## Attorney John Sofis Scheft & Law Enforcement Dimensions present

## **Marijuana Consequences in Massachusetts**

Don't believe the hype. Legalization and medical marijuana are not invitations for youth use or adult misconduct. Know the facts		
Behavior	Law	Potential Penalty
<b>Sell, or intend to sell,</b> <i>any</i> <b>amount of marijuana</b> <i>anywhere Only</i> a business in possession of a CCC issued license may sell.	94C, § 32C	Immediate <u>arrest</u> & up to 2 years in jail, and/or fine up to \$5,000.1
Sell, or intend to sell, <i>any</i> marijuana within 300' of a school or within 100' of a public park	94C, § 32J	Immediate <u>arrest</u> & <i>mandatory minimum</i> 2 years in jail, and fine up to \$10,000.
Illegal gift is criminal distribution Legal gift=(1) age 21-to-21 transfer; (2) 1 oz (5 grams concentrate) or less; (3) for no value — e.g., barter, delayed, sham transaction;	94C, § 32C	Immediate <u>arrest</u> & up to 2 years in jail, and/or fine up to \$5,000.  [Chapter 55 of Acts of 2017, § 52 warns that any gift of marijuana or
and (4) no advertising or promotion. 94G, § 7(a)(4).  Sell, or intend to sell, paraphernalia to youth under 21  [This includes pipes, bongs, grow lamps or other devices.]	94C, § 32I	products in conjunction with sale of another item is criminal.]  Immediate <u>arrest</u> & up to 2 years in jail, and/or fine up to \$5,000. [Actual sale to minor under 18 is a felony of up to 5 years in prison.]
Social host law  Any person of any age may not intentionally supply, provide or allow (i.e., consciously aware of activity on property) marijuana, marijuana products or accessories (i.e., paraphernalia) to anyone under 21 for their or another's use. Only exceptions are child or	94G, § 13(i)	Arrest for breach in presence; otherwise complaint application. Up to 1 year in jail, and/or fine up to \$2,000.  [Note: <i>Comm. v. Kneram,</i> 63 Mass. App. Ct. 371 (2005) (offender may be a minor for social host violation). Also, 94G, § 2(b) prohibits any "knowing transfer" of marijuana, products or assessories to appear and or 21 with page.
grandchild on premises owned or controlled by suspect; or sale or delivery of medical marijuana pursuant to G.L. Chapter 94I.		transfer" of marijuana, products or accessories to anyone under 21 with no qualifications or exemptions.]
Homemade marijuana concentrate  No one may process marijuana with a flammable liquid or gas to create "dabs" or any other concentrate or product. Only exceptions are products made with alcohol or CCC manufacturing license. 94G, § 2(c).	94C, § 32C	Immediate <u>arrest</u> & up to 2 years in jail, and/or fine up to \$5,000.  [Note: 94C, § 1 does not allow criminal prosecution of an individual who prepares a controlled substance for his own use only.]
<ul> <li>Criminal cultivation of marijuana at any age</li> <li>Even 1 plant is a crime if not at primary residence; or</li> <li>If growing 13 or more plants at residence. 94G, § 7.</li> <li>[Note: Medical marijuana cultivation registration is arguably no defense to 13 or more plants because medical exemption allows only enough plants to grow 10 ounces or a 60 day supply continuously.]</li> </ul>	94C, § 32C	<ul> <li>Immediate <u>arrest</u> &amp; up to 2 years in jail, and/or fine up to \$5,000.</li> <li>Other civil cultivation offenses:</li> <li>Visible homegrow to naked eye from public place \$300 civil ticket and forfeit visible plants. 94G, § 13(a);</li> <li>1-6 plants at residence legal if adult [if 7-12, then \$100 civil ticket and forfeit excess plants. 94G, § 13(e)];</li> <li>7-12 plants legal if at least 2 adults; may never have more than 12.</li> <li>1-12 plants at residence — if under 21, \$100 civil ticket + education class; if not complete class &amp; under 17, then delinquency. 94G, § 13(h).</li> </ul>

<sup>1</sup> For any potential jail sentence, if the youth is under 18, the sentence is served at a Department of Youth Services (DYS) facility, alternative placement, or through some probation arrangement. Minors under 18 are not sentenced to adult jails. Those individuals 18 and over are considered adults and may be incarcerated.

Law	Potential Penalty
90, § 24	Immediate <u>arrest</u> & 2 years probation + education program + license suspension of <i>at least</i> 90 days and probably 1 year + fines and fees of <i>at least</i> \$500. <i>Comm. v. Gerhardt,</i> SJC September 2017 ("roadside assessments" may show driver's lack of balance, reflex, and mental clarity as a result of marijuana).
94G, § 13(d)	\$500 civil ticket may be issued to the driver and/or passengers of any age. <sup>2</sup> [Odor, smoke or visible signs of use sufficient to stop vehicle. This law overrules <i>Comm. v. Rodriguez</i> , 472 Mass. 767 (2015).]
94C, § 32L	If 18, 19 or 20: <u>\$100 civil ticket</u> .
	If under 18: \$100 civil ticket + 4 hour drug class + 10 hours of community service. If fail to complete, then fine increases to \$1,000 and is assessed against parents too, plus case may be filed in juvenile court. See 94C, § 32N.
94C, § 34	Immediate arrest & up to 6 months in jail, and/or \$500 fine.
94C, § 34	<ul> <li>Immediate <u>arrest</u> &amp; up to 6 months in jail, and/or \$500 fine.</li> <li>Other civil offense:</li> <li>Over 1 ounce (from any source) not properly secured in locked container. <u>\$100 civil ticket</u> and forfeit unsecured excess. 94G, § 13(b).</li> </ul>
71, § 37H	Suspension from school and other conditions imposed by administration.  This may be in addition to any other sixil or criminal penalty allowed by law.
9/16 8 13/6	This may be in addition to any other civil or criminal penalty allowed by law. \$100 civil ticket
3+0, <u>3</u> 13(0)	[Note: City ordinance enacted under 94C, § 32L may authorize arrest in presence for public consumption and \$300 fine. Town bylaw may not authorize arrest per Atty General, but may impose \$300 fine.]
266, § 120	Arrest if still on the premises when officer arrives; otherwise complaint application. This is trespassing, penalized by up to 30 days in jail, and/or fine up to \$100.
	90, § 24  94G, § 13(d)  94C, § 32L  94C, § 34  94C, § 37H  94G, § 13(c)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> All civil tickets must be written on a city ordinance or town bylaw ticket. The law does not allow the use of a motor vehicle citation. 94G, § 13(g).

<sup>3</sup> The possession of a valid medical marijuana card changes the rules related to possession significantly. See G.L. Chapter 94I and 105 CMR 725.000 et. seq.

<sup>4</sup> We strongly suggest that communities offer the class and monitor the service requirement through their local diversion program or another drug prevention organization.