MassDEP Bordering Vegetated Wetland (310 CMR 10.55) Delineation Field Data Form ATTACHMENT 4-a

Applicant: Alegra & Mark Aquino Prepared by: Wetland Strategies & Solutions, LLC Project location: 14 Tall Pine Drive, Sudbury, MA DEP File #: N/A Date: 06/06/2018

Check all that apply:

- ✔ Vegetation alone presumed adequate to delineate BVW boundary: fill out Section I only
- □ Vegetation and other indicators of hydrology used to delineate BVW boundary: fill out Sections I and II
- ☐ Method other than dominance test used (attach additional information)

Section I. Riparian BVW area along stream channel is too narrow for a traditional circular plot; meander survey to visually estimate dominant plant community species.

Vegetation: Dominants Only	Observation Plot Number: meander W		Transect Number: meander W	Date of Delineation: 05/23/2018	
A. Sample Layer & Plant Species	B. Percent Cover	C. % Dominance	D. Dominant Plant (yes or no)	E. Wetland Indicator Category*	
Trees Eastern white pine (<i>Pinus strobus</i>) Black cherry (<i>Prunus serotina</i>) Red maple (<i>Acer rubrum</i>) American elm (<i>Ulmus americana</i>)		Yes Yes Yes Yes	FACU FACU FAC* FACW*		
Saplings / Shrubs Choke cherry (Prunus virginiana) Red oak (Quercus rubra) Red maple European buckthorn (Rhamnus cathartic) Multiflora rose (Rosa multiflora) Beaked hazelnut (Corylus cornuta) American elm Highbush blueberry (Vaccinium corymbosum)			Yes	FACU FACU FAC* FACU FACU FACW* FACW*	
Herbs / Climbing Vines Canada mayflower (Maianthemum canadense) Red maple Jewelweed (Impatiens capensis) New York fern (Parathelypteris novaboracensis) Eastern poison ivy (Toxicodendron radicans) Asian bittersweet (Celastrus orbiculatus) Starflower (Trientalis borealis) Cinnamon fern (Osmundastrum cinnomomeum) Skunk cabbage (Symplocarpus foetidus)			Yes	FACU FAC* FACW* FAC* UPL FAC* FACW* OBL*	

^{*} Use an asterisk to mark wetland indicator plants: plant species listed in the Wetlands Protection Act (MGL c.131, s.40); plants in the genus Sphagnum; plants listed as FAC, FACH, FACW-, FACW+, or OBL; or plants with physiological or morphological adaptations. If any plants are identified as wetland indicator plants due to physiological or morphological adaptations, describe the adaptation next to the asterisk.

Vegetation conclusion:

Number of dominant wetland indicator plants: 13

Number of dominant non-wetland indicator plants: 8

Is the number of dominant wetland plants equal to or greater than the number of dominant non-wetland plants? Yes

If vegetation alone is presumed adequate to delineate the BVW boundary, submit this form with the Request for Determination of Applicability or Notice of Intent

Section II. Indicators of Hydrology		Other Indicators of Hydrology: (check all that apply & describe)				
Hydria Sail Interpretation N/A		□ Site Inundated:				
Hydric Soil Interpretation N/A			Depth to free water in observation hole:			
1. Soil Survey			□ Depth to soil saturation in observation hole:			
Is there a published soil survey for this site? ye title/date:	es no		Water marks:			
map number: soil type mapped:			Drift lines:			
hydric soil inclusions:			Sediment Deposits:			
Are field observations consistent with soil survey? yes Remarks:	no		Drainage patterns in BVW:			
			Oxidized rhizospheres:			
		٥	Vater-stained leaves:			
2. Soil Description Horizon Depth Matrix Color Mottles Color			Recorded Data (streams, lake, or tidal gauge; aerial photo; other):			
Wottles Color			Other:			
Remarks:	Vegetation	on and Hy	drology Conclusion			
Kemarks.	Number of	Number of wetland indicator plants > # of non-wetland indicator plants		Yes	No	
	•			XX		
3. Other:	Wetland h	Wetland hydrology present:				
Conclusion: Is soil hydric? yes no	Ну	Hydric soil present				
	Otl	Other indicators of hydrology present				
	Sample lo	Sample location is in a BVW				

Submit this form with the Request for Determination of Applicability or Notice of Intent.