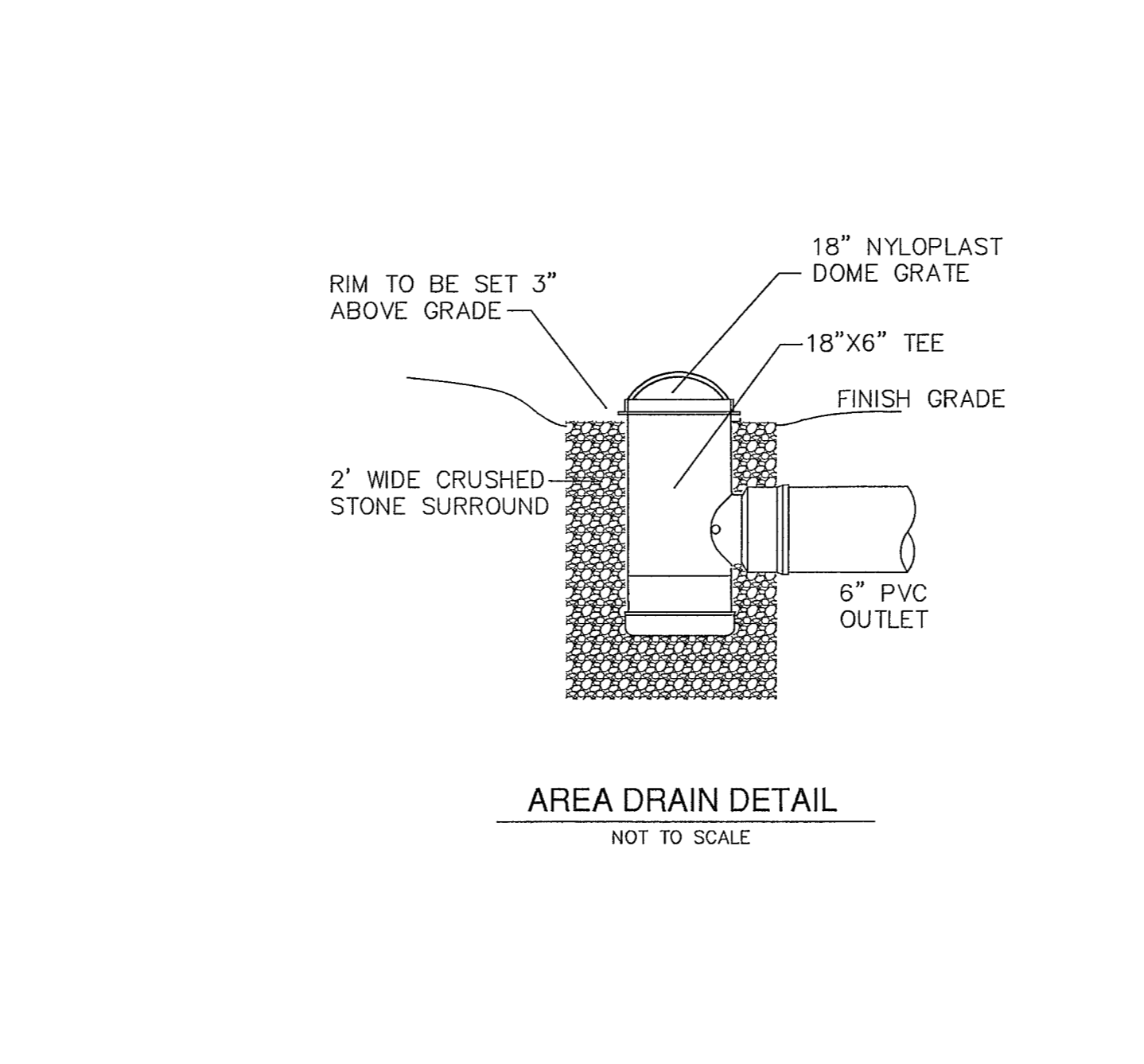
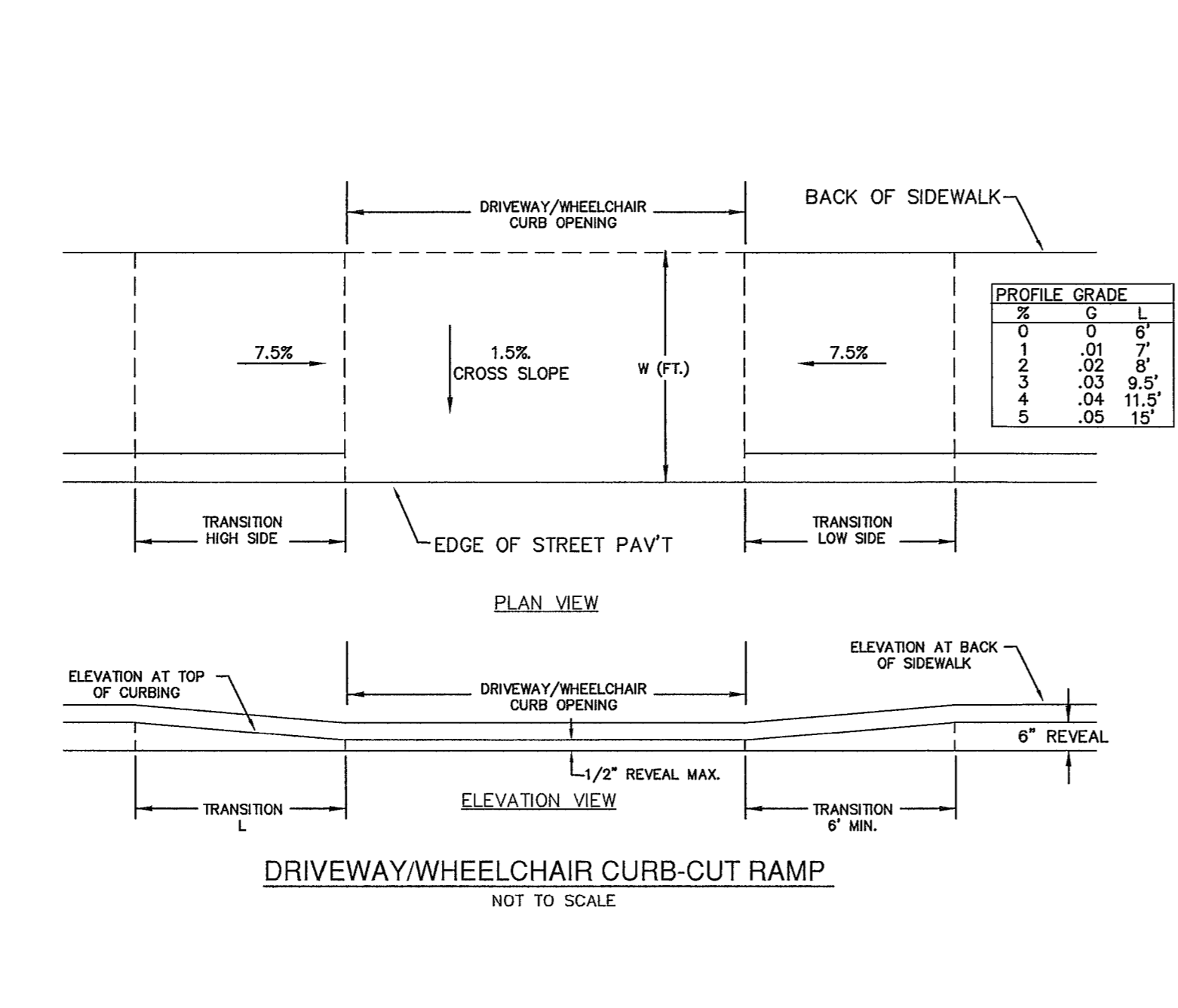
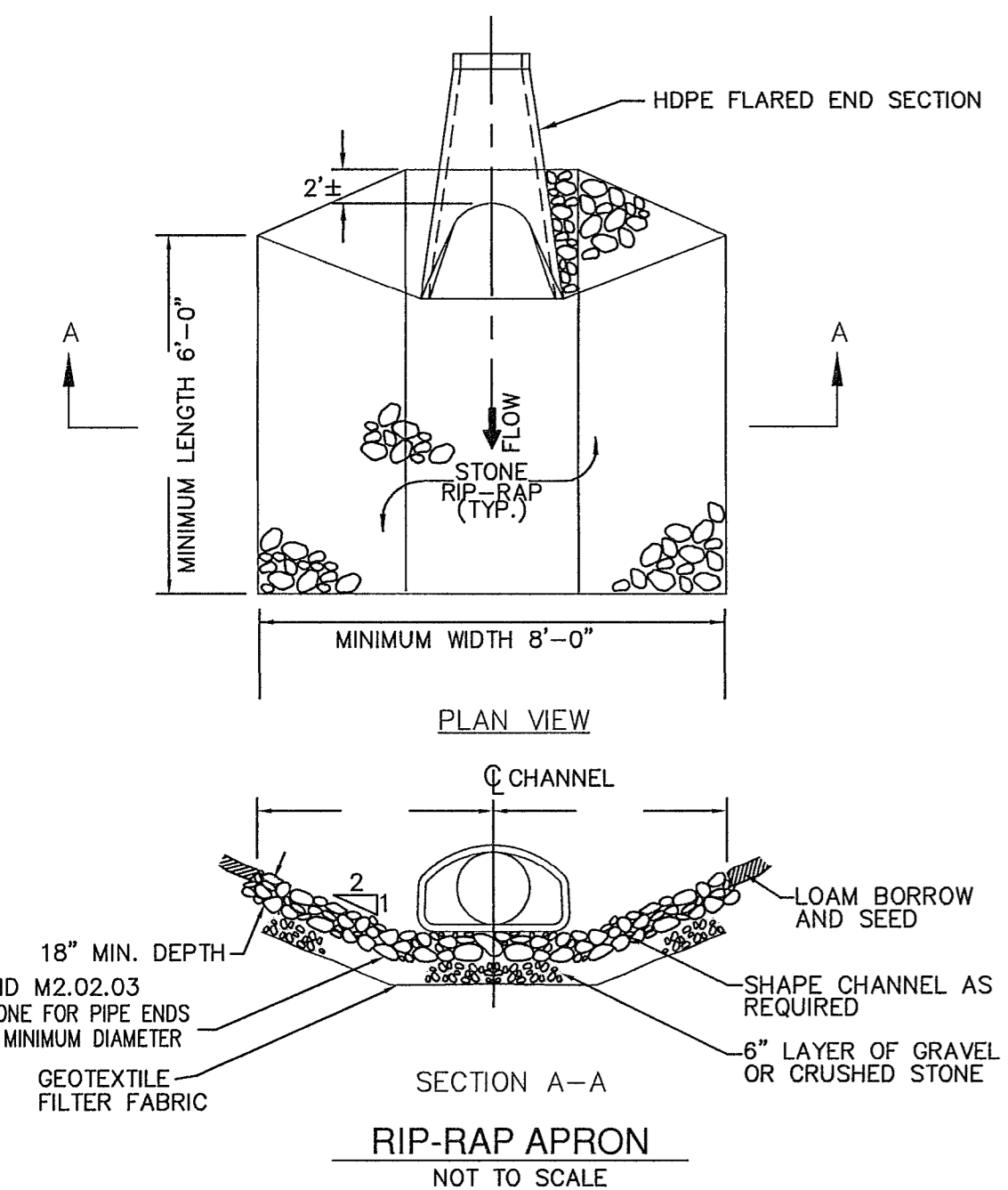
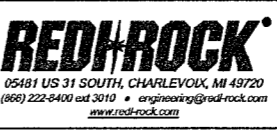
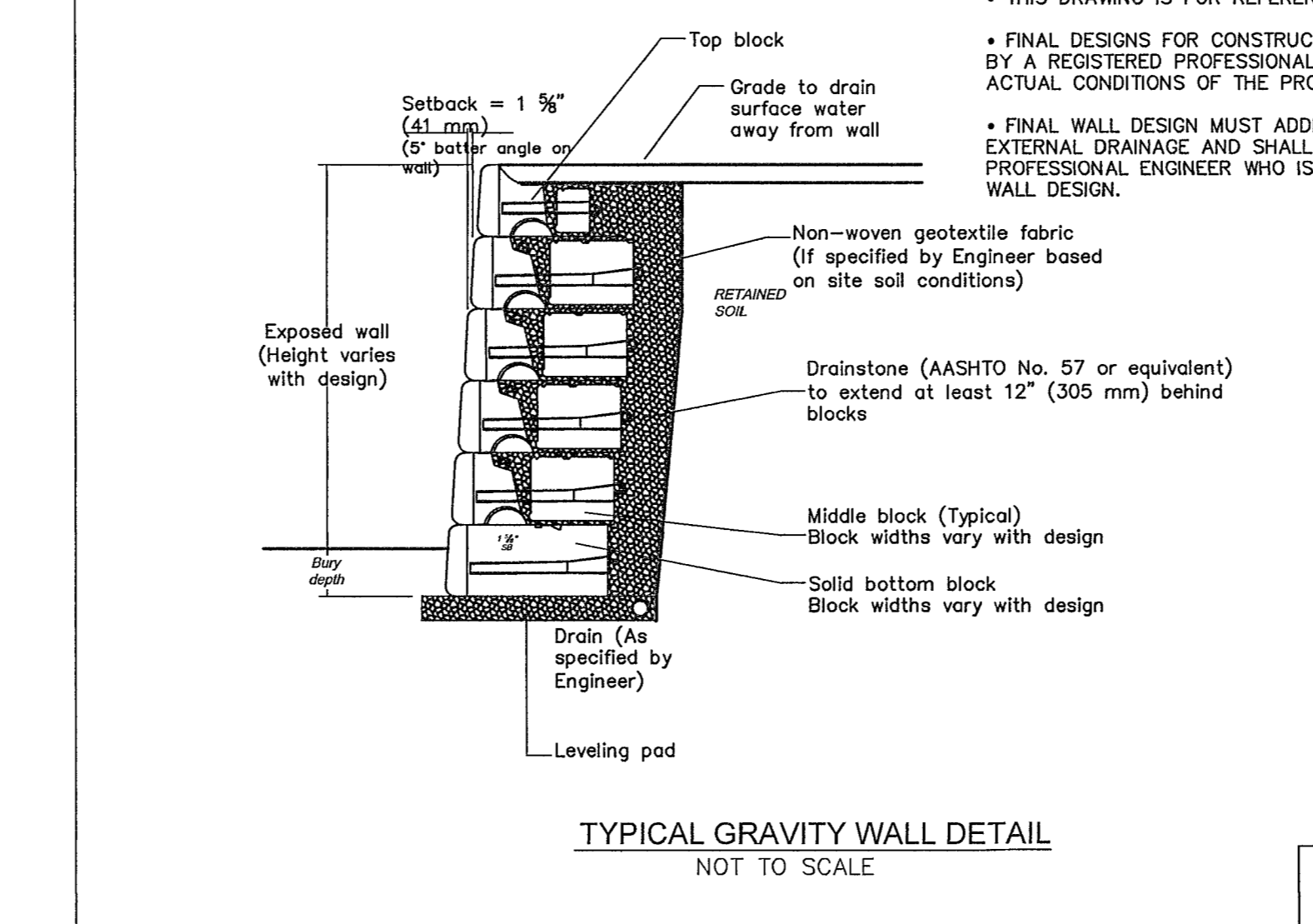
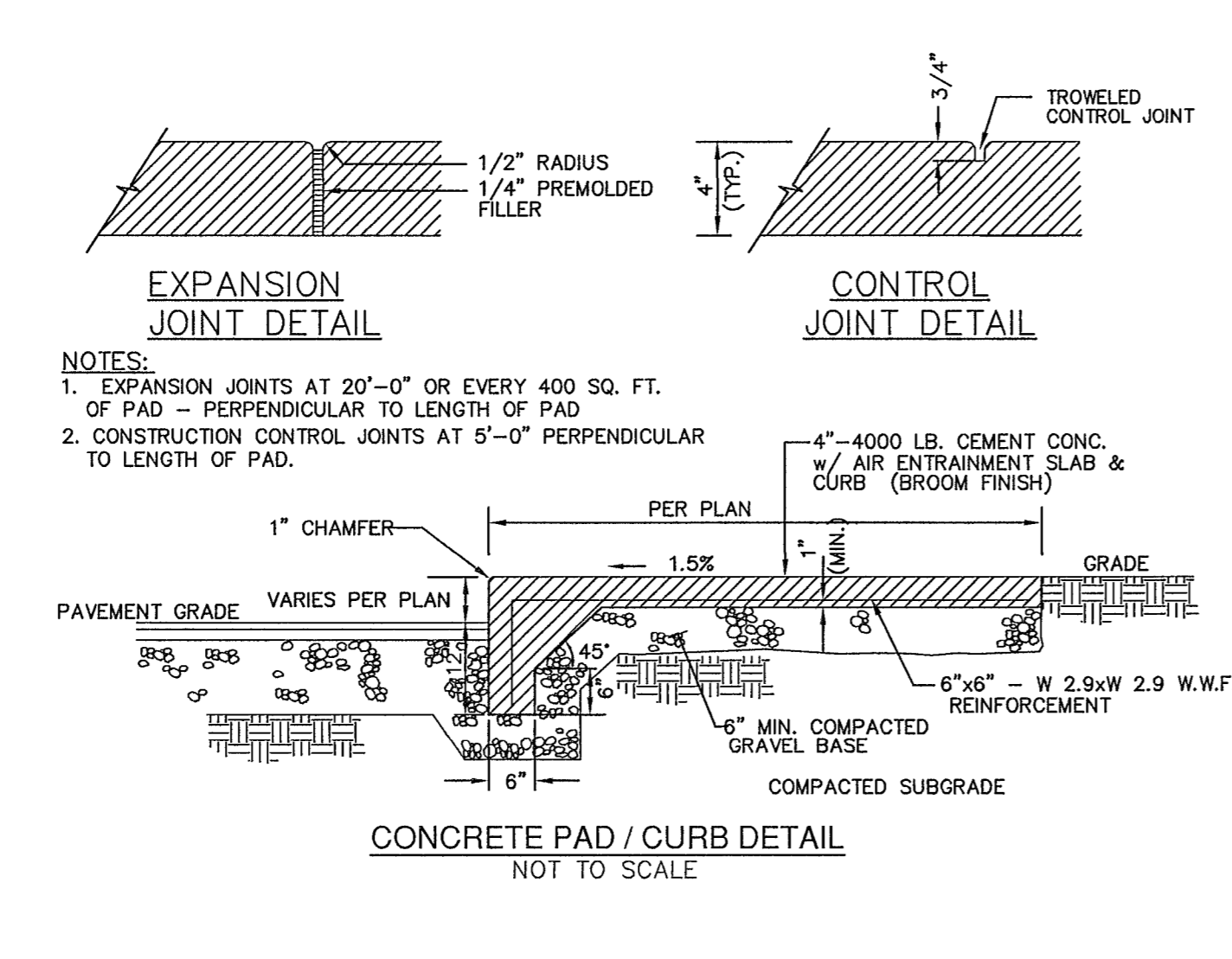
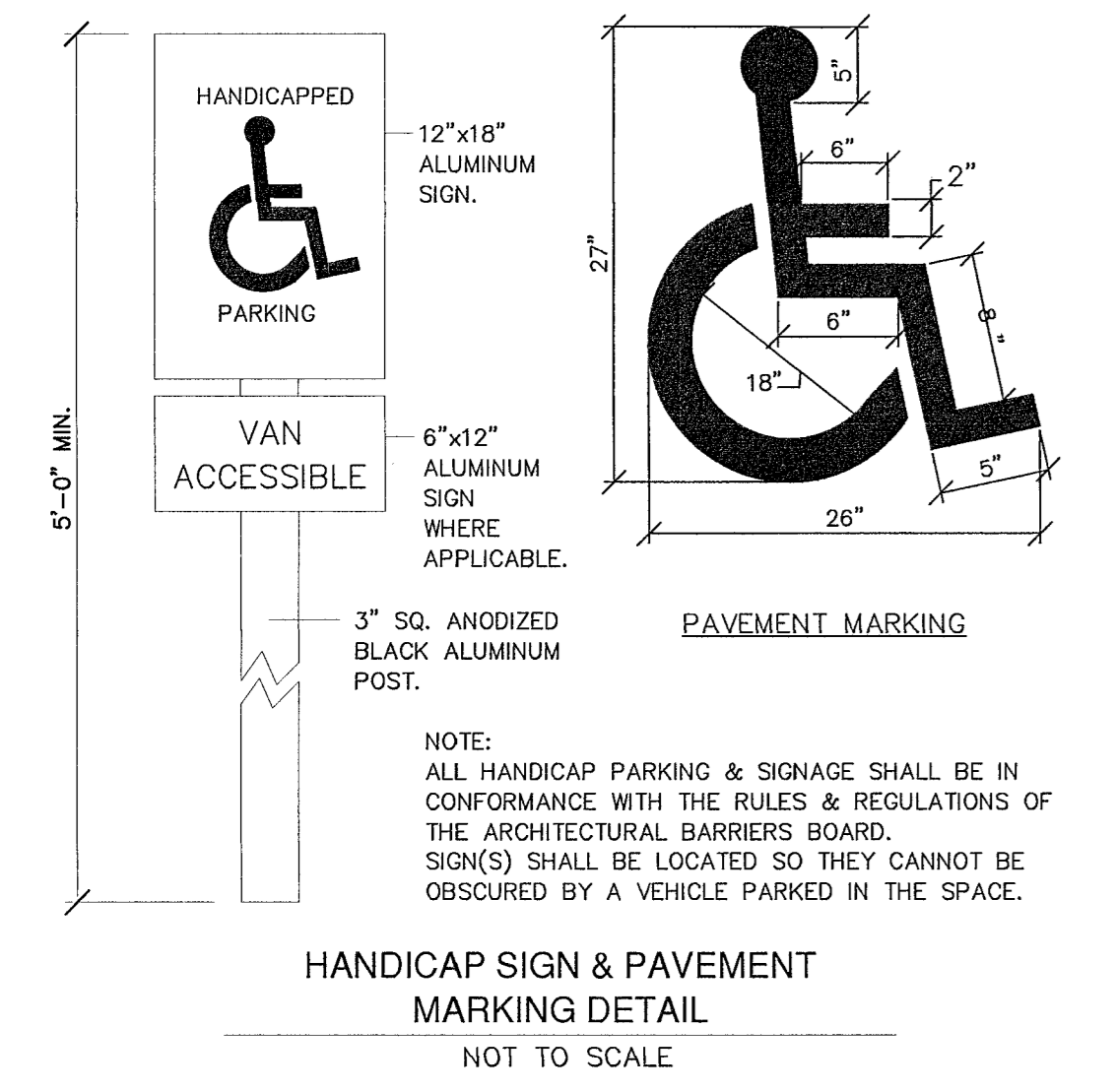
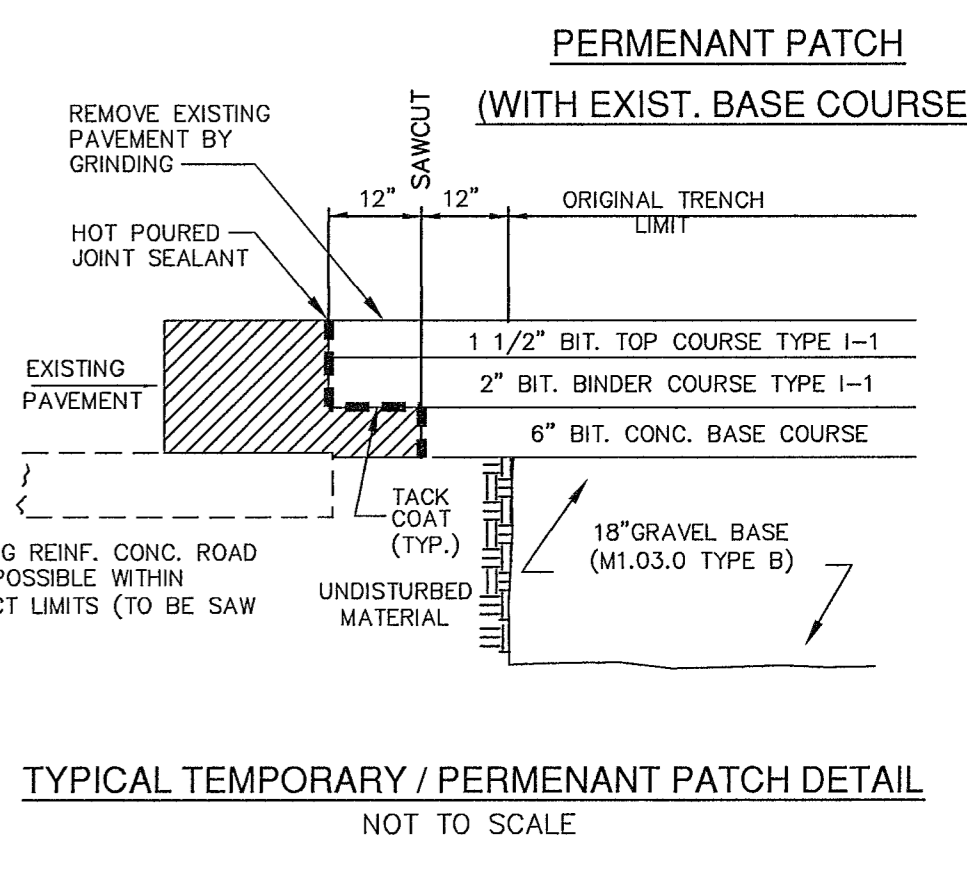
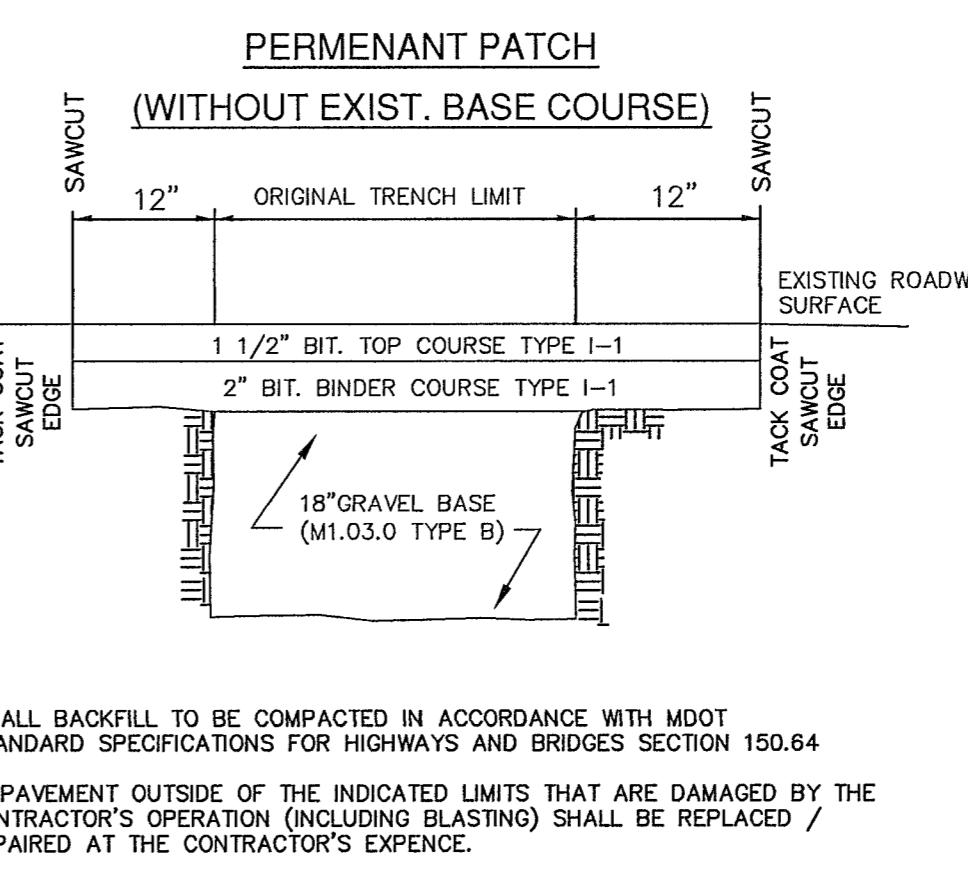
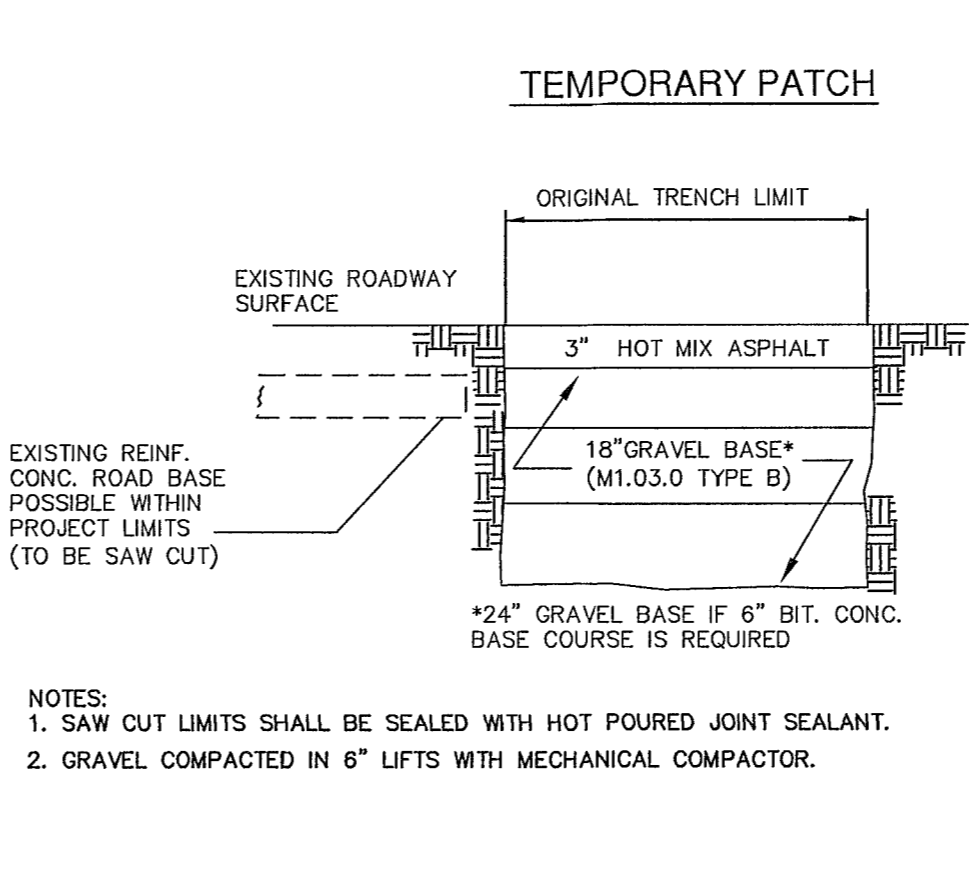
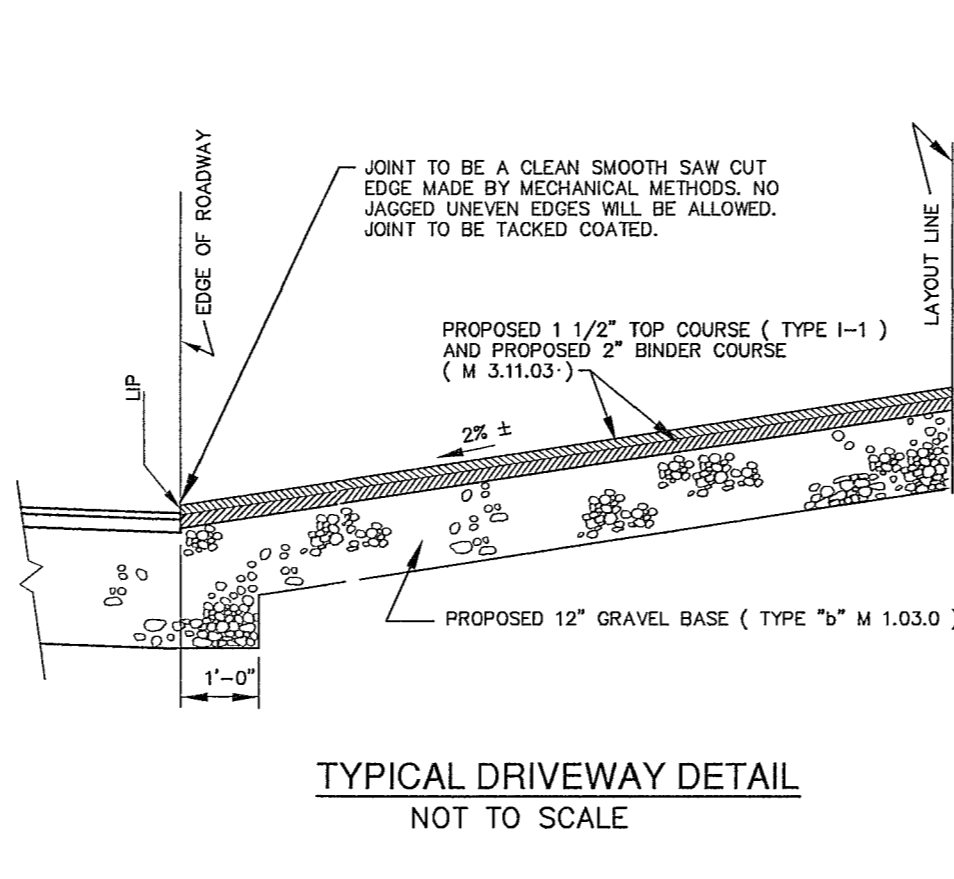
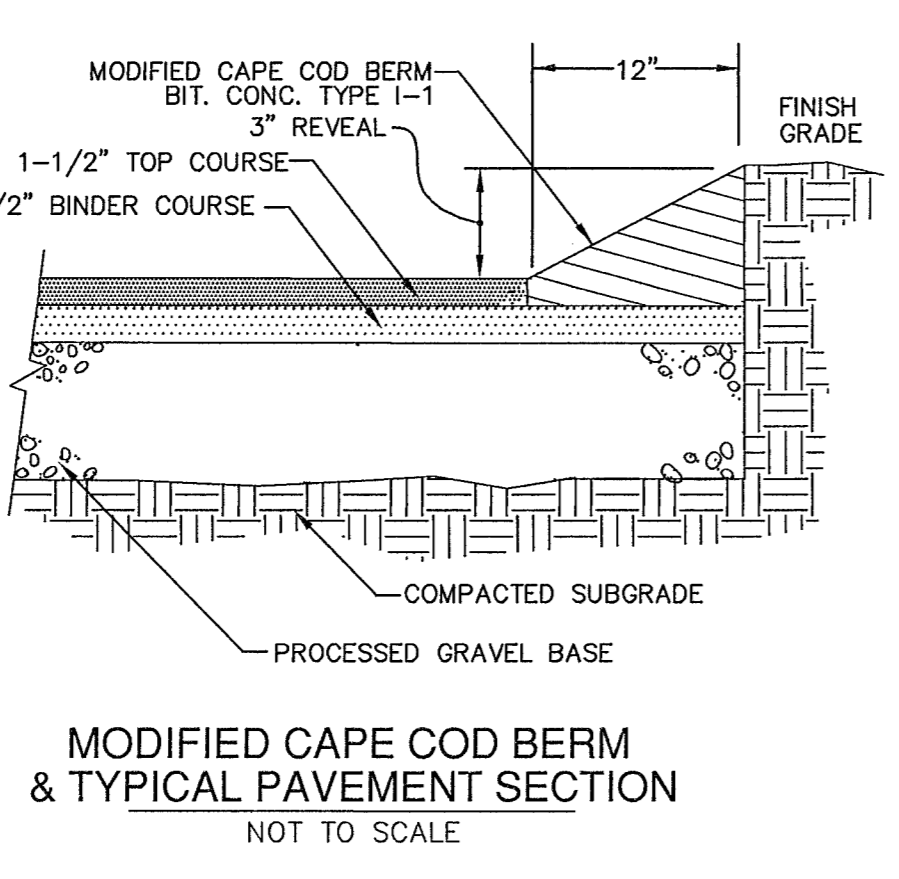
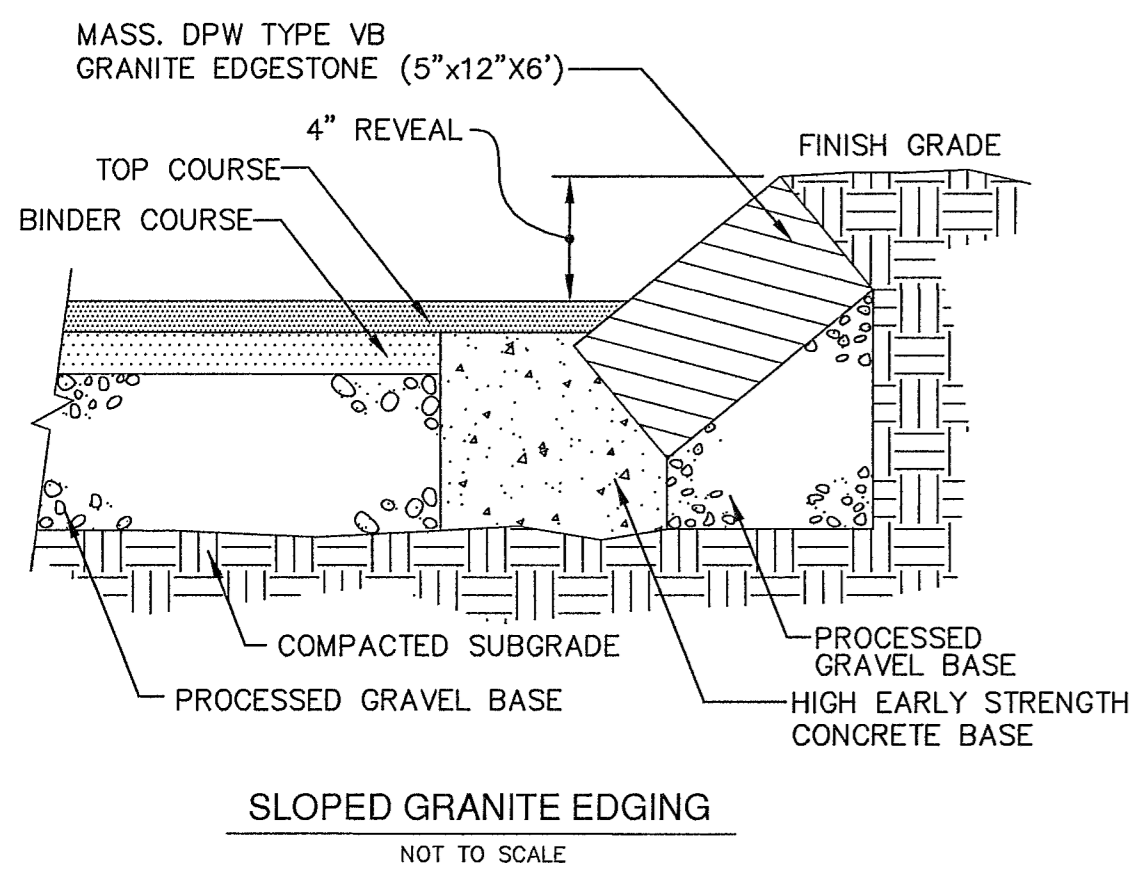
OWNER:
JOEL & MONOSHINI GORDON

CONNORSTONE ENGINEERING INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS
10 SOUTHWEST CUTOFF, SUITE 7
NORTHBOROUGH, MASSACHUSETTS 01532
PHONE: 508-393-9727 FAX: 508-393-5242

PROJECT:
PROPOSED SITE PLAN OF 502 CONCORD ROAD IN SUDBURY, MA

9-20-23	REVISED SITE LAYOUT
REVISED:	DESCRIPTION:
DRAWN BY: REM	CHECK BY: VC
DATE: JUNE 1, 2023	
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	
SCALE: NONE	SHEET 5 OF 6.





APPROVED BY:
SUDBURY PLANNING BOARD

DATE: _____

OWNER:
JOEL & MONOSHINI GORDON

CONNORSTONE ENGINEERING INC.
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND LAND SURVEYORS
10 SOUTHWEST CUTOFF, SUITE 7
NORTHBOROUGH, MASSACHUSETTS 01532
PHONE: 508-393-9727 FAX: 508-393-5242

PROJECT:
PROPOSED SITE PLAN
OF
502 CONCORD ROAD
IN
SUDBURY, MA

9-20-23	REVISED SITE LAYOUT
REVISED:	DESCRIPTION:
DRAWN BY: REM	CHECK BY: VC
DATE: JUNE 1, 2023	
CONSTRUCTION DETAILS	
SCALE: NONE	SHEET 6 OF 6.

